

Converting Colors

CIELCh(55, 32.496, 141.699)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(55, 32.496, 141.699)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(55, 32.535, 141.682)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	618F60
RGB	97, 143, 96
RGB Percent	38%, 56%, 38%
CMY	0.6206, 0.4403, 0.6245
CMYK	0.32, 0.00, 0.33, 0.44
HSL	119°, 20%, 47%
HSV	119°, 33%, 56%
XYZ	16.7828, 22.9298, 14.5462
YIQ	123.8880, -12.3290, -24.3690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

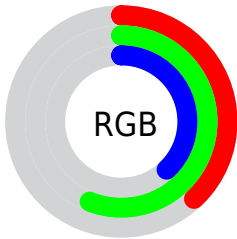
Format	Color
R_{YB}	96, 143, 142
Decimal	6393696
CIE _{Lab}	55.00, -25.53, 20.17
CIE _{LCh}	55, 32.535, 141.682
Yxy	22.9298, 0.3093, 0.4226
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284583776 (0xFF618F60)
YUV	123.8880, -13.7488, -23.5808
Hunter-Lab	47.8851, -21.2381, 15.5089

Details

The CIELCh color $55, 32.535, 141.682$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669966 . A complement of this color would be $47, 32.562, 325.560$, and the grayscale version is $52, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $75, 32.479, 141.774$, and $35, 32.322, 141.553$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $54, 42.108, 140.785$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $56, 22.688, 142.473$.

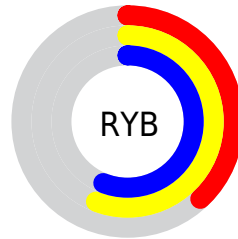
Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (56%)

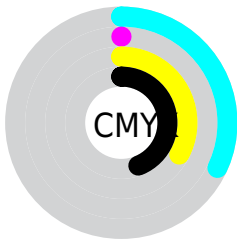
Blue (38%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (56%)

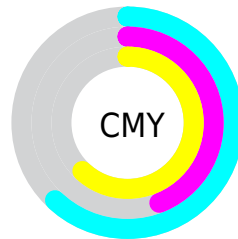


Cyan (32%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (33%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (62%)


Magenta (44%)


Yellow (62%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 55, 32.535, 141.682 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 55, 32.535, 141.682 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 55, 32.535,
141.682


 55, 32.535,
141.682


 100, 32.535,
141.682


 45, 32.535,
141.682


 75, 32.535,
141.682

 35, 32.535,
141.682

 85, 32.535,
141.682

 25, 32.535,
141.682

 95, 32.535,
141.682

 15, 32.535,
141.682

 5, 32.535, 141.682

 0, 32.535, 141.682

■ 55, 32.535,
141.682

■ 55, 32.535,
141.682

■ 54, 42.108,
140.785

■ 56, 22.688,
142.473

■ 53, 51.168,
139.794

■ 57, 12.748,
143.161

■ 53, 59.420,
138.751

■ 59, 2.856, 143.797

■ 52, 66.513,
137.735

■ 60, 6.889, 324.195

■ 52, 72.064,
136.863

■ 62, 16.417,
324.633

■ 51, 75.746,
136.267

■ 64, 25.686,
324.995

■ 51, 77.626,
135.897

■ 66, 34.672,
325.301

■ 68, 43.365,
325.562

■ 70, 51.764,
325.785

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55, 32.535, 141.682



47, 32.562, 325.560

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55, 32.535, 141.682



55, 32.535, 191.682



55, 32.535, 321.682



55, 32.535, 11.682

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55, 32.536, 141.682



74, 12.237, 143.332



58, 25.429, 105.636



39, 8.421, 143.253



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55, 32.536, 141.682



69, 48.842, 140.979



55, 23.157, 158.957



29, 5.561, 143.396



49, 74.600, 135.889



2, 3.741, 143.882

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 32.562, 325.560



57, 48.824, 325.939



46, 23.929, 344.789



28, 5.572, 324.334



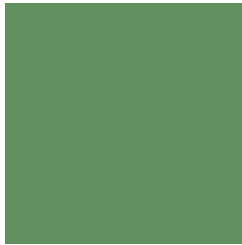
31, 72.168, 327.422



1, 3.742, 323.878

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 32.535, 141.682 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 55, 32.535, 141.682 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

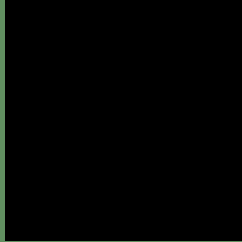
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 55, 32.535, 141.682

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 32.535, 141.682.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 32.535, 141.682.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
55, 32.535, 141.682

Protanopia
55, 23.259, 95.291

Deuteranopia
55, 19.952, 70.134



Tritanopia
55, 12.238, 229.822

Trichromacy



Original Color
55, 32.535, 141.682

Protanomaly
55, 24.070, 116.535

Deuteranomaly
54, 19.347, 106.502

Tritanomaly
55, 14.536, 174.604

Monochromacy



Original Color
55, 32.535, 141.682

Achromatopsia
52, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
53, 12.021, 143.703

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 55, 32.535, 141.682 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(97, 143, 96)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(97, 143, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 143, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(97, 143, 96) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 55, 32.535, 141.682 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(97, 143, 96) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(97, 143, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 143, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(97, 143, 96); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 143, 96);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 143,  
96) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 55, 32.535, 141.682 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(97, 143, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(97, 143,  
96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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