

Converting Colors

CIELCh(55, 9.654, 176.811)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(55, 9.654, 176.811) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(55, 10.121, 174.976)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	718982
RGB	113, 137, 130
RGB Percent	44%, 54%, 51%
CMY	0.5577, 0.4636, 0.4911
CMYK	0.18, 0.00, 0.05, 0.46
HSL	162°, 10%, 49%
HSV	162°, 18%, 54%
XYZ	19.7103, 22.9298, 24.4283
YIQ	129.0260, -12.0570, -7.2650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

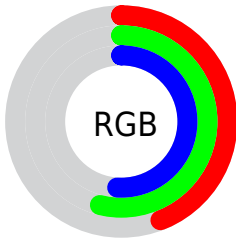
Format	Color
R_{YB}	113, 127, 137
Decimal	7440770
CIE Lab	55.00, -10.08, 0.89
CIE LCh	55, 10.121, 174.976
Yxy	22.9298, 0.2939, 0.3419
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285630850 (0xFF718982)
YUV	129.0260, 0.4802, -14.0548
Hunter-Lab	47.8851, -10.3253, 3.2731

Details

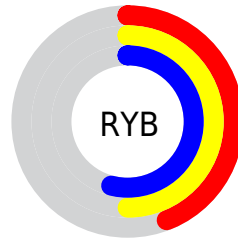
The CIELCh color $55, 10.121, 174.976$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $50, 10.644, 358.208$, and the grayscale version is $54, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $75, 9.897, 176.192$, and $35, 9.852, 175.673$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $54, 15.682, 173.956$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $56, 4.389, 175.952$.

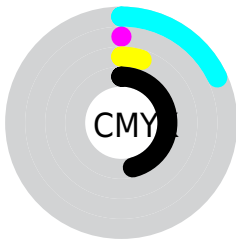
Distribution



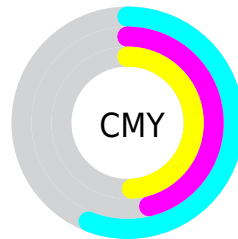
- Red (44%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (54%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (46%)





- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (49%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 55, 10.121, 174.976 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 55, 10.121, 174.976 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 55, 10.121,
174.976


 55, 10.121,
174.976


 100, 10.121,
174.976


 45, 10.121,
174.976


 75, 10.121,
174.976

 35, 10.121,
174.976


 85, 10.121,
174.976

 25, 10.121,
174.976

 95, 10.121,
174.976

 15, 10.121,
174.976

 5, 10.121, 174.976

 0, 10.121, 174.976

■ 55, 10.121,
174.976

■ 55, 10.121,
174.976

■ 54, 15.682,
173.956

■ 56, 4.389, 175.952

■ 53, 20.984,
172.864

■ 57, 1.441, 356.494

■ 52, 25.935,
171.674

■ 59, 7.306, 357.524

■ 52, 30.447,
170.363

■ 60, 13.155,
358.333

■ 51, 34.441,
168.911

■ 62, 18.950,
359.092

■ 51, 37.862,
167.293

■ 63, 24.662,
359.814

■ 51, 40.695,
165.493

■ 65, 30.272, 0.506

■ 67, 35.768, 1.170

■ 50, 43.038,

■ 68, 41.141, 1.808

163.555

■ 50, 43.602,
163.098

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55, 10.121, 174.976



50, 10.644, 358.208

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55, 10.121, 174.976



55, 10.121, 224.976



55, 10.121, 354.976



55, 10.121, 44.976

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55, 10.122, 174.972



72, 3.620, 176.210



55, 15.351, 134.982



37, 2.459, 176.143



87, 0.010, 296.813



38, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55, 10.122, 174.972



70, 14.989, 174.581



54, 7.641, 220.107



29, 3.298, 175.791



49, 42.588, 163.166



1, 1.543, 176.547

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 10.644, 358.208



62, 15.947, 358.657



51, 8.530, 39.171



27, 3.386, 357.312



27, 53.689, 20.127



0, 1.544, 356.534

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 55, 10.121, 174.976 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 10.121, 174.976 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

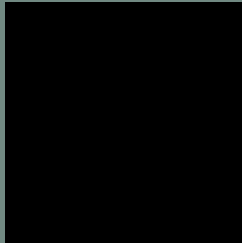
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

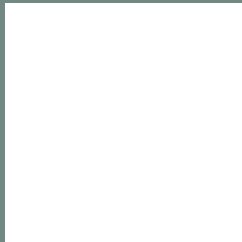
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 55, 10.121, 174.976

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 10.121, 174.976.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 10.121, 174.976.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
55, 10.121, 174.976

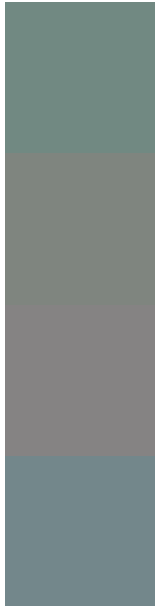
Protanopia
55, 3.271, 80.307

Deuteranopia
55, 7.397, 357.426



Tritanopia
55, 9.013, 243.686

Trichromacy



Original Color
55, 10.121, 174.976

Protanomaly
55, 4.204, 144.242

Deuteranomaly
55, 0.793, 18.979

Tritanomaly
55, 7.769, 216.026

Monochromacy



Original Color
55, 10.121, 174.976

Achromatopsia
54, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
54, 3.950, 173.182

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 55, 10.121, 174.976 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 137, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 137, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 137, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 137, 130) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 55, 10.121, 174.976 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 137, 130) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 137, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 137, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 137, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 137, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 137,  
130) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 55, 10.121, 174.976 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 137, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
137, 130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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