

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(55, 80.237, 32.147)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(55, 80.237, 32.147) contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(55, 80.309, 32.248)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F43E3E
RGB	244, 62, 62
RGB Percent	96%, 24%, 24%
CMY	0.0444, 0.7581, 0.7578
CMYK	0.00, 0.75, 0.75, 0.04
HSL	360°, 89%, 60%
HSV	360°, 75%, 96%
XYZ	39.7638, 22.9298, 6.8547
YIQ	116.4180, 108.4720, 38.5840

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

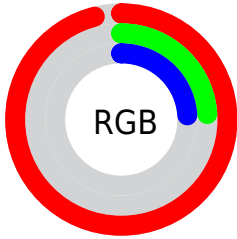
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	244, 62, 62
Decimal	16006718
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	55.00, 67.92, 42.85
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	55, 80.309, 32.248
Yxy	22.9298, 0.5717, 0.3297
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294196798 (0xFFFF43E3E)
YUV	116.4180, -26.8281, 111.8894
Hunter-Lab	47.8851, 64.4276, 25.0323

# Details

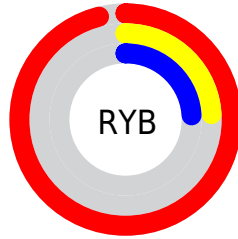
The CIELCh color **55, 80.309, 32.248** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3333**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **88, 45.127, 196.521**, and the grayscale version is **49, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67, 58.134, 32.246**, and **37, 75.919, 35.711** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53, 90.643, 35.866**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59, 68.875, 28.947**.

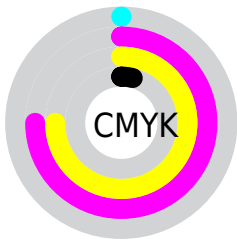
# Distribution



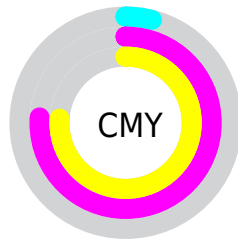
- Red (96%)
- Green (24%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (76%)
- Yellow (76%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 55, 80.309, 32.248 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 55, 80.309, 32.248 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 55, 80.309, 32.248

 55, 80.309, 32.248

 100, 80.309,  
32.248

 45, 80.309, 32.248

 75, 80.309, 32.248

 35, 80.309, 32.248

 85, 80.309, 32.248

 25, 80.309, 32.248

 95, 80.309, 32.248

 15, 80.309, 32.248

 5, 80.309, 32.248

 0, 80.309, 32.248

 55, 80.309, 32.248

 55, 80.309, 32.248

 53, 90.643, 35.866

 59, 68.875, 28.947

 51, 98.313, 38.879

 63, 57.073, 26.245

51, 101.018,  
39.986

68, 45.353, 24.137

74, 34.041, 22.522

80, 23.341, 21.286

86, 13.352, 20.327

93, 4.095, 19.495

99, 3.910, 199.327

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55, 80.309, 32.248



88, 45.127, 196.521

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55, 80.309, 32.248



55, 80.309, 82.248



55, 80.309, 212.248



55, 80.309, 262.248

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55, 80.306, 32.250



85, 21.362, 21.011



60, 101.178, 327.355



43, 14.505, 21.295



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55, 80.306, 32.250



54, 98.713, 37.698



70, 65.492, 64.151



48, 5.080, 19.901



39, 82.528, 39.979



8, 31.021, 24.987





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55, 80.306, 32.250



54, 98.713, 37.698



63, 51.903, 271.785



48, 5.080, 19.901



39, 82.528, 39.979



8, 31.021, 24.987



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 80.309, 32.248 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 80.309, 32.248 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 55, 80.309, 32.248

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 80.309, 32.248.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 80.309, 32.248.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

55, 80.309, 32.248

### Protanopia

55, 27.674, 95.618

### Deuteranopia

55, 46.033, 80.492



**Tritanopia**  
55, 80.253, 31.716



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
55, 80.309, 32.248

**Protanomaly**  
52, 39.620, 47.871

**Deuteranomaly**  
53, 53.968, 52.243

**Tritanomaly**  
55, 80.253, 31.716

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
55, 80.309, 32.248

**Achromatopsia**  
49, 0.007, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
48, 29.190, 23.305

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 55, 80.309, 32.248 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(244, 62, 62)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(244, 62, 62)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(244, 62, 62) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(244, 62, 62) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 55, 80.309, 32.248 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(244, 62, 62) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(244, 62, 62) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(244, 62, 62) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(244, 62, 62); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 62, 62);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 62,  
62) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 55, 80.309, 32.248 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(244, 62, 62) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(244, 62,  
62) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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