

Converting Colors

CIElCh(55, 31.156, 185.914)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(55, 31.156, 185.914)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(55, 31.232, 185.788)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2C9288
RGB	44, 146, 136
RGB Percent	17%, 57%, 53%
CMY	0.8266, 0.4268, 0.4660
CMYK	0.70, 0.00, 0.07, 0.43
HSL	174°, 54%, 37%
HSV	174°, 70%, 57%
XYZ	15.8068, 22.9298, 26.9439
YIQ	114.3620, -57.5820, -24.7340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

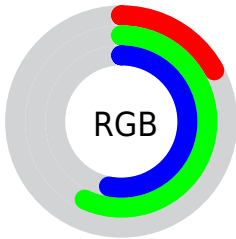
Format	Color
RYB	44, 98, 146
Decimal	2921096
CIELab	55.00, -31.07, -3.15
CIELCh	55, 31.232, 185.788
Yxy	22.9298, 0.2407, 0.3491
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281111176 (0xFF2C9288)
YUV	114.3620, 10.6675, -61.7075
Hunter-Lab	47.8851, -24.8762, 0.1584

Details

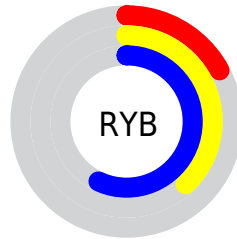
The CIELCh color **55, 31.232, 185.788** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **34, 47.029, 22.946**, and the grayscale version is **48, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75, 30.976, 185.945**, and **36, 26.396, 183.719** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55, 33.480, 184.850**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55, 28.311, 186.664**.

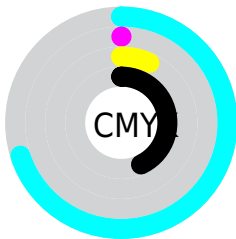
Distribution



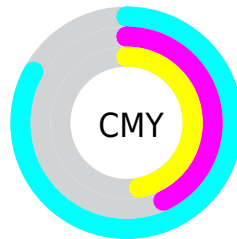
- Red (17%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (17%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (43%)





- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (47%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 55, 31.232, 185.788 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 55, 31.232, 185.788 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 55, 31.232,
185.788


 55, 31.232,
185.788


 100, 31.232,
185.788


 45, 31.232,
185.788


 75, 31.232,
185.788

 35, 31.232,
185.788

 85, 31.232,
185.788

 25, 31.232,
185.788

 95, 31.232,
185.788

 15, 31.232,
185.788

 5, 31.232, 185.788

 0, 31.232, 185.788

■ 55, 31.232,
185.788

■ 55, 31.232,
185.788

■ 55, 33.480,
184.850

■ 55, 28.311,
186.664

■ 54, 35.068,
183.836

■ 56, 24.747,
187.497

■ 54, 36.183,
182.766

■ 57, 20.599,
188.300

■ 54, 36.210,
182.740

■ 57, 15.946,
189.084

■ 58, 10.879,
189.859

■ 59, 5.486, 190.650

■ 61, 0.148, 8.434

■ 62, 5.946, 11.982

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55, 31.232, 185.788



34, 47.029, 22.946

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55, 31.232, 185.788



55, 31.232, 235.788



55, 31.232, 5.788



55, 31.232, 55.788

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55, 31.232, 185.787



75, 14.345, 189.728



54, 64.511, 136.755



39, 9.723, 189.535



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55, 31.232, 185.787



70, 42.087, 184.249



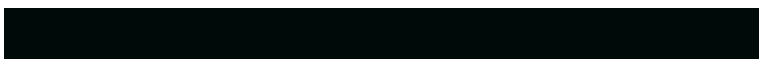
42, 28.681, 258.223



31, 3.214, 190.694



51, 34.652, 182.806



2, 2.862, 191.313

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34, 47.029, 22.946



42, 69.827, 29.137



42, 40.340, 57.498



29, 3.366, 11.966



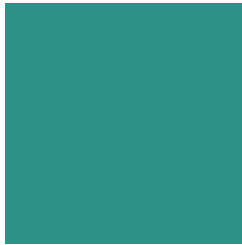
28, 61.955, 34.777



1, 2.862, 11.297

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 55, 31.232, 185.788 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 31.232, 185.788 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

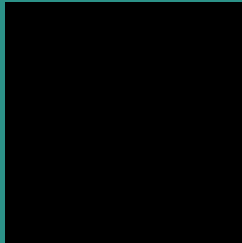
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 55, 31.232, 185.788

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 31.232, 185.788.

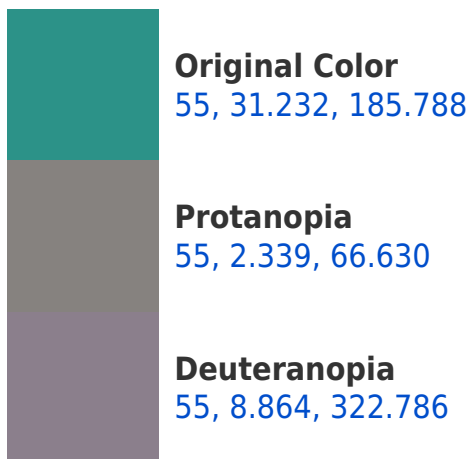



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 31.232, 185.788.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
55, 26.418, 212.448

Trichromacy



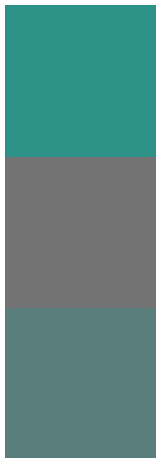
Original Color
55, 31.232, 185.788

Protanomaly
54, 13.609, 183.263

Deuteranomaly
54, 10.901, 213.854

Tritanomaly
55, 27.572, 201.729

Monochromacy



Original Color
55, 31.232, 185.788

Achromatopsia
48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
50, 13.881, 190.646

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 55, 31.232, 185.788 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(44, 146, 136)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(44, 146, 136)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(44, 146, 136) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(44, 146, 136) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 55, 31.232, 185.788 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(44, 146, 136) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(44, 146, 136) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(44, 146, 136)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(44, 146, 136); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 146, 136);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 146,  
136) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 55, 31.232, 185.788 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(44, 146, 136) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(44, 146,  
136) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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