

Converting Colors

CIELCh(55, 8.037, 162.071)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(55, 8.037, 162.071) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(55, 7.827, 162.724)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	77877F
RGB	119, 135, 127
RGB Percent	47%, 53%, 50%
CMY	0.5318, 0.4690, 0.5004
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.06, 0.47
HSL	150°, 6%, 50%
HSV	150°, 12%, 53%
XYZ	20.2361, 22.9298, 23.5713
YIQ	129.3040, -6.9680, -5.8800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

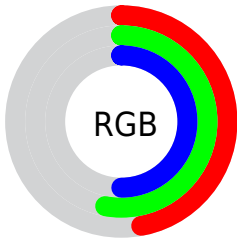
Format	Color
R_{YB}	119, 130, 135
Decimal	7833471
CIE Lab	55.00, -7.47, 2.32
CIE LCh	55, 7.827, 162.724
Yxy	22.9298, 0.3032, 0.3436
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286023551 (0xFF77877F)
YUV	129.3040, -1.1359, -9.0366
Hunter-Lab	47.8851, -8.3656, 4.3342

Details

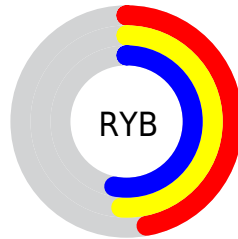
The CIELCh color $55, 7.827, 162.724$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $52, 7.946, 344.571$, and the grayscale version is $54, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $75, 7.660, 164.553$, and $35, 7.767, 164.086$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $54, 14.424, 161.795$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $56, 1.202, 163.756$.

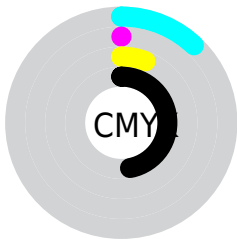
Distribution



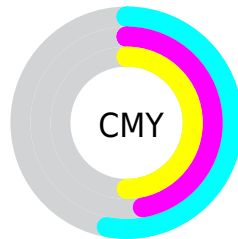
- Red (47%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Black (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 55, 7.827, 162.724 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 55, 7.827, 162.724 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 55, 7.827, 162.724

■ 55, 7.827, 162.724

■ 100, 7.827,
162.724

■ 45, 7.827, 162.724

■ 75, 7.827, 162.724

■ 35, 7.827, 162.724

■ 85, 7.827, 162.724

■ 25, 7.827, 162.724

■ 95, 7.827, 162.724

■ 15, 7.827, 162.724

■ 5, 7.827, 162.724

■ 0, 7.827, 162.724

■ 55, 7.827, 162.724

■ 55, 7.827, 162.724

■ 54, 14.424,
161.795

■ 56, 1.202, 163.756

■ 58, 5.389, 344.194

■ 53, 20.906,
160.778

■ 59, 11.895,
344.912

■ 52, 27.179,
159.642

■ 61, 18.277,
345.556

■ 51, 33.139,
158.362

■ 62, 24.510,
346.152

■ 51, 38.682,
156.917

■ 64, 30.579,
346.707

■ 50, 43.716,
155.287

■ 66, 36.475,
347.228

■ 50, 48.175,
153.458

■ 67, 42.195,
347.720

■ 49, 52.038,
151.434

■ 69, 47.742,
348.184

■ 49, 54.916,
149.778

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55, 7.827, 162.724



52, 7.946, 344.571

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55, 7.827, 162.724



55, 7.827, 212.724



55, 7.827, 342.724



55, 7.827, 32.724

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55, 7.828, 162.720



71, 3.273, 163.436



55, 9.682, 127.978



37, 2.345, 163.365



87, 0.010, 296.813



38, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55, 7.828, 162.720



70, 11.479, 162.497



55, 6.124, 197.415



29, 3.787, 162.958



48, 54.038, 149.828



1, 1.759, 163.652

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52, 7.946, 344.571



65, 11.684, 344.794



52, 6.570, 18.747



27, 3.833, 344.334



28, 52.279, 0.713



0, 1.760, 343.642

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 7.827, 162.724 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

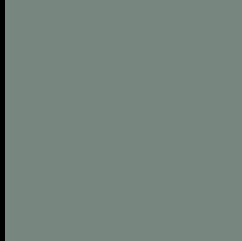
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 7.827, 162.724 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

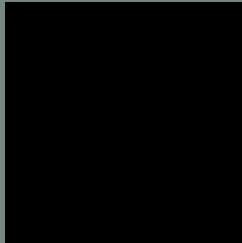
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 55, 7.827, 162.724

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 7.827, 162.724.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 7.827, 162.724.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

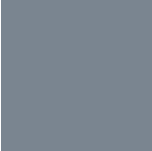
55, 7.827, 162.724

Protanopia

55, 3.783, 84.462

Deuteranopia

55, 7.367, 11.245



Tritanopia
55, 7.448, 257.479

Trichromacy



Original Color
55, 7.827, 162.724

Protanomaly
55, 4.327, 131.337

Deuteranomaly
55, 2.655, 45.021

Tritanomaly
55, 5.398, 224.283

Monochromacy



Original Color
55, 7.827, 162.724

Achromatopsia
54, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
55, 2.942, 163.395

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 55, 7.827, 162.724 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 135, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 135, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 135, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 135, 127) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 55, 7.827, 162.724 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 135, 127) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 135, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 135, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 135, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 135, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 135,  
127) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 55, 7.827, 162.724 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 135, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119,  
135, 127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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