

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(55, 33.656, 236.049)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(55, 33.656, 236.049)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(55, 33.609, 235.839)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	038FB3
RGB	3, 143, 179
RGB Percent	1%, 56%, 70%
CMY	0.9876, 0.4391, 0.2979
CMYK	0.98, 0.20, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	192°, 97%, 36%
HSV	192°, 98%, 70%
XYZ	18.0057, 22.9298, 46.1411
YIQ	105.2440, -94.9960, -18.4840

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

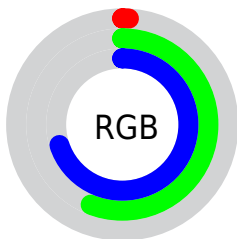
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	3, 81, 179
Decimal	233395
CIELab	55.00, -18.87, -27.81
CIELCh	55, 33.609, 235.839
Yxy	22.9298, 0.2068, 0.2633
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278423475 (0xFF038FB3)
YUV	105.2440, 36.3617, -89.6680
Hunter-Lab	47.8851, -16.6795, -23.6110

# Details

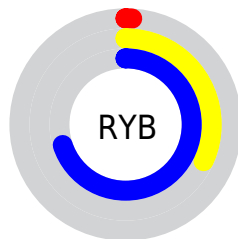
The CIELCh color **55, 33.609, 235.839** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. A complement of this color would be **40, 74.670, 43.524**, and the grayscale version is **44, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75, 33.669, 235.733**, and **37, 27.244, 246.981** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55, 33.767, 236.487**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56, 32.678, 232.214**.

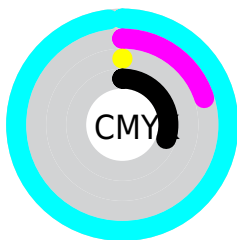
# Distribution



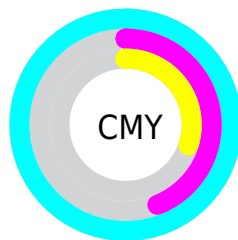
- Red (1%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (30%)




- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (30%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 55, 33.609, 235.839 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 55, 33.609, 235.839 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 55, 33.609,  
235.839


 55, 33.609,  
235.839


 100, 33.609,  
235.839


 45, 33.609,  
235.839


 75, 33.609,  
235.839

 35, 33.609,  
235.839

 85, 33.609,  
235.839

 25, 33.609,  
235.839

 95, 33.609,  
235.839

 15, 33.609,  
235.839

 5, 33.609, 235.839

 0, 33.609, 235.839

■ 55, 33.609,  
235.839

■ 55, 33.609,  
235.839

■ 55, 33.767,  
236.487

■ 56, 32.678,  
232.214

■ 58, 31.270,  
229.165

■ 59, 29.236,  
226.713

■ 61, 26.534,  
224.785

■ 63, 23.182,  
223.297

■ 65, 19.233,  
222.171

■ 67, 14.759,  
221.337

■ 69, 9.843, 220.744



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55, 33.609, 235.839



40, 74.670, 43.524

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55, 33.609, 235.839



55, 33.609, 285.839



55, 33.609, 55.839



55, 33.609, 105.839

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55, 33.608, 235.839



84, 18.631, 221.428



64, 85.581, 138.834



44, 12.686, 221.761



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55, 33.608, 235.839



70, 41.082, 237.237



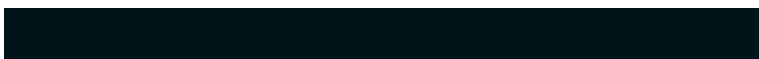
30, 77.287, 297.745



37, 3.123, 220.400



47, 30.033, 235.944



5, 7.500, 229.981



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 75.485, 338.225



53, 91.627, 338.627



57, 63.059, 79.209



35, 5.856, 331.237



34, 67.500, 338.262



2, 13.267, 333.810



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 55, 33.609, 235.839 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 33.609, 235.839 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

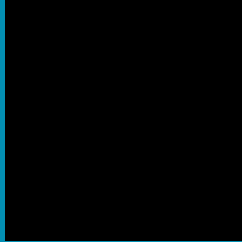
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 55, 33.609, 235.839**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 33.609, 235.839.

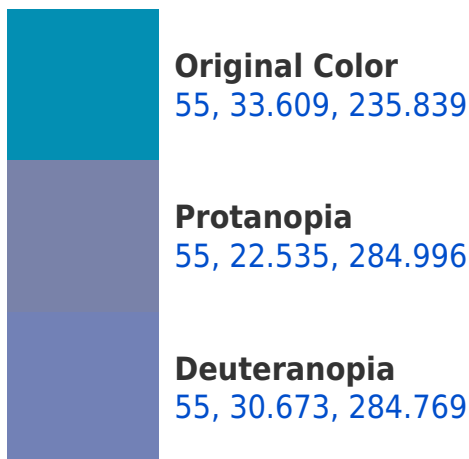


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 33.609, 235.839.

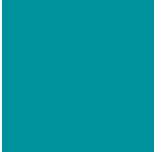
# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
55, 31.944, 208.199

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
55, 33.609, 235.839

**Protanomaly**  
54, 26.866, 253.683

**Deuteranomaly**  
54, 31.040, 260.228

**Tritanomaly**  
55, 31.764, 218.360

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
55, 33.609, 235.839

**Achromatopsia**  
44, 0.006, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
47, 18.262, 222.944

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 55, 33.609, 235.839 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(3, 143, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(3, 143, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(3, 143, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(3, 143, 179) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 55, 33.609, 235.839 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(3, 143, 179) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(3, 143, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(3, 143, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(3, 143, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(3, 143, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(3, 143,  
179) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 55, 33.609, 235.839 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(3, 143, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(3, 143,  
179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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