

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(55, 83.383, 46.284)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(55, 83.383, 46.284) contains.

<b>CIELCh(55, 83.450, 46.208)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# Color

**CIELCh(55, 83.450, 46.208)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E94E16
RGB	233, 78, 22
RGB Percent	91%, 31%, 9%
CMY	0.0850, 0.6929, 0.9125
CMYK	0.00, 0.66, 0.90, 0.08
HSL	16°, 83%, 50%
HSV	16°, 90%, 92%
XYZ	36.6070, 22.9298, 3.2713
YIQ	117.9610, 110.3560, 15.4440

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

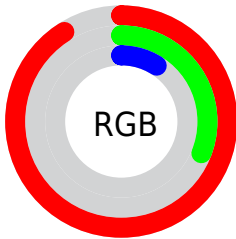
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	233, 98, 22
Decimal	15289878
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	55.00, 57.75, 60.24
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	55, 83.450, 46.208
Yxy	22.9298, 0.5828, 0.3651
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293479958 (0xFFE94E16)
YUV	117.9610, -47.3088, 100.8892
Hunter-Lab	47.8851, 52.6600, 29.4692

# Details

The CIELCh color **55, 83.450, 46.208** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6633**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **68, 41.999, 245.645**, and the grayscale version is **50, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69, 66.213, 51.016**, and **35, 76.294, 40.244** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53, 90.508, 45.423**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58, 73.794, 46.340**.

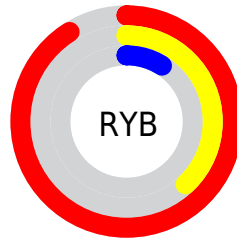
# Distribution



Red (91%)

Green (31%)

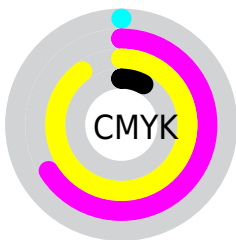
Blue (9%)



Red (91%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (9%)

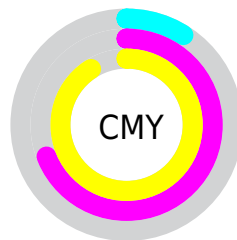


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (66%)

Yellow (90%)

Black (8%)



Cyan (9%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (91%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 55, 83.450, 46.208 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 55, 83.450, 46.208 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 55, 83.450, 46.208

 55, 83.450, 46.208

 100, 83.450,  
46.208

 45, 83.450, 46.208

 75, 83.450, 46.208

 35, 83.450, 46.208

 85, 83.450, 46.208

 25, 83.450, 46.208

 95, 83.450, 46.208

 15, 83.450, 46.208

 5, 83.450, 46.208

 0, 83.450, 46.208

 55, 83.450, 46.208

 55, 83.450, 46.208

 53, 90.508, 45.423

 58, 73.794, 46.340

 61, 63.100, 46.104

65, 52.384, 45.865

69, 42.100, 45.755

73, 32.432, 45.804

78, 23.439, 45.998

83, 15.114, 46.309

87, 7.417, 46.692

92, 0.296, 45.289

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55, 83.450, 46.208



68, 41.999, 245.645

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55, 83.450, 46.208



55, 83.450, 96.208



55, 83.450, 226.208



55, 83.450, 276.208

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55, 83.447, 46.210



86, 22.045, 46.089



53, 88.452, 340.196



44, 15.063, 45.994



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55, 83.447, 46.210



57, 96.967, 45.280



76, 76.183, 84.918



47, 4.039, 46.728



41, 74.401, 45.915



10, 24.011, 38.709



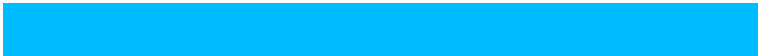


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68, 41.999, 245.645



71, 46.914, 250.435



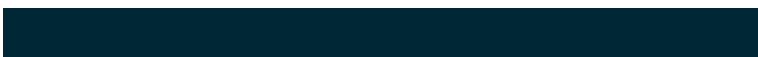
40, 94.431, 298.214



48, 3.825, 227.944



52, 36.013, 249.303



14, 14.804, 241.238



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 83.450, 46.208 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 83.450, 46.208 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 55, 83.450, 46.208

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 83.450, 46.208.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 83.450, 46.208.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

55, 83.450, 46.208

### Protanopia

55, 51.018, 95.390

### Deuteranopia

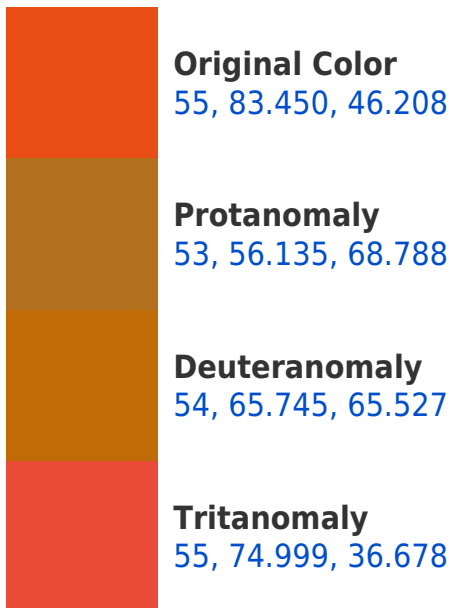
55, 61.071, 83.449



**Tritanopia**  
55, 70.764, 28.641



# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 55, 83.450, 46.208 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(233, 78, 22)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(233, 78, 22)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 78, 22) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(233, 78, 22) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 55, 83.450, 46.208 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(233, 78, 22) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(233, 78, 22) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(233, 78, 22)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(233, 78, 22); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 78, 22);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 78,  
22) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 55, 83.450, 46.208 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(233, 78, 22) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(233, 78,  
22) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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