

Converting Colors

CIELCh(55, 4.002, 129.918)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(55, 4.002, 129.918) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(55, 4.327, 131.337)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	81857E
RGB	129, 133, 126
RGB Percent	51%, 52%, 49%
CMY	0.4943, 0.4786, 0.5061
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.05, 0.48
HSL	94°, 3%, 51%
HSV	94°, 5%, 52%
XYZ	21.1892, 22.9298, 23.0311
YIQ	131.0060, -0.1370, -3.0250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

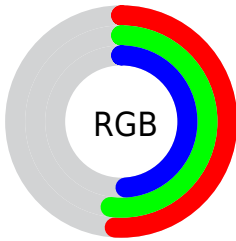
Format	Color
R_{YB}	126, 133, 130
Decimal	8488318
CIE _{Lab}	55.00, -2.86, 3.25
CIE _{LCh}	55, 4.327, 131.337
Yxy	22.9298, 0.3155, 0.3415
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286678398 (0xFF81857E)
YUV	131.0060, -2.4680, -1.7593
Hunter-Lab	47.8851, -4.8124, 5.0031

Details

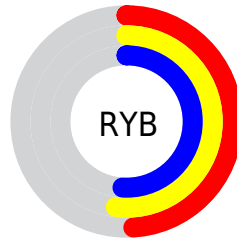
The CIELCh color `55, 4.327, 131.337` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `999999`. A complement of this color would be `53, 4.365, 311.718`, and the grayscale version is `55, 0.007, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `75, 4.064, 131.403`, and `35, 4.699, 131.220` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `54, 12.590, 130.899`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `56, 3.888, 311.684`.

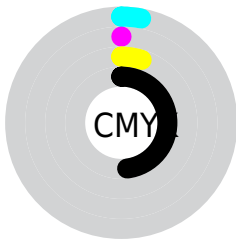
Distribution



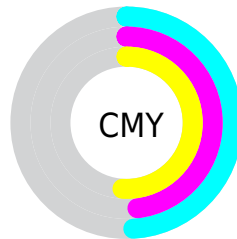
- Red (51%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 55, 4.327, 131.337 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 55, 4.327, 131.337 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 55, 4.327, 131.337

■ 55, 4.327, 131.337

■ 100, 4.327,
131.337

■ 45, 4.327, 131.337

■ 75, 4.327, 131.337

■ 35, 4.327, 131.337

■ 85, 4.327, 131.337

■ 25, 4.327, 131.337

■ 95, 4.327, 131.337

■ 15, 4.327, 131.337

■ 5, 4.327, 131.337

■ 0, 4.327, 131.337

■ 55, 4.327, 131.337

■ 55, 4.327, 131.337

■ 54, 12.590,
130.899

■ 56, 3.888, 311.684

■ 57, 12.020,

■ 53, 20.844,
130.440

312.058

■ 52, 29.014,
129.967

■ 58, 20.042,
312.380

■ 52, 36.995,
129.502

■ 59, 27.933,
312.665

■ 51, 44.638,
129.087

■ 61, 35.682,
312.917

■ 50, 51.734,
128.783

■ 62, 43.281,
313.139

■ 50, 58.004,
128.684

■ 63, 50.725,
313.334

■ 50, 63.118,
128.905

■ 65, 58.015,
313.505

■ 49, 66.855,
129.517

■ 66, 65.150,
313.654

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55, 4.327, 131.337



53, 4.365, 311.718

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55, 4.327, 131.337



55, 4.327, 181.337



55, 4.327, 311.337



55, 4.327, 1.337

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55, 4.329, 131.343



71, 2.035, 131.511



54, 2.569, 81.550



37, 1.151, 131.522



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55, 4.329, 131.343



70, 6.130, 131.303



55, 4.691, 146.033



28, 3.240, 131.292



48, 67.351, 129.750



1, 1.110, 131.530

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 4.365, 311.718



68, 6.184, 311.757



54, 4.704, 326.528



26, 3.269, 311.768



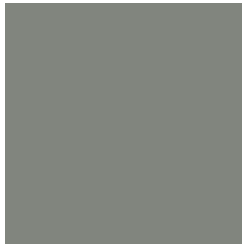
20, 74.367, 313.974



0, 1.110, 311.527

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 4.327, 131.337 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

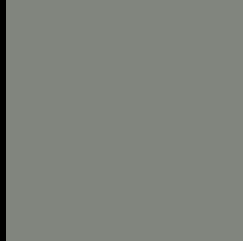
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 4.327, 131.337 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

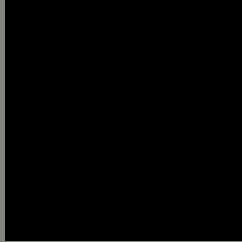
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

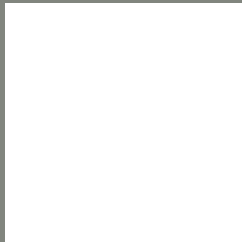
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 55, 4.327, 131.337

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 4.327, 131.337.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 4.327, 131.337.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


55, 4.327, 131.337

Protanopia

55, 3.783, 84.462

Deuteranopia

55, 7.732, 20.188



Tritanopia
55, 5.749, 290.879

Trichromacy



Original Color

55, 4.327, 131.337

Protanomaly

55, 4.019, 103.927

Deuteranomaly

55, 4.587, 34.200

Tritanomaly

55, 2.416, 271.734

Monochromacy



Original Color

55, 4.327, 131.337

Achromatopsia

55, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

55, 1.897, 134.647

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 55, 4.327, 131.337 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 133, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 133, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 133, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 133, 126) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 55, 4.327, 131.337 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 133, 126) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 133, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(129, 133, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(129, 133, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 133, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 133,  
126) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 55, 4.327, 131.337 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 133, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129,  
133, 126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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