

Converting Colors

CIELCh(55, 69.977, 334.026)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(55, 69.977, 334.026)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(55, 70.106, 334.102)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D250BA
RGB	210, 80, 186
RGB Percent	82%, 31%, 73%
CMY	0.1771, 0.6869, 0.2712
CMYK	0.00, 0.62, 0.11, 0.18
HSL	311°, 59%, 57%
HSV	311°, 62%, 82%
XYZ	38.2349, 22.9298, 48.7791
YIQ	130.9540, 43.4540, 60.5260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

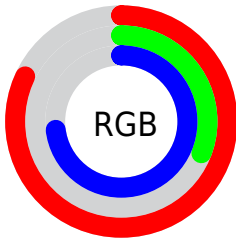
Format	Color
R _{YB}	210, 80, 186
Decimal	13783226
CIE Lab	55.00, 63.07, -30.62
CIE LCh	55, 70.106, 334.102
Yxy	22.9298, 0.3478, 0.2086
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291973306 (0xFFD250BA)
YUV	130.9540, 27.1377, 69.3233
Hunter-Lab	47.8851, 58.7283, -26.8774

Details

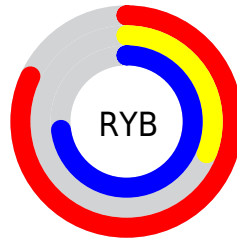
The CIELCh color **55, 70.106, 334.102** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC66CC**. The color can be described as light muted rose. A complement of this color would be **75, 71.242, 143.952**, and the grayscale version is **55, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73, 67.879, 330.326**, and **35, 69.944, 334.203** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52, 77.675, 334.850**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59, 60.676, 333.387**.

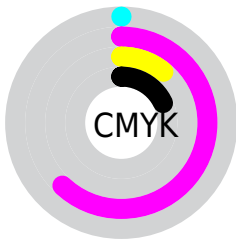
Distribution



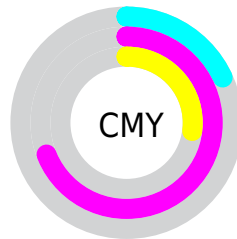
- Red (82%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (18%)





- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (27%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 55, 70.106, 334.102 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 55, 70.106, 334.102 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 55, 70.106,
334.102


 55, 70.106,
334.102


 100, 70.106,
334.102


 45, 70.106,
334.102


 75, 70.106,
334.102

 35, 70.106,
334.102

 85, 70.106,
334.102

 25, 70.106,
334.102

 95, 70.106,
334.102

 15, 70.106,
334.102

 5, 70.106, 334.102

 0, 70.106, 334.102

55, 70.106,
334.102

55, 70.106,
334.102

52, 77.675,
334.850

59, 60.676,
333.387

50, 82.929,
335.652

63, 49.934,
332.694

48, 85.635,
336.539

68, 38.375,
332.017

48, 86.321,
337.323


72, 26.404,
331.356

78, 14.319,
330.708

83, 2.324, 329.978

89, 9.453, 149.556

94, 20.937,
148.972

 96, 23.849,
150.726

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55, 70.106, 334.102



75, 71.242, 143.952

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55, 70.106, 334.102



55, 70.106, 24.102



55, 70.106, 154.102



55, 70.106, 204.102

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55, 70.103, 334.102



88, 26.758, 331.177



43, 77.133, 303.860



45, 18.427, 331.366



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55, 70.103, 334.102



62, 92.025, 335.074



53, 54.885, 4.243



41, 6.769, 330.543



38, 73.407, 337.156



5, 26.980, 334.930

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55, 70.103, 334.102



62, 92.025, 335.074



76, 46.464, 167.636



41, 6.769, 330.543



38, 73.407, 337.156



5, 26.980, 334.930

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 70.106, 334.102 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

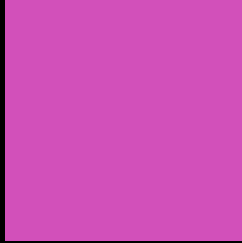
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 70.106, 334.102 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

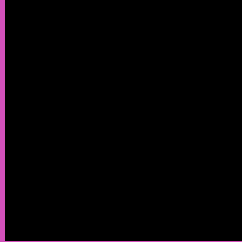
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 55, 70.106, 334.102

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 70.106, 334.102.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 70.106, 334.102.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
55, 70.106, 334.102

Protanopia
55, 56.371, 286.389

Deuteranopia
55, 27.683, 285.900



Tritanopia
55, 43.330, 20.065

Trichromacy



Original Color
55, 70.106, 334.102



Protanomaly
53, 58.710, 302.970



Deuteranomaly
54, 42.151, 313.516



Tritanomaly
55, 48.862, 357.539

Monochromacy



Original Color
55, 70.106, 334.102



Achromatopsia
55, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
53, 28.866, 331.955

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 55, 70.106, 334.102 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(210, 80, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(210, 80, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(210, 80, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(210, 80, 186) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 55, 70.106, 334.102 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(210, 80, 186) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(210, 80, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(210, 80, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(210, 80, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 80, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 80,  
186) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 55, 70.106, 334.102 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(210, 80, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(210, 80,  
186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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