

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(55, 84.987, 0.543)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(55, 84.987, 0.543) contains.

<b>CIELCh(55, 84.999, 0.479)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

**Color**

**CIELCh(55, 84.999, 0.479)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF0086
RGB	255, 0, 134
RGB Percent	100%, 0%, 53%
CMY	0.0007, 1.0000, 0.4750
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.47, 0.00
HSL	328°, 100%, 50%
HSV	328°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	45.4632, 22.9298, 24.5344
YIQ	91.5210, 108.9660, 95.7340

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

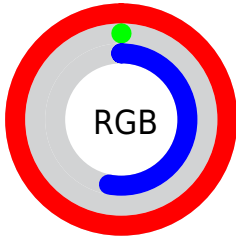
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	255, 0, 134
Decimal	16711814
CIELab	55.00, 85.00, 0.71
CIELCh	55, 84.999, 0.479
Yxy	22.9298, 0.4892, 0.2467
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294901894 (0xFFFF0086)
YUV	91.5210, 20.9421, 143.3711
Hunter-Lab	47.8851, 85.6731, 3.1417

# Details

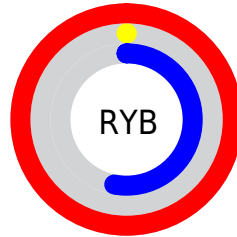
The CIELCh color **55, 84.999, 0.479** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3399**. The color can be described as dark saturated rose. A complement of this color would be **88, 92.255, 147.421**, and the grayscale version is **39, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **65, 68.975, 347.047**, and **41, 67.939, 7.417** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55, 84.953, 0.495**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56, 83.944, 356.669**.

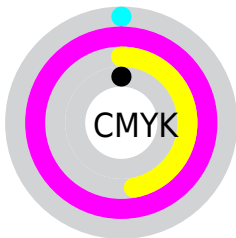
# Distribution



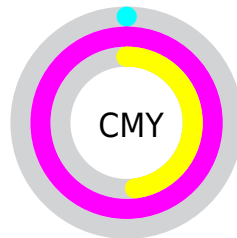
- Red (100%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (48%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 55, 84.999, 0.479 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 55, 84.999, 0.479 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 55, 84.999, 0.479       55, 84.999, 0.479

 100, 84.999, 0.479       45, 84.999, 0.479

 75, 84.999, 0.479       35, 84.999, 0.479



 85, 84.999, 0.479       25, 84.999, 0.479

 95, 84.999, 0.479       15, 84.999, 0.479

 5, 84.999, 0.479

 0, 84.999, 0.479

 55, 84.999, 0.479       55, 84.999, 0.479

 55, 84.953, 0.495       56, 83.944,  
356.669

■ 58, 80.775,  
353.567

■ 61, 75.023,  
351.118

■ 65, 66.974,  
349.160

■ 70, 57.190,  
347.560

■ 75, 46.280,  
346.215

■ 81, 34.773,  
345.054

■ 87, 23.063,  
344.029

■ 93, 11.420,  
343.097

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55, 84.999, 0.479



88, 92.255, 147.421

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55, 84.999, 0.479



55, 84.999, 50.479



55, 84.999, 180.479



55, 84.999, 230.479

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55, 84.953, 0.495



81, 34.792, 345.054



40, 125.897, 310.946



41, 23.742, 345.525



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55, 84.953, 0.495



55, 84.996, 0.496



53, 103.236, 39.093



50, 6.492, 343.052



41, 68.585, 359.721



11, 32.130, 354.520





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55, 84.953, 0.495



55, 84.996, 0.496



91, 51.462, 191.303



50, 6.492, 343.052



41, 68.585, 359.721



11, 32.130, 354.520



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 84.999, 0.479 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

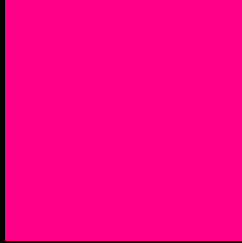
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 84.999, 0.479 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 55, 84.999, 0.479**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 84.999, 0.479.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 84.999, 0.479.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

55, 84.999, 0.479

### Protanopia

56, 35.724, 285.380

### Deuteranopia

55, 9.142, 38.346



**Tritanopia**  
55, 86.662, 33.544



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
55, 84.999, 0.479



**Protanomaly**  
48, 57.064, 325.005



**Deuteranomaly**  
49, 47.775, 354.388



**Tritanomaly**  
55, 83.490, 21.409

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
55, 84.999, 0.479



**Achromatopsia**  
39, 0.005, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
39, 45.026, 348.966

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 55, 84.999, 0.479 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 0, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 0, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 0, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 0, 134) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 55, 84.999, 0.479 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 0, 134) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 0, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 0, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 0, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 0, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 0,  
134) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 55, 84.999, 0.479 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 0, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 0,  
134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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