

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 11.898, 258.778)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 11.898, 258.778)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 11.983, 258.788)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	76889A
RGB	118, 136, 154
RGB Percent	46%, 53%, 60%
CMY	0.5360, 0.4654, 0.3948
CMYK	0.23, 0.12, 0.00, 0.39
HSL	210°, 15%, 53%
HSV	210°, 23%, 61%
XYZ	22.2200, 23.9124, 34.1550
YIQ	132.6700, -16.5060, 1.7820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

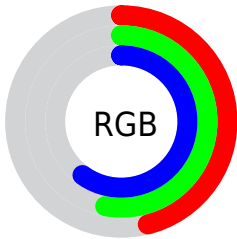
Format	Color
R_{YB}	118, 130, 154
Decimal	7768218
CIE Lab	56.00, -2.33, -11.75
CIE LCh	56, 11.983, 258.788
Yxy	23.9124, 0.2768, 0.2978
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285958298 (0xFF76889A)
YUV	132.6700, 10.5157, -12.8656
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, -4.4664, -7.1815

Details

The CIELCh color $56, 11.983, 258.788$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $58, 12.736, 72.591$, and the grayscale version is $55, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $76, 11.825, 259.405$, and $36, 12.100, 260.327$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $53, 17.004, 260.660$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $59, 6.885, 257.212$.

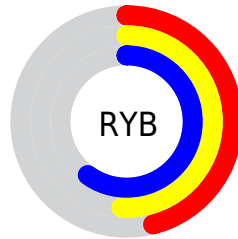
Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (53%)

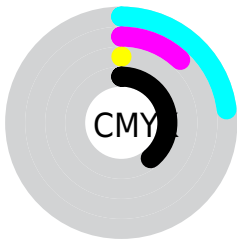
Blue (60%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (60%)

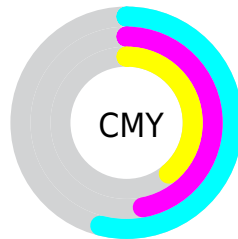


Cyan (23%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (39%)



Cyan (54%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 11.983, 258.788 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 11.983, 258.788 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56, 11.983,
258.788

■ 56, 11.983,
258.788

■ 100, 11.983,
258.788

■ 46, 11.983,
258.788

■ 76, 11.983,
258.788

■ 36, 11.983,
258.788

■ 86, 11.983,
258.788

■ 26, 11.983,
258.788

■ 96, 11.983,
258.788

■ 16, 11.983,
258.788

■ 6, 11.983, 258.788

■ 0, 11.983, 258.788

■ 56, 11.983,
258.788

■ 56, 11.983,
258.788

■ 53, 17.004,
260.660

■ 59, 6.885, 257.212

■ 50, 21.935,
262.891

■ 63, 1.733, 255.996

■ 66, 3.455, 74.587

■ 46, 26.769,
265.532

■ 69, 8.662, 73.657

■ 43, 31.516,
268.629

■ 73, 13.870, 72.822

■ 76, 19.066, 72.091

■ 40, 36.206,
272.201

■ 79, 24.241, 71.448

■ 38, 40.900,
276.218

■ 83, 29.383, 70.880

■ 86, 33.911, 71.549

■ 35, 45.670,
280.570

■ 33, 48.957,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 11.983, 258.788



58, 12.736, 72.591

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 11.983, 258.788



56, 11.983, 308.788



56, 11.983, 78.788



56, 11.983, 128.788

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 11.982, 258.783



78, 4.506, 256.390



61, 17.148, 161.627



41, 2.950, 256.455



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 11.982, 258.783



70, 17.806, 259.723



51, 21.025, 292.815



31, 2.904, 256.650



30, 45.281, 282.974



2, 3.173, 256.331

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 17.643, 345.677



66, 26.385, 346.213



63, 19.933, 107.973



30, 4.185, 344.355



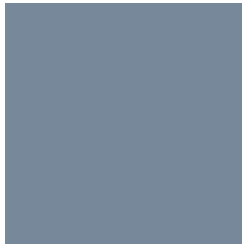
30, 54.421, 0.964



1, 4.448, 344.102

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 11.983, 258.788 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 11.983, 258.788 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

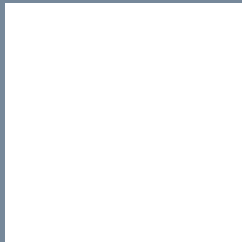
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 11.983, 258.788

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 11.983, 258.788.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 11.983, 258.788.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56, 11.983, 258.788

Protanopia

56, 10.898, 287.578

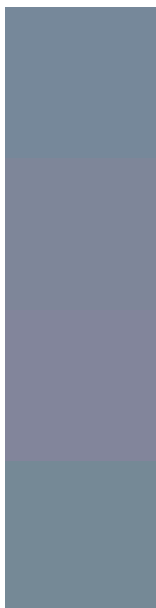
Deuteranopia

56, 13.984, 300.932



Tritanopia
56, 9.495, 240.634

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 11.983, 258.788

Protanomaly
56, 11.198, 276.332

Deuteranomaly
56, 12.630, 286.687

Tritanomaly
56, 10.227, 245.853

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 11.983, 258.788

Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
56, 4.579, 260.705

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 11.983, 258.788 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(118, 136, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(118, 136, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(118, 136, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(118, 136, 154) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 11.983, 258.788 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(118, 136, 154) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(118, 136, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(118, 136, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(118, 136, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 136, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 136,  
154) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 11.983, 258.788 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(118, 136, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(118,  
136, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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