

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 12.038, 153.838)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 12.038, 153.838)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 11.574, 154.594)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	768B7D
RGB	118, 139, 125
RGB Percent	46%, 55%, 49%
CMY	0.5361, 0.4537, 0.5086
CMYK	0.15, 0.00, 0.10, 0.45
HSL	140°, 8%, 51%
HSV	140°, 15%, 55%
XYZ	20.5076, 23.9124, 23.0354
YIQ	131.1250, -8.0220, -8.8060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

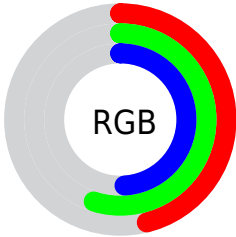
Format	Color
R_{YB}	118, 134, 139
Decimal	7768957
CIE Lab	56.00, -10.45, 4.97
CIE LCh	56, 11.574, 154.594
Yxy	23.9124, 0.3040, 0.3545
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285959037 (0xFF768B7D)
YUV	131.1250, -3.0196, -11.5106
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, -10.7170, 6.3005

Details

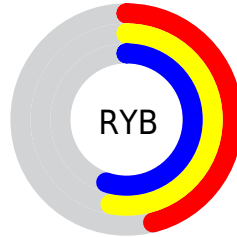
The CIELCh color $56, 11.574, 154.594$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $52, 11.667, 336.687$, and the grayscale version is $55, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $76, 11.794, 155.434$, and $36, 11.791, 154.763$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $55, 19.262, 153.735$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $57, 3.881, 155.385$.

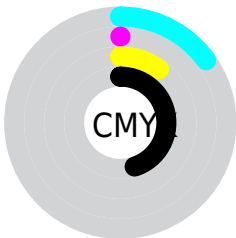
Distribution



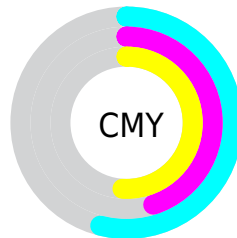
- Red (46%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (46%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (45%)





- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (51%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 11.574, 154.594 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 11.574, 154.594 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 56, 11.574,
154.594


 56, 11.574,
154.594


 100, 11.574,
154.594


 46, 11.574,
154.594


 76, 11.574,
154.594

 36, 11.574,
154.594

 86, 11.574,
154.594

 26, 11.574,
154.594

 96, 11.574,
154.594

 16, 11.574,
154.594

 6, 11.574, 154.594

 0, 11.574, 154.594

■ 56, 11.574,
154.594

■ 56, 11.574,
154.594

■ 55, 19.262,
153.735

■ 57, 3.881, 155.385

■ 54, 26.842,
152.763

■ 59, 3.742, 335.906

■ 53, 34.198,
151.652

■ 60, 11.237,
336.543

■ 52, 41.198,
150.382

■ 62, 18.560,
337.082

■ 52, 47.708,
148.938

■ 64, 25.686,
337.564

■ 51, 53.606,
147.312

■ 65, 32.599,
338.001

■ 51, 58.794,
145.514

■ 67, 39.292,
338.401

■ 50, 63.233,

■ 69, 45.766,
338.769

143.594

71, 52.025,
339.109

50, 65.242,
142.722

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 11.574, 154.594



52, 11.667, 336.687

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 11.574, 154.594



56, 11.574, 204.594



56, 11.574, 334.594



56, 11.574, 24.594

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 11.575, 154.593



73, 4.730, 155.383



57, 12.229, 121.614



38, 3.254, 155.332



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 11.575, 154.593



71, 17.122, 154.320



56, 8.350, 183.284



28, 4.280, 155.062



48, 62.801, 142.827



1, 1.983, 155.667

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52, 11.667, 336.687



65, 17.281, 336.935



52, 8.874, 5.898



27, 4.305, 336.248



29, 55.959, 346.713



0, 1.983, 335.660

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 11.574, 154.594 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 11.574, 154.594 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

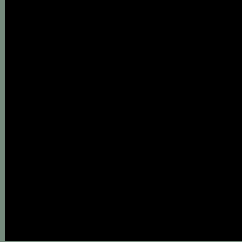
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

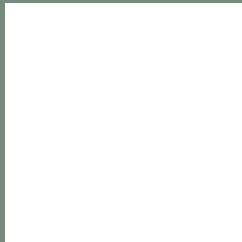
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 11.574, 154.594

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 11.574, 154.594.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 11.574, 154.594.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56, 11.574, 154.594

Protanopia

56, 6.730, 88.011

Deuteranopia

56, 8.249, 28.124



Tritanopia
56, 8.045, 250.834

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 11.574, 154.594

Protanomaly
56, 7.045, 122.593

Deuteranomaly
56, 4.465, 82.760

Tritanomaly
56, 6.142, 209.664

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 11.574, 154.594

Achromatopsia
55, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
55, 4.287, 157.126

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 11.574, 154.594 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(118, 139, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(118, 139, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(118, 139, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(118, 139, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 11.574, 154.594 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(118, 139, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(118, 139, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(118, 139, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(118, 139, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 139, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(118, 139,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 11.574, 154.594 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(118, 139, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(118,  
139, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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