

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 13.020, 35.474)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 13.020, 35.474) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 12.860, 33.373)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9D7F7A
RGB	157, 127, 122
RGB Percent	62%, 50%, 48%
CMY	0.3826, 0.5003, 0.5200
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.22, 0.38
HSL	9°, 15%, 55%
HSV	9°, 22%, 62%
XYZ	25.1701, 23.9124, 21.8342
YIQ	135.4000, 19.4850, 4.8050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

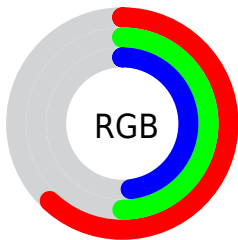
Format	Color
R_{YB}	157, 128, 122
Decimal	10321786
CIE Lab	56.00, 10.74, 7.07
CIE LCh	56, 12.860, 33.373
Yxy	23.9124, 0.3549, 0.3372
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288511866 (0xFF9D7F7A)
YUV	135.4000, -6.6062, 18.9432
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, 6.3025, 7.7570

Details

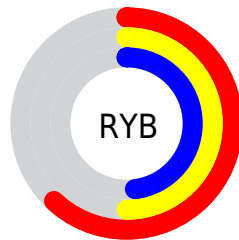
The CIELCh color $56, 12.860, 33.373$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $61, 11.080, 213.318$, and the grayscale version is $57, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $76, 12.851, 34.770$, and $36, 12.884, 34.900$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52, 19.418, 33.780$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $60, 6.795, 33.127$.

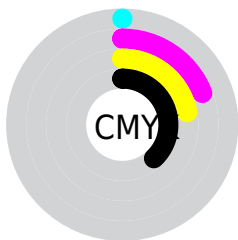
Distribution



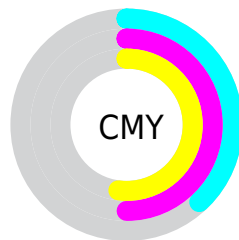
- Red (62%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 12.860, 33.373 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 12.860, 33.373 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56, 12.860, 33.373

■ 56, 12.860, 33.373

■ 100, 12.860,
33.373

■ 46, 12.860, 33.373

■ 76, 12.860, 33.373

■ 36, 12.860, 33.373

■ 86, 12.860, 33.373

■ 26, 12.860, 33.373

■ 96, 12.860, 33.373

■ 16, 12.860, 33.373

■ 6, 12.860, 33.373

■ 0, 12.860, 33.373

■ 56, 12.860, 33.373

■ 56, 12.860, 33.373

■ 52, 19.418, 33.780

■ 60, 6.795, 33.127

■ 48, 26.482, 34.381

■ 64, 1.197, 32.710

45, 34.027, 35.238

68, 3.975, 213.210

42, 41.975, 36.392

72, 8.765, 213.214

39, 50.159, 37.848

76, 13.215,
213.316

37, 58.241, 39.496

80, 17.365,
213.464

35, 65.485, 40.953

34, 70.287, 42.083

85, 21.253,
213.643

89, 24.911,
213.842

93, 28.179,
204.223

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 12.860, 33.373



61, 11.080, 213.318

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 12.860, 33.373



56, 12.860, 83.373



56, 12.860, 213.373



56, 12.860, 263.373

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 12.859, 33.382



79, 4.698, 33.012



56, 21.946, 329.597



41, 3.052, 33.025



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 12.859, 33.382



69, 19.695, 33.569



61, 13.557, 85.559



31, 3.110, 33.062



30, 64.925, 41.904



1, 3.954, 32.291

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61, 11.080, 213.318



76, 16.309, 213.449



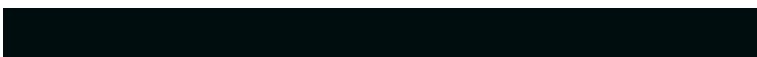
56, 13.370, 271.568



33, 2.935, 213.194



47, 28.370, 222.523



3, 3.860, 216.044

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 12.860, 33.373 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 56, 12.860, 33.373 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

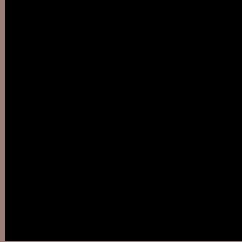
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

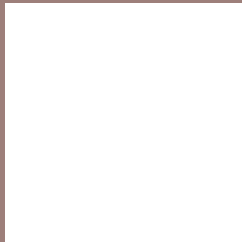
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 12.860, 33.373

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 12.860, 33.373.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 12.860, 33.373.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56, 12.860, 33.373

Protanopia

56, 4.977, 85.621

Deuteranopia

56, 10.239, 46.506



Tritanopia
56, 14.797, 358.510

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 12.860, 33.373

Protanomaly
56, 6.985, 54.554

Deuteranomaly
56, 11.171, 41.171

Tritanomaly
56, 13.237, 10.999

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 12.860, 33.373

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
56, 4.559, 34.196

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 12.860, 33.373 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(157, 127, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 127, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 127, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 127, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 12.860, 33.373 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 127, 122) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 127, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(157, 127, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(157, 127, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 127, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 127,  
122) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 12.860, 33.373 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 127, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157,  
127, 122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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