

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 10.950, 130.021)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 10.950, 130.021)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 10.372, 129.574)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	808978
RGB	128, 137, 120
RGB Percent	50%, 54%, 47%
CMY	0.4973, 0.4620, 0.5287
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.12, 0.46
HSL	92°, 7%, 50%
HSV	92°, 12%, 54%
XYZ	21.3070, 23.9124, 21.3231
YIQ	132.3710, 0.0930, -7.1950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

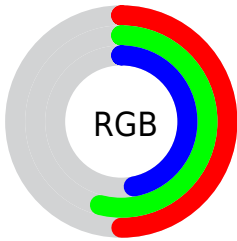
Format	Color
R_{YB}	120, 137, 129
Decimal	8423800
CIE _{Lab}	56.00, -6.61, 7.99
CIE _{LCh}	56, 10.372, 129.574
Yxy	23.9124, 0.3202, 0.3594
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286613880 (0xFF808978)
YUV	132.3710, -6.0989, -3.8334
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, -7.7991, 8.3766

Details

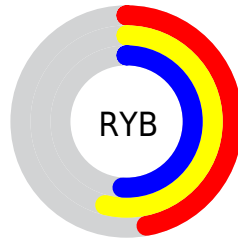
The CIELCh color $56, 10.372, 129.574$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $52, 10.537, 310.610$, and the grayscale version is $55, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $76, 10.263, 128.664$, and $36, 9.933, 129.532$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $55, 18.754, 129.119$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $57, 1.994, 130.042$.

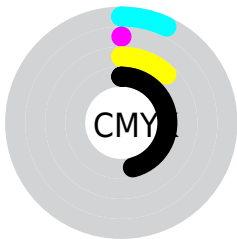
Distribution



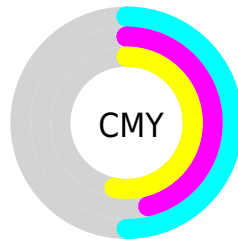
- Red (50%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (46%)





- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (53%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 10.372, 129.574 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 10.372, 129.574 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 56, 10.372,
129.574


 56, 10.372,
129.574


 100, 10.372,
129.574


 46, 10.372,
129.574


 76, 10.372,
129.574

 36, 10.372,
129.574

 86, 10.372,
129.574

 26, 10.372,
129.574

 96, 10.372,
129.574

 16, 10.372,
129.574

 6, 10.372, 129.574

 0, 10.372, 129.574

■ 56, 10.372,
129.574

■ 56, 10.372,
129.574

■ 55, 18.754,
129.119

■ 57, 1.994, 130.042

■ 54, 27.068,
128.649

■ 58, 6.335, 310.372

■ 54, 35.219,
128.186

■ 59, 14.580,
310.738

■ 53, 43.071,
127.767

■ 60, 22.716,
311.063

■ 52, 50.430,
127.448

■ 61, 30.726,
311.353

■ 52, 57.031,
127.314

■ 62, 38.597,
311.612

■ 51, 62.544,
127.478

■ 64, 46.324,
311.841

■ 51, 66.651,

■ 65, 53.902,
312.044

128.051

■ 66, 61.331,
312.222

■ 51, 69.182,
128.590

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 10.372, 129.574



52, 10.537, 310.610

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 10.372, 129.574



56, 10.372, 179.574



56, 10.372, 309.574



56, 10.372, 359.574

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 10.374, 129.577



72, 4.136, 129.952



54, 6.056, 75.677



38, 2.930, 129.920



87, 0.010, 296.813



38, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 10.374, 129.577



71, 15.569, 129.445



55, 11.787, 144.179



29, 4.733, 129.722



49, 67.457, 128.537



1, 2.198, 130.091

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52, 10.537, 310.610



65, 15.867, 310.745



53, 11.803, 325.531



27, 4.791, 310.464



20, 76.094, 312.899



0, 2.198, 310.089

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 10.372, 129.574 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

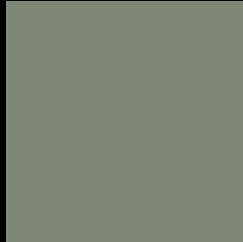
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 10.372, 129.574 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

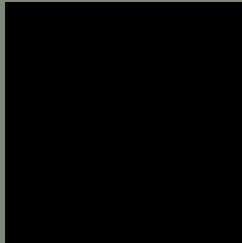
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

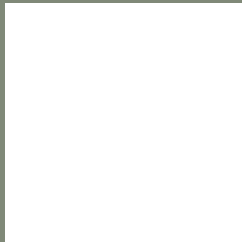
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 10.372, 129.574

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 10.372, 129.574.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 10.372, 129.574.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


56, 10.372, 129.574

Protanopia

56, 9.441, 93.817

Deuteranopia

56, 10.378, 42.779



Tritanopia
56, 5.764, 283.285

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 10.372, 129.574

Protanomaly
56, 9.116, 106.491

Deuteranomaly
56, 7.745, 73.557

Tritanomaly
56, 1.560, 199.511

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 10.372, 129.574

Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
56, 4.315, 131.340

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 10.372, 129.574 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 137, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 137, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 137, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 137, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 10.372, 129.574 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 137, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 137, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 137, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 137, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 137, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 137,  
120) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 10.372, 129.574 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 137, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
137, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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