

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(55, 62.394, 28.339)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(55, 62.394, 28.339) contains.

<b>CIELCh(55, 62.322, 28.303)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# Color

**CIELCh(55, 62.322, 28.303)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E15454
RGB	225, 84, 84
RGB Percent	88%, 33%, 33%
CMY	0.1184, 0.6712, 0.6711
CMYK	0.00, 0.63, 0.63, 0.12
HSL	360°, 70%, 61%
HSV	360°, 63%, 88%
XYZ	35.7446, 22.9298, 10.8999
YIQ	126.1590, 84.0360, 29.8920

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

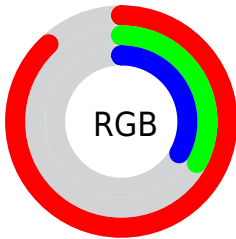
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	225, 84, 84
Decimal	14767188
CIE Lab	55.00, 54.87, 29.55
CIE LCh	55, 62.322, 28.303
Yxy	22.9298, 0.5138, 0.3296
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292957268 (0xFFE15454)
YUV	126.1590, -20.7844, 86.6836
Hunter-Lab	47.8851, 49.4453, 20.0236

# Details

The CIELCh color **55, 62.322, 28.303** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6666**. The color can be described as middle muted red. A complement of this color would be **82, 38.800, 196.803**, and the grayscale version is **53, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70, 48.767, 27.396**, and **35, 62.173, 28.238** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51, 73.157, 31.465**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59, 51.245, 25.755**.

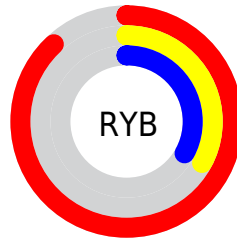
# Distribution



Red (88%)

Green (33%)

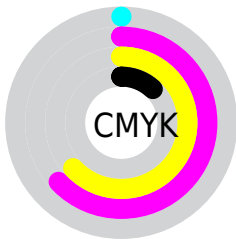
Blue (33%)



Red (88%)

Yellow (33%)

Blue (33%)

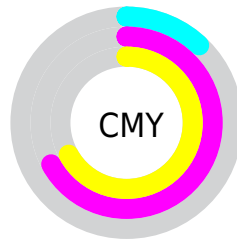


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (63%)

Yellow (63%)

Black (12%)



Cyan (12%)

Magenta (67%)

Yellow (67%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 55, 62.322, 28.303 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 55, 62.322, 28.303 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 55, 62.322, 28.303

■ 55, 62.322, 28.303

■ 100, 62.322,  
28.303

■ 45, 62.322, 28.303

■ 75, 62.322, 28.303

■ 35, 62.322, 28.303

■ 85, 62.322, 28.303

■ 25, 62.322, 28.303

■ 95, 62.322, 28.303

■ 15, 62.322, 28.303

■ 5, 62.322, 28.303

■ 0, 62.322, 28.303

■ 55, 62.322, 28.303

■ 55, 62.322, 28.303

■ 51, 73.157, 31.465

■ 59, 51.245, 25.755

■ 49, 83.172, 35.042

■ 64, 40.326, 23.775

47, 91.152, 38.301

70, 29.838, 22.259

47, 95.072, 39.997

76, 19.949, 21.096

82, 10.733, 20.187

88, 2.198, 19.286

94, 5.691, 199.132

98, 10.234,  
198.824

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55, 62.322, 28.303



82, 38.800, 196.803

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55, 62.322, 28.303



55, 62.322, 78.303



55, 62.322, 208.303



55, 62.322, 258.303

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55, 62.319, 28.306



87, 18.234, 20.748



59, 84.422, 327.025



45, 12.691, 21.026



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55, 62.319, 28.306



57, 83.700, 32.450



69, 50.694, 65.864



44, 4.728, 19.924



36, 79.109, 39.948



6, 25.541, 20.934





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55, 62.319, 28.306



57, 83.700, 32.450



63, 41.350, 267.092



44, 4.728, 19.924



36, 79.109, 39.948



6, 25.541, 20.934



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 62.322, 28.303 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

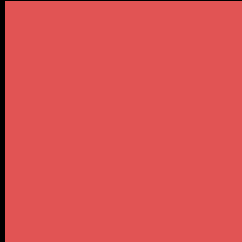
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 62.322, 28.303 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 55, 62.322, 28.303

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 62.322, 28.303.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 62.322, 28.303.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

55, 62.322, 28.303

### Protanopia

55, 16.423, 94.613

### Deuteranopia

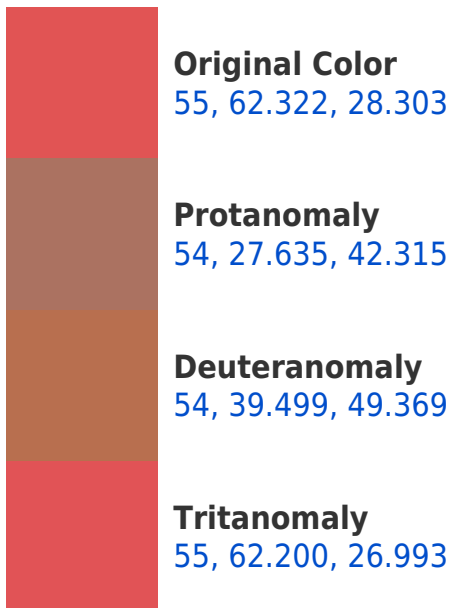
55, 32.514, 77.003



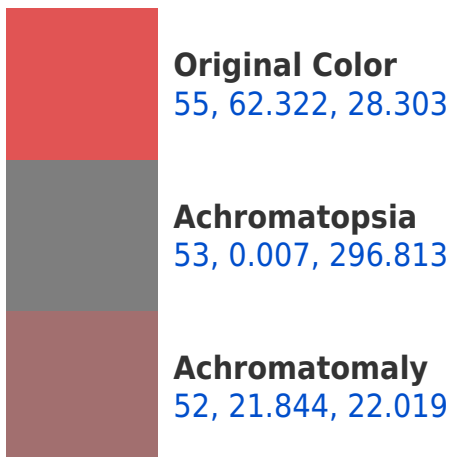
**Tritanopia**  
55, 61.816, 26.015



# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 55, 62.322, 28.303 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(225, 84, 84)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(225, 84, 84)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 84, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 84, 84) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 55, 62.322, 28.303 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 84, 84) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 84, 84) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(225, 84, 84)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(225, 84, 84); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 84, 84);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 84,  
84) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 55, 62.322, 28.303 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 84, 84) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225, 84,  
84) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor