

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 109.251, 328.297)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 109.251, 328.297)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 108.990, 328.233)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EC00EC
RGB	236, 0, 236
RGB Percent	93%, 0%, 93%
CMY	0.0742, 0.9986, 0.0742
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	300°, 100%, 46%
HSV	300°, 100%, 93%
XYZ	49.7701, 23.9124, 81.4002
YIQ	97.4680, 64.9000, 123.4280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

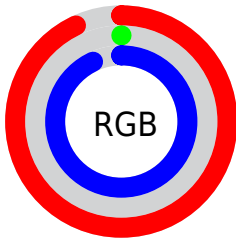
Format	Color
R _Y B	236, 0, 236
Decimal	15466732
CIE _{Lab}	56.00, 92.66, -57.38
CIE _{LCh}	56, 108.990, 328.233
Yxy	23.9124, 0.3209, 0.1542
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293656812 (0xFFEC00EC)
YUV	97.4680, 68.2963, 121.4926
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, 96.0993, -64.4648

Details

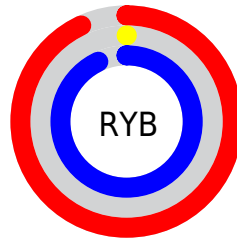
The CIELCh color **56, 108.990, 328.233** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF33FF**. The color can be described as light washed magenta. A complement of this color would be **82, 112.956, 136.021**, and the grayscale version is **41, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68, 90.885, 327.481**, and **42, 88.699, 327.353** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56, 109.013, 328.234**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57, 106.838, 328.165**.

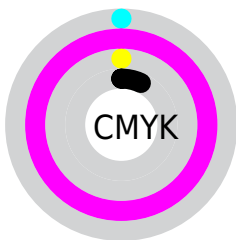
Distribution



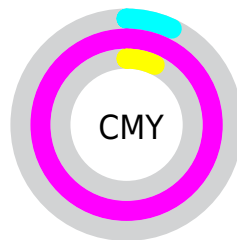
- Red (93%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (7%)





- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (7%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 108.990, 328.233 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 108.990, 328.233 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 56, 108.990,
328.233


 56, 108.990,
328.233


 100, 108.990,
328.233


 46, 108.990,
328.233


 76, 108.990,
328.233


 36, 108.990,
328.233


 86, 108.990,
328.233

 26, 108.990,
328.233

 96, 108.990,
328.233

 16, 108.990,
328.233

 6, 108.990,
328.233

 0, 108.990,
328.233

■ 56, 108.990,
328.233

■ 56, 108.990,
328.233

■ 56, 109.013,
328.234

■ 57, 106.838,
328.165

■ 58, 102.241,
328.020

■ 60, 94.833,
327.781

■ 63, 84.854,
327.453

■ 67, 72.798,
327.047

■ 72, 59.250,
326.579

■ 77, 44.769,
326.067

■ 82, 29.817,

325.525

■ 88, 14.741,
324.965

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 108.990, 328.233



82, 112.956, 136.021

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 108.990, 328.233



56, 108.990, 18.233



56, 108.990, 148.233



56, 108.990, 198.233

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 108.987, 328.233



82, 47.892, 326.081



30, 126.162, 306.277



41, 32.583, 326.302



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 108.987, 328.233



60, 115.564, 328.234



51, 79.836, 2.678



46, 8.457, 324.943



43, 89.361, 328.234



9, 38.267, 328.234

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 108.987, 328.233



60, 115.564, 328.234



83, 84.600, 148.790



46, 8.457, 324.943



43, 89.361, 328.234



9, 38.267, 328.234

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 108.990, 328.233 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

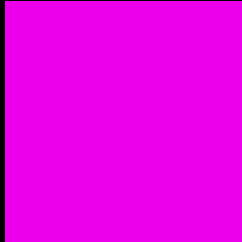
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 56, 108.990, 328.233 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

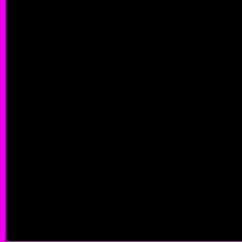
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 108.990, 328.233

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 108.990, 328.233.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 108.990, 328.233.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56, 108.990, 328.233

Protanopia

57, 70.265, 286.852

Deuteranopia

57, 50.031, 279.850



Tritanopia
56, 55.209, 23.700

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 108.990, 328.233



Protanomaly
49, 94.238, 306.380



Deuteranomaly
49, 81.549, 308.198

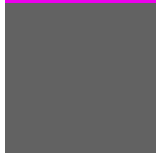


Tritanomaly
53, 70.985, 350.932

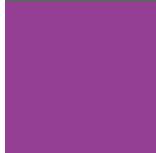
Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 108.990, 328.233



Achromatopsia
42, 0.006, 296.813



Achromatomaly
41, 57.025, 327.314

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 108.990, 328.233 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(236, 0, 236)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(236, 0, 236)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(236, 0, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(236, 0, 236) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 108.990, 328.233 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(236, 0, 236) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(236, 0, 236) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(236, 0, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(236, 0, 236); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 0, 236);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 0,  
236) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 108.990, 328.233 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(236, 0, 236) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(236, 0,  
236) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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