

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(55, 64.627, 60.979)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(55, 64.627, 60.979) contains.

<b>CIELCh(55, 64.627, 60.979)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	20
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	26

# Color

**CIELCh(55, 64.627, 60.979)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C86C1B
RGB	200, 108, 27
RGB Percent	78%, 42%, 11%
CMY	0.2176, 0.5780, 0.8959
CMYK	0.00, 0.46, 0.87, 0.22
HSL	28°, 77%, 44%
HSV	28°, 87%, 78%
XYZ	29.2021, 22.9298, 3.8954
YIQ	126.2740, 80.8330, -5.6870

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

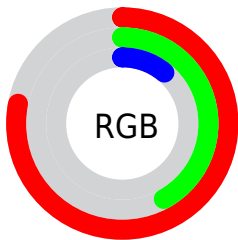
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	200, 179, 27
Decimal	13134875
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	55.00, 31.35, 56.51
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	55, 64.627, 60.979
Yxy	22.9298, 0.5212, 0.4093
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291324955 (0xFFC86C1B)
YUV	126.2740, -48.9421, 64.6577
Hunter-Lab	47.8851, 25.0567, 28.6964

# Details

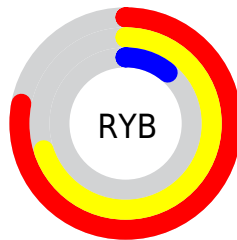
The CIELCh color **55, 64.627, 60.979** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6600**. The color can be described as dark washed orange. A complement of this color would be **49, 49.449, 274.926**, and the grayscale version is **53, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74, 62.130, 62.579**, and **35, 56.263, 55.502** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53, 70.228, 58.634**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57, 57.306, 62.668**.

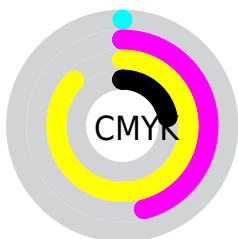
# Distribution



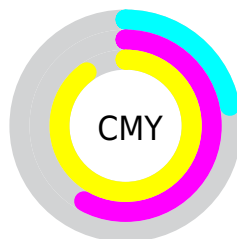
- Red (78%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (11%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (90%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 55, 64.627, 60.979 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 55, 64.627, 60.979 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 55, 64.627, 60.979       55, 64.627, 60.979

 100, 64.627,  
60.979       45, 64.627, 60.979


 75, 64.627, 60.979       35, 64.627, 60.979

 85, 64.627, 60.979       25, 64.627, 60.979

 95, 64.627, 60.979       15, 64.627, 60.979

 5, 64.627, 60.979

 0, 64.627, 60.979

 55, 64.627, 60.979       55, 64.627, 60.979

 53, 70.228, 58.634       57, 57.306, 62.668

 52, 71.935, 57.870       60, 49.217, 64.023

63, 40.992, 65.246

66, 32.949, 66.430

69, 25.226, 67.608

72, 17.872, 68.787

75, 10.889, 69.958

78, 4.256, 71.080

82, 2.055, 252.524

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55, 64.627, 60.979



49, 49.449, 274.926

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55, 64.627, 60.979



55, 64.627, 110.979



55, 64.627, 240.979



55, 64.627, 290.979

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55, 64.625, 60.982



90, 21.221, 68.825



45, 69.088, 354.529



47, 14.520, 68.411



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55, 64.625, 60.982



65, 86.856, 57.276



77, 75.390, 101.217



40, 3.618, 70.793



43, 61.749, 58.469



7, 12.961, 53.783





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 49.449, 274.926



57, 69.081, 281.819



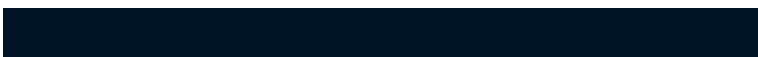
28, 100.907, 304.280



40, 3.524, 253.193



37, 48.118, 280.341



5, 13.518, 267.434



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 64.627, 60.979 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 64.627, 60.979 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 55, 64.627, 60.979

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 64.627, 60.979.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 64.627, 60.979.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

55, 64.627, 60.979

### Protanopia

55, 52.507, 95.484

### Deuteranopia

55, 58.591, 82.960



**Tritanopia**  
55, 44.231, 20.332



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
55, 64.627, 60.979

**Protanomaly**  
55, 53.789, 81.238

**Deuteranomaly**  
55, 59.724, 74.370

**Tritanomaly**  
55, 48.997, 40.722

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
55, 64.627, 60.979

**Achromatopsia**  
53, 0.007, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
53, 22.969, 66.303

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 55, 64.627, 60.979 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 108, 27)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 108, 27)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 108, 27) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 108, 27) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 55, 64.627, 60.979 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 108, 27) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 108, 27) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 108, 27) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 108, 27); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 108, 27);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 108,  
27) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 55, 64.627, 60.979 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 108, 27) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
108, 27) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor