

Converting Colors

CIELCh(55, 22.042, 47.526)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(55, 22.042, 47.526) contains.

CIELCh(55, 22.145, 48.464)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(55, 22.145, 48.464)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A67A68
RGB	166, 122, 104
RGB Percent	65%, 48%, 41%
CMY	0.3501, 0.5225, 0.5931
CMYK	0.00, 0.27, 0.37, 0.35
HSL	17°, 26%, 53%
HSV	17°, 37%, 65%
XYZ	25.0842, 22.9298, 16.1357
YIQ	133.1040, 32.0020, 3.7300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

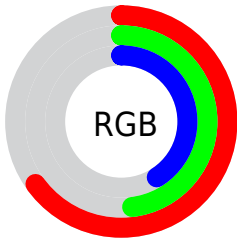
Format	Color
R_{YB}	166, 129, 104
Decimal	10910312
CIE Lab	55.00, 14.68, 16.58
CIE LCh	55, 22.145, 48.464
Yxy	22.9298, 0.3910, 0.3574
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289100392 (0xFFA67A68)
YUV	133.1040, -14.3483, 28.8498
Hunter-Lab	47.8851, 9.7069, 13.5408

Details

The CIELCh color $55, 22.145, 48.464$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $59, 17.540, 234.174$, and the grayscale version is $56, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $75, 22.046, 49.597$, and $35, 21.921, 48.250$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52, 29.171, 48.198$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $58, 15.604, 48.853$.

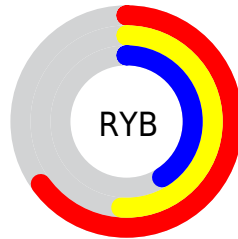
Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (48%)

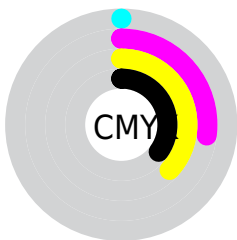
Blue (41%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (41%)

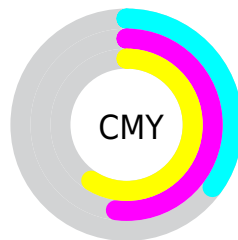


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (37%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (35%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 55, 22.145, 48.464 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 55, 22.145, 48.464 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 55, 22.145, 48.464

■ 55, 22.145, 48.464

■ 100, 22.145,
48.464

■ 45, 22.145, 48.464

■ 75, 22.145, 48.464

■ 35, 22.145, 48.464

■ 85, 22.145, 48.464

■ 25, 22.145, 48.464

■ 95, 22.145, 48.464

■ 15, 22.145, 48.464

■ 5, 22.145, 48.464

■ 0, 22.145, 48.464

■ 55, 22.145, 48.464

■ 55, 22.145, 48.464

■ 52, 29.171, 48.198

■ 58, 15.604, 48.853

■ 49, 36.667, 48.052

■ 62, 9.535, 49.321

46, 44.549, 48.021

65, 3.903, 49.811

43, 52.594, 48.029

69, 1.332, 230.867

41, 60.298, 47.863

73, 6.212, 231.250

39, 66.866, 47.232

76, 10.778,
231.884

38, 68.622, 47.241

80, 15.067,
232.547

84, 19.114,
233.215

87, 22.949,
233.880

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55, 22.145, 48.464



59, 17.540, 234.174

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55, 22.145, 48.464



55, 22.145, 98.464



55, 22.145, 228.464



55, 22.145, 278.464

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55, 22.144, 48.470



81, 7.258, 49.632



52, 34.542, 336.285



42, 4.892, 49.568



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55, 22.144, 48.470



67, 33.923, 48.233



63, 27.452, 94.989



33, 2.970, 49.727



33, 61.997, 47.544



2, 4.511, 47.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59, 17.540, 234.174



72, 25.233, 235.597



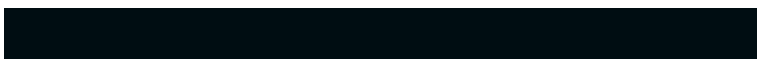
50, 28.571, 284.953



33, 2.826, 231.104



41, 31.483, 253.255



3, 4.480, 237.387

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 22.145, 48.464 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 55, 22.145, 48.464 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

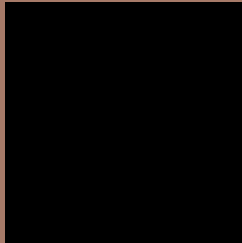
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 55, 22.145, 48.464

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 22.145, 48.464.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 22.145, 48.464.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

55, 22.145, 48.464

Protanopia

55, 14.107, 94.559

Deuteranopia

55, 18.240, 68.308



Tritanopia
55, 21.156, 8.001

Trichromacy



Original Color
55, 22.145, 48.464

Protanomaly
55, 15.593, 73.132

Deuteranomaly
55, 19.369, 60.489

Tritanomaly
55, 20.247, 21.702

Monochromacy



Original Color
55, 22.145, 48.464

Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
55, 7.724, 51.039

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 55, 22.145, 48.464 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 122, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 122, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 122, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 122, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 55, 22.145, 48.464 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 122, 104) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 122, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(166, 122, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 122, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 122, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 122,  
104) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 55, 22.145, 48.464 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 122, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166,  
122, 104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor