

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 11.579, 50.195)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 11.579, 50.195) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 11.608, 49.516)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	998177
RGB	153, 129, 119
RGB Percent	60%, 51%, 47%
CMY	0.3989, 0.4930, 0.5323
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.22, 0.40
HSL	18°, 14%, 53%
HSV	18°, 22%, 60%
XYZ	24.4243, 23.9124, 20.8670
YIQ	135.0360, 17.5140, 1.9780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

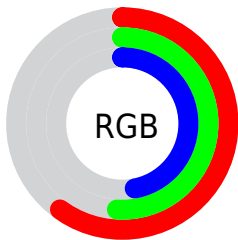
Format	Color
R _Y B	153, 133, 119
Decimal	10060151
CIE Lab	56.00, 7.54, 8.83
CIE LCh	56, 11.608, 49.516
Yxy	23.9124, 0.3529, 0.3455
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288250231 (0xFF998177)
YUV	135.0360, -7.9057, 15.7544
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, 3.5801, 8.9297

Details

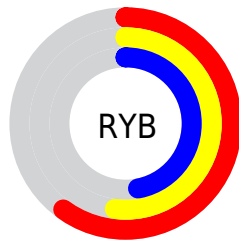
The CIELCh color $56, 11.608, 49.516$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $58, 10.222, 232.726$, and the grayscale version is $56, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $76, 11.744, 50.086$, and $36, 11.284, 49.877$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $53, 17.495, 49.076$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $59, 6.141, 50.036$.

Distribution



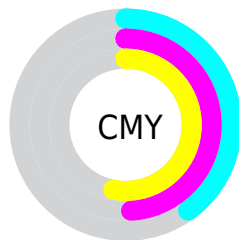
- Red (60%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 11.608, 49.516 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 11.608, 49.516 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56, 11.608, 49.516

■ 56, 11.608, 49.516

■ 100, 11.608,
49.516

■ 46, 11.608, 49.516

■ 76, 11.608, 49.516

■ 36, 11.608, 49.516

■ 86, 11.608, 49.516

■ 26, 11.608, 49.516

■ 96, 11.608, 49.516

■ 16, 11.608, 49.516

■ 6, 11.608, 49.516

■ 0, 11.608, 49.516

■ 56, 11.608, 49.516

■ 56, 11.608, 49.516

■ 53, 17.495, 49.076

■ 59, 6.141, 50.036

■ 50, 23.828, 48.720

■ 63, 1.062, 50.310

47, 30.611, 48.480

66, 3.671, 231.458

44, 37.806, 48.359

69, 8.093, 232.062

41, 45.288, 48.327

73, 12.243,
232.724

39, 52.761, 48.261

76, 16.153,
233.398

37, 59.578, 47.853

35, 64.510, 47.630

80, 19.853,
234.073

83, 23.369,
234.740

86, 26.188,
233.053

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 11.608, 49.516



58, 10.222, 232.726

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 11.608, 49.516



56, 11.608, 99.516



56, 11.608, 229.516



56, 11.608, 279.516

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 11.607, 49.526



77, 4.279, 50.282



54, 19.290, 335.112



40, 2.779, 50.260



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 11.607, 49.526



69, 17.822, 49.276



60, 15.237, 96.840



31, 2.812, 50.186



32, 60.137, 47.772



1, 2.952, 50.222

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 10.222, 232.726



72, 15.161, 233.331



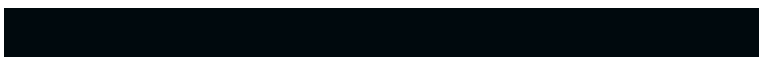
53, 15.560, 282.284



31, 2.678, 231.582



39, 30.801, 253.795



2, 2.946, 232.317

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 11.608, 49.516 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 56, 11.608, 49.516 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

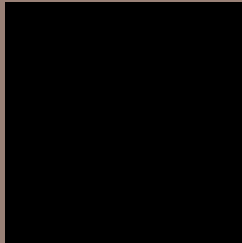
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 11.608, 49.516

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 11.608, 49.516.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 11.608, 49.516.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


56, 11.608, 49.516

Protanopia

56, 7.257, 89.548

Deuteranopia

56, 11.608, 49.516



Tritanopia
56, 12.546, 353.830

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 11.608, 49.516

Protanomaly
56, 8.266, 68.875

Deuteranomaly
56, 11.608, 49.516

Tritanomaly
56, 10.681, 11.375

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 11.608, 49.516

Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
56, 4.274, 51.815

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 11.608, 49.516 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 129, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 129, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 129, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 129, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 11.608, 49.516 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 129, 119) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 129, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 129, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 129, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 129, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 129,  
119) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 11.608, 49.516 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 129, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
129, 119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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