

Converting Colors

CIELCh(55, 4.362, 181.814)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(55, 4.362, 181.814) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(55, 4.443, 184.042)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7B8684
RGB	123, 134, 132
RGB Percent	48%, 53%, 52%
CMY	0.5176, 0.4745, 0.4823
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.01, 0.47
HSL	169°, 4%, 50%
HSV	169°, 8%, 53%
XYZ	20.8609, 22.9298, 25.1588
YIQ	130.4830, -5.9140, -2.9540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

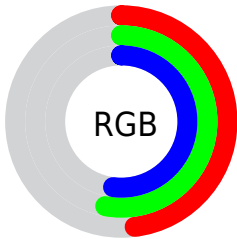
Format	Color
RYB	123, 129, 134
Decimal	8095364
CIELab	55.00, -4.43, -0.31
CIElCh	55, 4.443, 184.042
Yxy	22.9298, 0.3026, 0.3326
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286285444 (0xFF7B8684)
YUV	130.4830, 0.7479, -6.5626
Hunter-Lab	47.8851, -6.0363, 2.3686

Details

The CIELCh color `55, 4.443, 184.042` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `999999`. A complement of this color would be `53, 4.594, 5.276`, and the grayscale version is `55, 0.007, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `75, 4.541, 185.389`, and `35, 4.239, 190.379` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `54, 9.710, 183.111`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `56, 0.983, 4.390`.

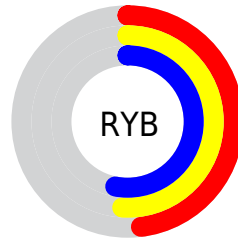
Distribution



Red (48%)

Green (53%)

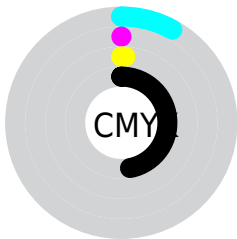
Blue (52%)



Red (48%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (53%)

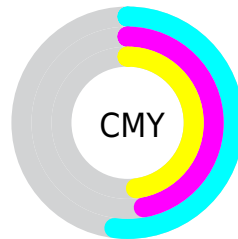


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (47%)



Cyan (52%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 55, 4.443, 184.042 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 55, 4.443, 184.042 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 55, 4.443, 184.042

■ 55, 4.443, 184.042

■ 100, 4.443,
184.042

■ 45, 4.443, 184.042

■ 75, 4.443, 184.042

■ 35, 4.443, 184.042

■ 85, 4.443, 184.042

■ 25, 4.443, 184.042

■ 95, 4.443, 184.042

■ 15, 4.443, 184.042

■ 5, 4.443, 184.042

■ 0, 4.443, 184.042

■ 55, 4.443, 184.042

■ 55, 4.443, 184.042

■ 54, 9.710, 183.111

■ 56, 0.983, 4.390

■ 53, 14.739,

■ 57, 6.507, 5.529

182.184

59, 12.072, 6.338

52, 19.449,
181.212

60, 17.637, 7.107

52, 23.752,
180.179

62, 23.168, 7.848

51, 27.569,
179.067

63, 28.641, 8.566

51, 30.833,
177.857

67, 39.352, 9.937

50, 33.503,
176.527

68, 44.571, 10.592

50, 35.573,
175.059

50, 37.175,
173.486

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55, 4.443, 184.042



53, 4.594, 5.276

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55, 4.443, 184.042



55, 4.443, 234.042



55, 4.443, 4.042



55, 4.443, 54.042

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55, 4.444, 184.029



71, 1.344, 184.808



55, 7.286, 138.961



37, 0.761, 184.846



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55, 4.444, 184.029



69, 6.664, 183.840



54, 3.496, 234.369



27, 3.023, 183.943



48, 36.629, 173.268



1, 0.734, 184.646

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 4.594, 5.276



66, 6.943, 5.484



54, 3.639, 52.954



26, 3.136, 5.371



26, 56.186, 29.032



0, 0.734, 4.631

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 4.443, 184.042 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 55, 4.443, 184.042 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

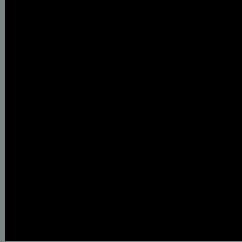
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

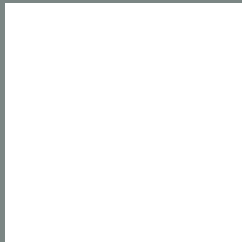
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 55, 4.443, 184.042

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 4.443, 184.042.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 4.443, 184.042.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

55, 4.443, 184.042

Protanopia

55, 1.316, 44.993

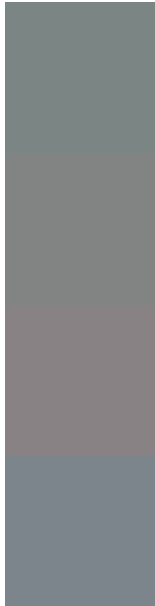
Deuteranopia

55, 7.267, 351.941



Tritanopia
55, 6.794, 268.119

Trichromacy



Original Color

55, 4.443, 184.042

Protanomaly

55, 0.977, 163.838

Deuteranomaly

55, 2.950, 343.896

Tritanomaly

55, 4.807, 245.138

Monochromacy



Original Color

55, 4.443, 184.042

Achromatopsia

54, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

54, 1.568, 199.500

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 55, 4.443, 184.042 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 134, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 134, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 134, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 134, 132) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 55, 4.443, 184.042 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 134, 132) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 134, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(123, 134, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 134, 132); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 134, 132); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 134, 132) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 55, 4.443, 184.042 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 134, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123,  
134, 132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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