

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 1.746, 326.821)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 1.746, 326.821) contains.

CIELCh(56, 2.099, 324.466)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(56, 2.099, 324.466)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	888588
RGB	136, 133, 136
RGB Percent	53%, 52%, 53%
CMY	0.4654, 0.4771, 0.4654
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.00, 0.47
HSL	300°, 1%, 53%
HSV	300°, 2%, 53%
XYZ	23.1054, 23.9124, 26.8117
YIQ	134.2390, 0.8250, 1.5690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

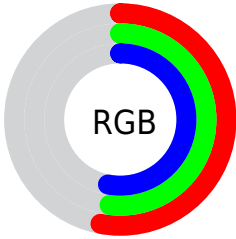
Format	Color
R _Y B	136, 133, 136
Decimal	8947080
CIE Lab	56.00, 1.71, -1.22
CIE LCh	56, 2.099, 324.466
Yxy	23.9124, 0.3130, 0.3239
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287137160 (0xFF888588)
YUV	134.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, -1.2344, 1.7219

Details

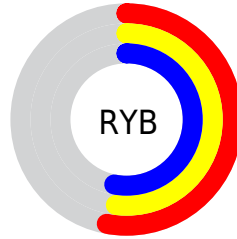
The CIELCh color $56, 2.099, 324.466$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $57, 2.084, 144.417$, and the grayscale version is $56, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $76, 1.977, 324.403$, and $36, 1.518, 324.466$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52, 11.685, 325.071$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $60, 7.337, 144.064$.

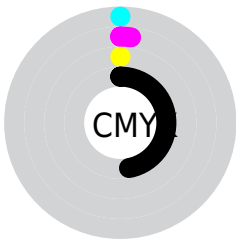
Distribution



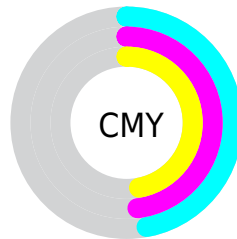
- Red (53%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 2.099, 324.466 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 2.099, 324.466 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56, 2.099, 324.466

■ 56, 2.099, 324.466

■ 100, 2.099,
324.466

■ 46, 2.099, 324.466

■ 76, 2.099, 324.466

■ 36, 2.099, 324.466

■ 86, 2.099, 324.466

■ 26, 2.099, 324.466

■ 96, 2.099, 324.466

■ 16, 2.099, 324.466

■ 6, 2.099, 324.466

■ 0, 2.099, 324.466

■ 56, 2.099, 324.466

■ 56, 2.099, 324.466

■ 52, 11.685,
325.071

■ 60, 7.337, 144.064

■ 64, 16.553,

49, 21.323,
325.606

143.542

45, 30.859,
326.123

68, 25.514,
143.051

42, 40.079,
326.612

72, 34.205,
142.585

39, 48.704,
327.059

75, 42.621,
142.146

37, 56.403,
327.448

79, 50.767,
141.732

35, 62.829,
327.766

83, 58.652,
141.346

33, 67.687,
328.001

87, 66.289,
140.986

32, 70.821,
328.150

91, 73.146,
140.675

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 2.099, 324.466



57, 2.084, 144.417

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 2.099, 324.466



56, 2.099, 14.466



56, 2.099, 144.466



56, 2.099, 194.466

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 2.097, 324.466



71, 1.177, 324.297



56, 1.694, 289.750



38, 0.675, 324.279



87, 0.010, 296.813



38, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 2.097, 324.466



70, 3.523, 324.537



56, 1.489, 342.732



28, 2.170, 324.580



31, 71.116, 328.232



0, 2.512, 324.439

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 1.186, 19.183



70, 1.998, 19.332



57, 1.475, 162.799



28, 1.233, 19.409



27, 63.129, 38.658



0, 1.414, 19.405

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 2.099, 324.466 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 56, 2.099, 324.466 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

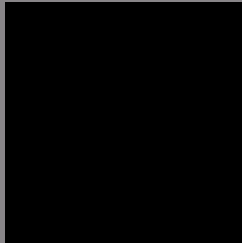
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 2.099, 324.466

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 2.099, 324.466.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 2.099, 324.466.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


56, 2.099, 324.466

Protanopia

56, 2.099, 324.466

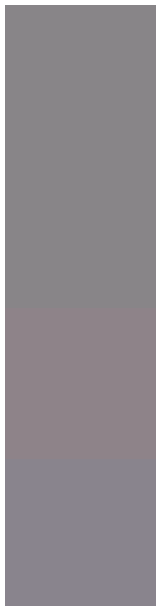
Deuteranopia

56, 7.515, 348.065



Tritanopia
56, 6.622, 307.800

Trichromacy



Original Color

56, 2.099, 324.466

Protanomaly

56, 2.099, 324.466

Deuteranomaly

56, 5.557, 341.822

Tritanomaly

56, 5.538, 311.228

Monochromacy



Original Color

56, 2.099, 324.466

Achromatopsia

56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

56, 0.704, 324.207

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 2.099, 324.466 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 133, 136)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 133, 136)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 133, 136) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 133, 136) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 2.099, 324.466 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 133, 136) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 133, 136) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 133, 136)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 133, 136); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 133, 136);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 133,  
136) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 2.099, 324.466 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 133, 136) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136,  
133, 136) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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