

Converting Colors

CIELCh(55, 61.315, 148.747)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(55, 61.315, 148.747)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(55, 61.269, 148.552)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	009849
RGB	0, 152, 73
RGB Percent	0%, 60%, 29%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4040, 0.7138
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.52, 0.40
HSL	149°, 100%, 30%
HSV	149°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	12.4258, 22.9298, 10.0710
YIQ	97.5460, -65.2330, -56.7930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

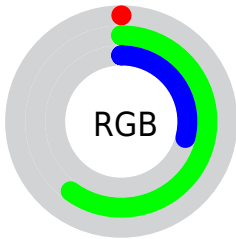
Format	Color
RYB	0, 103, 152
Decimal	38985
CIELab	55.00, -52.27, 31.97
CIELCh	55, 61.269, 148.552
Yxy	22.9298, 0.2735, 0.5048
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278229065 (0xFF009849)
YUV	97.5460, -12.1012, -85.5478
Hunter-Lab	47.8851, -37.4797, 21.0500

Details

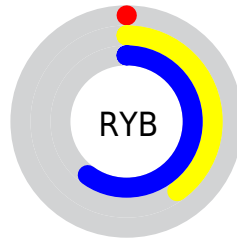
The CIELCh color **55, 61.269, 148.552** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009933**. A complement of this color would be **32, 57.910, 359.459**, and the grayscale version is **41, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75, 61.139, 148.604**, and **36, 53.155, 141.011** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55, 61.266, 148.550**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55, 57.366, 150.642**.

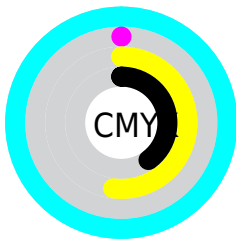
Distribution



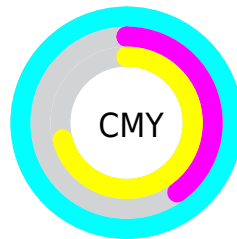
- Red (0%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (29%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Black (40%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (71%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 55, 61.269, 148.552 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 55, 61.269, 148.552 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 55, 61.269,
148.552


 55, 61.269,
148.552


 100, 61.269,
148.552


 45, 61.269,
148.552


 75, 61.269,
148.552

 35, 61.269,
148.552

 85, 61.269,
148.552

 25, 61.269,
148.552

 95, 61.269,
148.552

 15, 61.269,
148.552

 5, 61.269, 148.552

 0, 61.269, 148.552

■ 55, 61.269,
148.552

■ 55, 61.269,
148.552

■ 55, 61.266,
148.550

■ 55, 57.366,
150.642

■ 56, 52.941,
152.663

■ 56, 47.845,
154.486

■ 57, 42.112,
156.108

■ 57, 35.823,
157.541

■ 58, 29.087,
158.806

■ 59, 22.025,
159.928

■ 60, 14.754,

160.929

■ 61, 7.380, 161.840

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55, 61.269, 148.552



32, 57.910, 359.459

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55, 61.269, 148.552



55, 61.269, 198.552



55, 61.269, 328.552



55, 61.269, 18.552

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55, 61.266, 148.550



75, 27.126, 159.866



56, 73.169, 126.646



39, 18.594, 159.444



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55, 61.266, 148.550



70, 74.795, 148.068



57, 34.957, 191.471



32, 4.193, 161.909



51, 57.567, 148.726



3, 4.561, 162.187

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32, 57.910, 359.459



42, 69.845, 0.320



31, 69.326, 38.153



30, 4.241, 343.290



30, 54.657, 359.150



1, 4.509, 343.055

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 55, 61.269, 148.552 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 61.269, 148.552 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 55, 61.269, 148.552

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 61.269, 148.552.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 61.269, 148.552.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
55, 61.269, 148.552

Protanopia
55, 36.837, 95.560

Deuteranopia
55, 30.342, 76.080



Tritanopia
55, 25.542, 213.057

Trichromacy



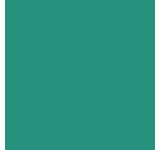
Original Color
55, 61.269, 148.552



Protanomaly
53, 43.711, 132.418



Deuteranomaly
53, 35.769, 130.091



Tritanomaly
55, 35.104, 175.885

Monochromacy



Original Color
55, 61.269, 148.552



Achromatopsia
42, 0.006, 296.813



Achromatomaly
45, 27.760, 158.120

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 55, 61.269, 148.552 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 152, 73)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 152, 73)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 152, 73) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 152, 73) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 55, 61.269, 148.552 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 152, 73) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 152, 73) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 152, 73)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 152, 73); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 152, 73);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 152, 73)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 55, 61.269, 148.552 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 152, 73) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 152,  
73) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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