

Converting Colors

CIELCh(55, 71.777, 141.737)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(55, 71.777, 141.737)
contains.

CIELCh(55, 71.538, 141.682)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(55, 71.538, 141.682)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00992F
RGB	0, 153, 47
RGB Percent	0%, 60%, 18%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4006, 0.8163
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.69, 0.40
HSL	138°, 100%, 30%
HSV	138°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	11.8676, 22.9298, 6.4734
YIQ	95.1690, -57.1620, -65.4020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

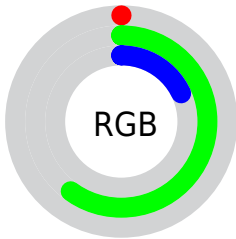
Format	Color
RYB	0, 117, 153
Decimal	39215
CIELab	55.00, -56.13, 44.36
CIELCh	55, 71.538, 141.682
Yxy	22.9298, 0.2876, 0.5556
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278229295 (0xFF00992F)
YUV	95.1690, -23.7473, -83.4632
Hunter-Lab	47.8851, -39.5603, 25.5045

Details

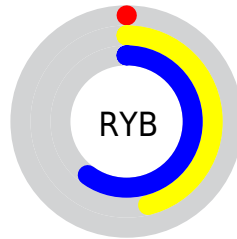
The CIELCh color **55, 71.538, 141.682** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009933**. A complement of this color would be **34, 62.912, 345.037**, and the grayscale version is **40, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75, 71.844, 141.563**, and **36, 60.276, 136.016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55, 71.515, 141.663**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55, 67.082, 143.496**.

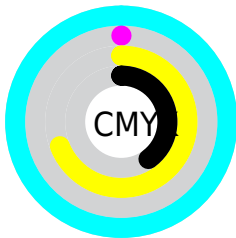
Distribution



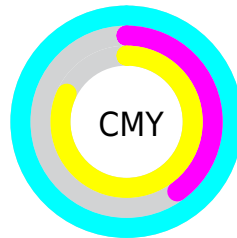
- Red (0%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Black (40%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (82%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 55, 71.538, 141.682 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 55, 71.538, 141.682 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 55, 71.538,
141.682


 55, 71.538,
141.682


 100, 71.538,
141.682


 45, 71.538,
141.682


 75, 71.538,
141.682

 35, 71.538,
141.682

 85, 71.538,
141.682

 25, 71.538,
141.682

 95, 71.538,
141.682

 15, 71.538,
141.682

 5, 71.538, 141.682

 0, 71.538, 141.682

■ 55, 71.538,
141.682

■ 55, 71.538,
141.682

■ 55, 71.515,
141.663

■ 55, 67.082,
143.496

■ 56, 61.863,
145.350

■ 56, 55.793,
147.061

■ 57, 48.965,
148.598

■ 57, 41.512,
149.956

■ 58, 33.584,
151.145

■ 59, 25.337,
152.182

■ 60, 16.911,

153.088

■ 62, 8.430, 153.892

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55, 71.538, 141.682



34, 62.912, 345.037

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55, 71.538, 141.682



55, 71.538, 191.682



55, 71.538, 321.682



55, 71.538, 11.682

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55, 71.515, 141.663



75, 31.396, 152.124



58, 69.662, 119.667



39, 21.327, 151.738



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55, 71.515, 141.663



70, 87.766, 141.237



56, 42.271, 171.140



32, 4.767, 153.951



51, 66.912, 141.827



3, 5.159, 154.346

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34, 62.912, 345.037



44, 76.170, 345.483



31, 62.944, 28.567



30, 4.791, 335.133



31, 59.170, 344.870



1, 5.098, 335.026

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 71.538, 141.682 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 71.538, 141.682 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 55, 71.538, 141.682

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 71.538, 141.682.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 71.538, 141.682.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
55, 71.538, 141.682

Protanopia
55, 48.647, 95.246

Deuteranopia
55, 42.200, 80.871



Tritanopia
55, 24.952, 212.082

Trichromacy



Original Color
55, 71.538, 141.682



Protanomaly
53, 54.560, 125.201



Deuteranomaly
52, 46.839, 122.356



Tritanomaly
55, 38.855, 167.550

Monochromacy



Original Color
55, 71.538, 141.682



Achromatopsia
40, 0.006, 296.813



Achromatomaly
44, 32.176, 150.215

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 55, 71.538, 141.682 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 153, 47)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 153, 47)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 153, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 153, 47) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 55, 71.538, 141.682 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 153, 47) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 153, 47) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 153, 47)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 153, 47); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 153, 47);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 153, 47)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 55, 71.538, 141.682 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 153, 47) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 153,  
47) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor