

Converting Colors

CIELCh(55, 39.133, 283.533)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(55, 39.133, 283.533)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(55, 38.850, 283.300)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6882C5
RGB	104, 130, 197
RGB Percent	41%, 51%, 77%
CMY	0.5922, 0.4903, 0.2276
CMYK	0.47, 0.34, 0.00, 0.23
HSL	223°, 44%, 59%
HSV	223°, 47%, 77%
XYZ	23.7599, 22.9298, 55.9803
YIQ	129.8640, -37.0030, 15.3250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

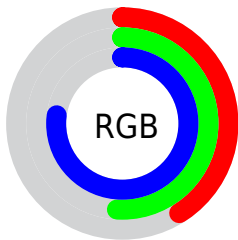
Format	Color
RYB	104, 124, 197
Decimal	6849221
CIELab	55.00, 8.94, -37.81
CIELCh	55, 38.850, 283.300
Yxy	22.9298, 0.2314, 0.2233
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285039301 (0xFF6882C5)
YUV	129.8640, 33.0980, -22.6827
Hunter-Lab	47.8851, 4.7700, -35.7936

Details

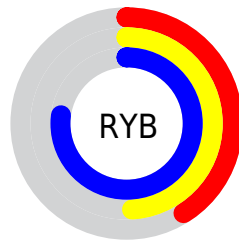
The CIELCh color `55, 38.850, 283.300` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666699`. A complement of this color would be `71, 37.837, 89.186`, and the grayscale version is `54, 0.007, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `75, 38.708, 282.979`, and `35, 39.025, 283.467` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `50, 47.699, 285.881`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `60, 30.248, 281.064`.

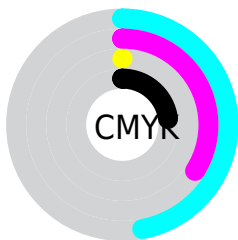
Distribution



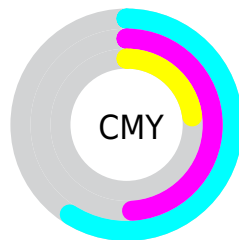
- Red (41%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (77%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (23%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (23%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 55, 38.850, 283.300 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 55, 38.850, 283.300 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 55, 38.850,
283.300

■ 55, 38.850,
283.300

■ 100, 38.850,
283.300

■ 45, 38.850,
283.300

■ 75, 38.850,
283.300

■ 35, 38.850,
283.300

■ 85, 38.850,
283.300

■ 25, 38.850,
283.300

■ 95, 38.850,
283.300

■ 15, 38.850,
283.300

■ 5, 38.850, 283.300

■ 0, 38.850, 283.300

■ 55, 38.850,
283.300

■ 55, 38.850,
283.300

■ 50, 47.699,
285.881

■ 60, 30.248,
281.064

■ 45, 56.825,
288.804

■ 65, 21.865,
279.144

■ 40, 66.215,
292.013

■ 71, 13.680,
277.504

■ 36, 75.757,
295.373

■ 76, 5.675, 276.115

■ 81, 2.158, 94.771

■ 32, 85.134,
298.651

■ 86, 9.824, 93.795

■ 31, 87.665,
299.471

■ 91, 17.330, 92.891

■ 96, 24.083, 97.852

■ 99, 29.244,
107.955

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55, 38.850, 283.300



71, 37.837, 89.186

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55, 38.850, 283.300



55, 38.850, 333.300



55, 38.850, 103.300



55, 38.850, 153.300

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55, 38.849, 283.300



91, 13.678, 277.062



73, 34.345, 172.148



47, 9.464, 277.383



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55, 38.849, 283.300



64, 58.657, 286.065



50, 54.748, 302.861



39, 4.506, 276.395



25, 75.202, 299.018



3, 17.421, 283.176

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55, 39.897, 3.582



65, 59.220, 5.958



76, 48.877, 115.573



39, 4.571, 358.218



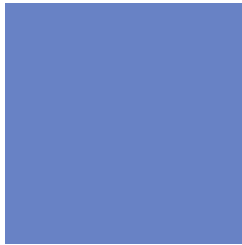
34, 63.225, 22.344



4, 16.439, 5.234

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 38.850, 283.300 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

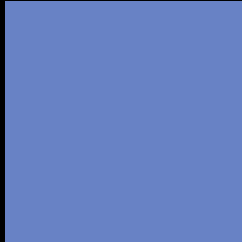
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 38.850, 283.300 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

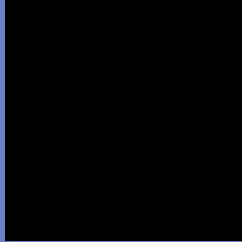
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 55, 38.850, 283.300

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 38.850, 283.300.

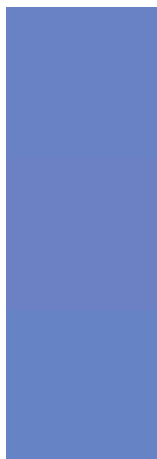


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 38.850, 283.300.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

55, 38.850, 283.300

Protanopia

55, 38.705, 285.335

Deuteranopia

55, 38.434, 281.420



Tritanopia
55, 17.481, 219.338

Trichromacy



Original Color
55, 38.850, 283.300

Protanomaly
55, 38.741, 284.931

Deuteranomaly
55, 38.387, 281.803

Tritanomaly
55, 21.643, 254.595

Monochromacy



Original Color
55, 38.850, 283.300

Achromatopsia
54, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
54, 14.106, 278.573

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 55, 38.850, 283.300 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 130, 197)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 130, 197)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 130, 197) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 130, 197) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 55, 38.850, 283.300 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 130, 197) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 130, 197) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 130, 197)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 130, 197); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 130, 197);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 130,  
197) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 55, 38.850, 283.300 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 130, 197) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104,  
130, 197) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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