

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(55, 82.992, 10.789)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(55, 82.992, 10.789) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(55, 83.050, 10.875)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF166D
RGB	255, 22, 109
RGB Percent	100%, 9%, 43%
CMY	0.0001, 0.9138, 0.5726
CMYK	0.00, 0.91, 0.57, 0.00
HSL	338°, 100%, 54%
HSV	338°, 91%, 100%
XYZ	44.2748, 22.9298, 16.5544
YIQ	101.5850, 110.9410, 76.4530

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

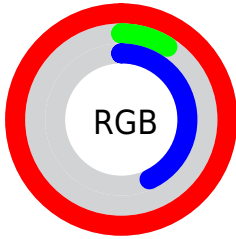
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	255, 22, 109
Decimal	16717421
CIELab	55.00, 81.56, 15.67
CIELCh	55, 83.050, 10.875
Yxy	22.9298, 0.5286, 0.2738
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294907501 (0xFFFF166D)
YUV	101.5850, 3.6556, 134.5450
Hunter-Lab	47.8851, 81.2428, 13.0224

# Details

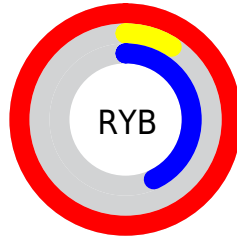
The CIELCh color **55, 83.050, 10.875** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF0066**. The color can be described as dark washed rose. A complement of this color would be **89, 74.421, 157.982**, and the grayscale version is **43, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **65, 62.396, 359.651**, and **40, 69.833, 19.002** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54, 85.599, 15.428**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57, 78.788, 6.374**.

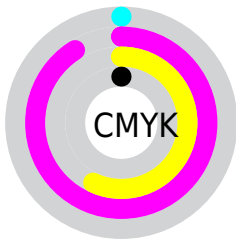
# Distribution



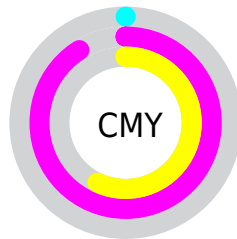
- Red (100%)
- Green (9%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (57%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 55, 83.050, 10.875 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 55, 83.050, 10.875 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 55, 83.050, 10.875

 55, 83.050, 10.875

 100, 83.050,  
10.875

 45, 83.050, 10.875

 75, 83.050, 10.875

 35, 83.050, 10.875

 85, 83.050, 10.875

 25, 83.050, 10.875

 95, 83.050, 10.875

 15, 83.050, 10.875

 5, 83.050, 10.875

 0, 83.050, 10.875

 55, 83.050, 10.875

 55, 83.050, 10.875

 54, 85.599, 15.428

 57, 78.788, 6.374

 60, 72.537, 2.798

64, 64.403,  
359.989

69, 54.834,  
357.764

74, 44.374,  
355.965

80, 33.502,  
354.477

86, 22.578,  
353.214

92, 11.837,  
352.109

99, 1.417, 350.821

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55, 83.050, 10.875



89, 74.421, 157.982

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55, 83.050, 10.875



55, 83.050, 60.875



55, 83.050, 190.875



55, 83.050, 240.875

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55, 83.046, 10.877



82, 28.708, 353.900



47, 118.551, 315.278



42, 19.409, 354.346



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55, 83.046, 10.877



54, 85.606, 15.428



56, 96.684, 40.396



50, 5.895, 351.912



41, 68.736, 14.383



10, 31.283, 7.059





# Inverse Universe

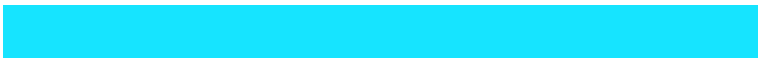
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55, 83.046, 10.877



54, 85.606, 15.428



83, 43.821, 216.233



50, 5.895, 351.912



41, 68.736, 14.383



10, 31.283, 7.059



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 83.050, 10.875 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 83.050, 10.875 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 55, 83.050, 10.875**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 83.050, 10.875.

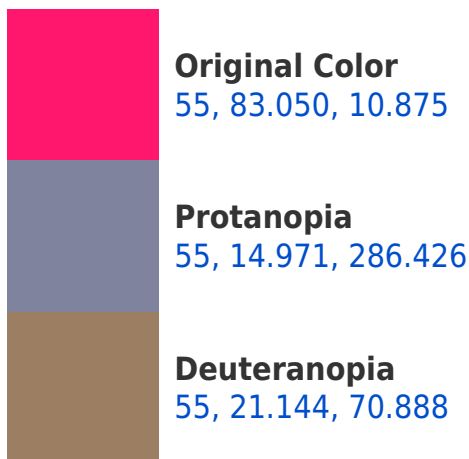


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 83.050, 10.875.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
55, 90.441, 35.045



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
55, 83.050, 10.875



**Protanomaly**  
50, 41.772, 343.398



**Deuteranomaly**  
51, 44.384, 16.603



**Tritanomaly**  
55, 86.367, 27.047

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
55, 83.050, 10.875



**Achromatopsia**  
43, 0.006, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
43, 38.913, 357.697

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 55, 83.050, 10.875 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 22, 109)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 22, 109)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 22, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 22, 109) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 55, 83.050, 10.875 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 22, 109) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 22, 109) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 22, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 22, 109); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 22, 109);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 22,  
109) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 55, 83.050, 10.875 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 22, 109) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 22,  
109) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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