

Converting Colors

CIELCh(55, 38.423, 278.267)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(55, 38.423, 278.267)
contains.

CIELCh(55, 38.270, 278.066)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(55, 38.270, 278.066)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5E84C5
RGB	94, 132, 197
RGB Percent	37%, 52%, 77%
CMY	0.6312, 0.4822, 0.2273
CMYK	0.52, 0.33, 0.00, 0.23
HSL	218°, 47%, 57%
HSV	218°, 52%, 77%
XYZ	22.9616, 22.9298, 56.0677
YIQ	128.0480, -43.5130, 12.1590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

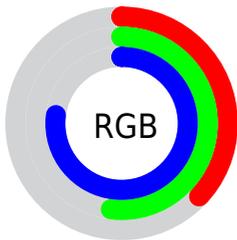
Format	Color
R _Y B	94, 122, 197
Decimal	6194373
CIE Lab	55.00, 5.37, -37.89
CIE LCh	55, 38.270, 278.066
Yxy	22.9298, 0.2252, 0.2249
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284384453 (0xFF5E84C5)
YUV	128.0480, 33.9933, -29.8601
Hunter-Lab	47.8851, 1.7944, -35.9019

Details

The CIELCh color **55, 38.270, 278.066** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. The color can be described as middle muted azure. A complement of this color would be **68, 39.450, 81.175**, and the grayscale version is **54, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75, 38.182, 277.919**, and **35, 38.376, 278.040** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51, 45.907, 281.016**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60, 30.762, 275.509**.

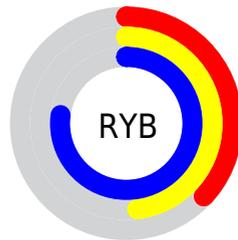
Distribution



Red (37%)

Green (52%)

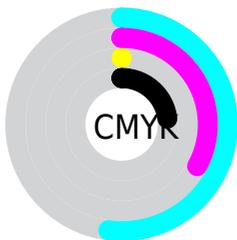
Blue (77%)



Red (37%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (77%)

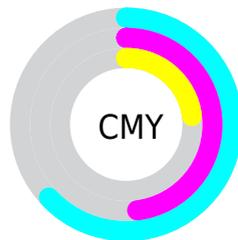


Cyan (52%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (63%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (23%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 55, 38.270, 278.066 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 55, 38.270, 278.066 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 55, 38.270,
278.066

■ 55, 38.270,
278.066

■ 100, 38.270,
278.066

■ 45, 38.270,
278.066

■ 75, 38.270,
278.066

■ 35, 38.270,
278.066

■ 85, 38.270,
278.066

■ 25, 38.270,
278.066

■ 95, 38.270,
278.066

■ 15, 38.270,
278.066

■ 5, 38.270, 278.066

■ 0, 38.270, 278.066

■ 55, 38.270,
278.066

■ 55, 38.270,
278.066

■ 51, 45.907,
281.016

■ 60, 30.762,
275.509

■ 46, 53.718,
284.351

■ 64, 23.355,
273.317

■ 42, 61.736,
288.001

■ 69, 16.032,
271.448

■ 38, 69.941,
291.819

■ 74, 8.787, 269.861

■ 78, 1.623, 268.622

■ 36, 76.349,
294.665

■ 83, 5.457, 87.230

■ 88, 12.448, 86.234

■ 93, 19.344, 85.348

■ 96, 24.239, 98.340

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55, 38.270, 278.066



68, 39.450, 81.175

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55, 38.270, 278.066



55, 38.270, 328.066



55, 38.270, 98.066



55, 38.270, 148.066

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



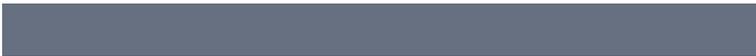
55, 38.269, 278.066



91, 14.155, 270.460



73, 40.824, 164.700



47, 9.567, 270.792



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55, 38.269, 278.066



64, 57.333, 281.556



46, 61.070, 300.786



39, 4.087, 269.453



29, 65.419, 294.118



4, 16.118, 279.202

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



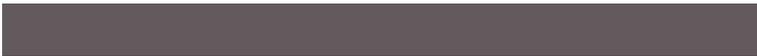
54, 45.180, 358.105



63, 65.767, 0.740



77, 53.056, 110.762



39, 4.791, 352.176



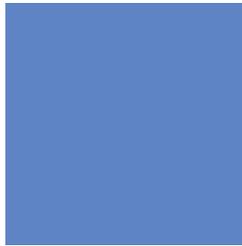
34, 61.068, 14.114



4, 16.856, 0.621

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 55, 38.270, 278.066 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

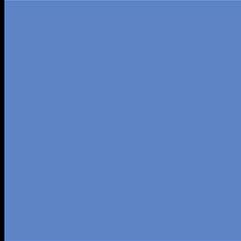
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 38.270, 278.066 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

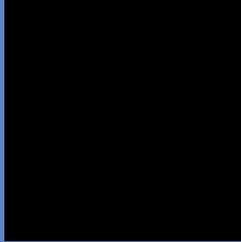
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 55, 38.270, 278.066

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 38.270, 278.066.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 38.270, 278.066.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

55, 38.270, 278.066

Protanopia

55, 37.558, 285.286

Deuteranopia

55, 38.483, 281.040



Tritanopia
55, 20.787, 215.505

Trichromacy



Original Color
55, 38.270, 278.066

Protanomaly
55, 37.750, 282.754

Deuteranomaly
55, 38.582, 280.292

Tritanomaly
55, 23.367, 246.308

Monochromacy



Original Color
55, 38.270, 278.066

Achromatopsia
54, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
54, 14.469, 273.156

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 55, 38.270, 278.066 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 132, 197)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 132, 197)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 132, 197) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 132, 197) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 55, 38.270, 278.066 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 132, 197) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 132, 197) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(94, 132, 197)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 132, 197); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 132, 197);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 132,  
197) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 55, 38.270, 278.066 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 132, 197) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 132,  
197) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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