

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 10.203, 108.950)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 10.203, 108.950)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 10.246, 108.935)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	878775
RGB	135, 135, 117
RGB Percent	53%, 53%, 46%
CMY	0.4691, 0.4691, 0.5397
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.13, 0.47
HSL	60°, 7%, 50%
HSV	60°, 13%, 53%
XYZ	22.0054, 23.9124, 20.4022
YIQ	132.9480, 5.7780, -5.5980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

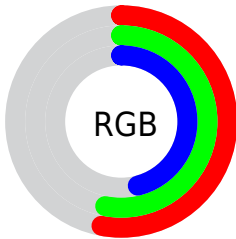
Format	Color
R_{YB}	117, 135, 117
Decimal	8882037
CIE Lab	56.00, -3.32, 9.69
CIE LCh	56, 10.246, 108.935
Yxy	23.9124, 0.3318, 0.3606
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287072117 (0xFF878775)
YUV	132.9480, -7.8624, 1.7996
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, -5.2498, 9.4933

Details

The CIELCh color **56, 10.246, 108.935** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **50, 10.553, 291.547**, and the grayscale version is **56, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76, 10.183, 109.210**, and **36, 9.871, 108.514** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56, 17.889, 108.006**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56, 2.544, 109.859**.

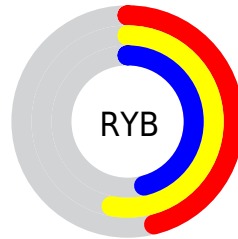
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (53%)

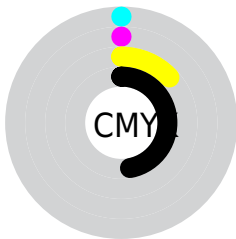
Blue (46%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (46%)

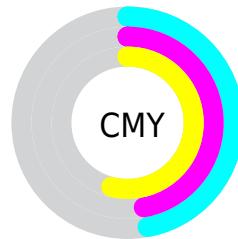


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (47%)



Cyan (47%)


Magenta (47%)


Yellow (54%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 10.246, 108.935 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 10.246, 108.935 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 56, 10.246,
108.935


 56, 10.246,
108.935


 100, 10.246,
108.935


 46, 10.246,
108.935


 76, 10.246,
108.935

 36, 10.246,
108.935

 86, 10.246,
108.935

 26, 10.246,
108.935

 96, 10.246,
108.935

 16, 10.246,
108.935

 6, 10.246, 108.935

 0, 10.246, 108.935

■ 56, 10.246,
108.935

■ 56, 10.246,
108.935

■ 56, 17.889,
108.006

■ 56, 2.544, 109.859

■ 55, 25.410,
107.077

■ 57, 5.183, 290.801

■ 55, 32.720,
106.175

■ 57, 12.907,
291.685

■ 55, 39.682,
105.321

■ 58, 20.610,
292.540

■ 55, 46.093,
104.545

■ 58, 28.278,
293.361

■ 55, 51.668,
103.883

■ 59, 35.902,
294.143

■ 55, 56.070,
103.369

■ 59, 43.473,
294.884

■ 55, 58.996,

■ 60, 50.984,
295.584

103.033

■ 61, 58.430,
296.243

■ 55, 60.541,
102.858

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 10.246, 108.935



50, 10.553, 291.547

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 10.246, 108.935



56, 10.246, 158.935



56, 10.246, 288.935



56, 10.246, 338.935

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 10.247, 108.942



72, 3.817, 109.790



51, 7.436, 20.204



38, 2.735, 109.729



87, 0.010, 296.813



38, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 10.247, 108.942



71, 15.254, 108.657



55, 10.937, 128.503



29, 4.410, 109.326



54, 59.635, 102.858



1, 2.056, 110.180

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 10.553, 291.547



62, 15.814, 291.902



51, 11.133, 309.644



26, 4.503, 291.095



14, 82.345, 306.288



0, 2.057, 290.182

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 10.246, 108.935 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

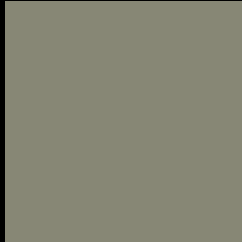
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 10.246, 108.935 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

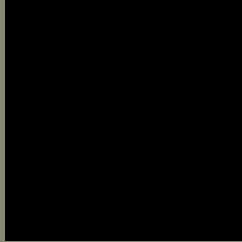
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

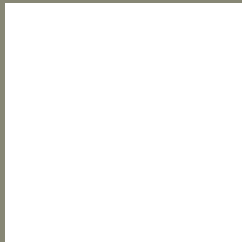
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 10.246, 108.935

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 10.246, 108.935.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 10.246, 108.935.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56, 10.246, 108.935

Protanopia

56, 10.105, 92.274

Deuteranopia

56, 11.608, 49.516



Tritanopia
56, 6.371, 315.995

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 10.246, 108.935

Protanomaly
56, 10.368, 99.739

Deuteranomaly
56, 10.006, 67.402

Tritanomaly
56, 1.983, 19.405

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 10.246, 108.935

Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
56, 3.992, 109.684

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 10.246, 108.935 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 135, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 135, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 135, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 135, 117) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 10.246, 108.935 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 135, 117) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 135, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(135, 135, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 135, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 135, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 135,  
117) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 10.246, 108.935 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 135, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135,  
135, 117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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