

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 13.130, 202.795)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 13.130, 202.795)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 13.349, 203.115)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	688D8F
RGB	104, 141, 143
RGB Percent	41%, 55%, 56%
CMY	0.5928, 0.4477, 0.4399
CMYK	0.27, 0.01, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	183°, 16%, 48%
HSV	183°, 27%, 56%
XYZ	20.1360, 23.9124, 29.4751
YIQ	130.1650, -22.6940, -7.2220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

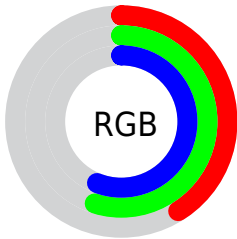
Format	Color
RYB	104, 123, 143
Decimal	6851983
CIELab	56.00, -12.28, -5.24
CIELCh	56, 13.349, 203.115
Yxy	23.9124, 0.2739, 0.3252
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285042063 (0xFF688D8F)
YUV	130.1650, 6.3277, -22.9467
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, -12.0736, -1.5074

Details

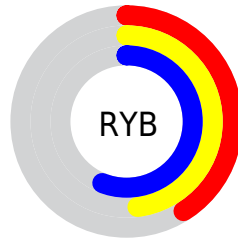
The CIELCh color **56, 13.349, 203.115** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **48, 16.035, 25.471**, and the grayscale version is **54, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76, 13.531, 203.009**, and **36, 13.379, 203.071** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55, 17.531, 202.939**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57, 8.742, 203.374**.

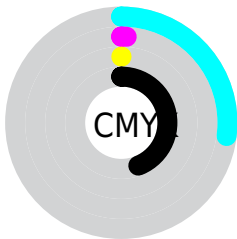
Distribution



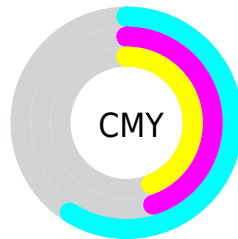
- Red (41%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (44%)





- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (44%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 13.349, 203.115 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 13.349, 203.115 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 56, 13.349,
203.115


 56, 13.349,
203.115


 100, 13.349,
203.115


 46, 13.349,
203.115


 76, 13.349,
203.115

 36, 13.349,
203.115

 86, 13.349,
203.115

 26, 13.349,
203.115

 96, 13.349,
203.115

 16, 13.349,
203.115

 6, 13.349, 203.115

 0, 13.349, 203.115

■ 56, 13.349,
203.115

■ 56, 13.349,
203.115

■ 55, 17.531,
202.939

■ 57, 8.742, 203.374

■ 54, 21.207,
202.869

■ 58, 3.789, 203.752

■ 53, 24.305,
202.915

■ 60, 1.432, 23.703

■ 53, 26.769,
203.093

■ 61, 6.855, 24.352

■ 52, 28.570,
203.419

■ 63, 12.421, 24.821

■ 52, 29.716,
203.906

■ 64, 18.082, 25.296

■ 51, 30.310,
204.544

■ 66, 23.797, 25.780

■ 51, 30.448,

■ 68, 29.537, 26.270

■ 70, 35.277, 26.761

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 13.349, 203.115



48, 16.035, 25.471

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 13.349, 203.115



56, 13.349, 253.115



56, 13.349, 23.115



56, 13.349, 73.115

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 13.349, 203.110



74, 5.143, 203.710



56, 26.316, 143.985



39, 3.671, 203.649



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 13.349, 203.110



71, 19.543, 202.990



50, 13.818, 264.736



30, 2.916, 203.666



49, 29.257, 204.675



2, 2.016, 203.918

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 26.308, 327.325



60, 39.367, 327.671



54, 14.528, 77.212



28, 5.416, 326.319



31, 69.335, 330.323



1, 3.638, 325.841

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 13.349, 203.115 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 56, 13.349, 203.115 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

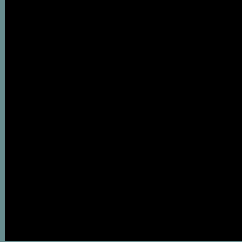
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

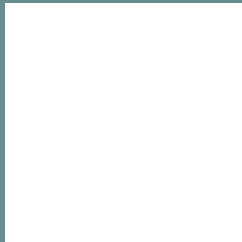
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 13.349, 203.115

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 13.349, 203.115.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 13.349, 203.115.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
56, 13.349, 203.115

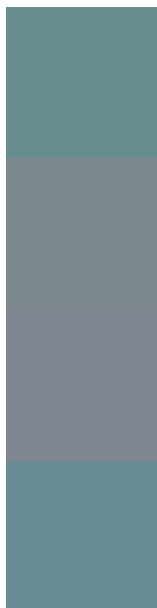
Protanopia
56, 2.984, 305.651

Deuteranopia
56, 9.812, 319.238



Tritanopia
56, 13.331, 226.772

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 13.349, 203.115

Protanomaly
56, 5.054, 226.091

Deuteranomaly
56, 6.118, 269.130

Tritanomaly
56, 13.096, 218.927

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 13.349, 203.115

Achromatopsia
54, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
55, 5.376, 205.097

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 13.349, 203.115 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 141, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 141, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 141, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 141, 143) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 13.349, 203.115 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 141, 143) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 141, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 141, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 141, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 141, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 141,  
143) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 13.349, 203.115 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 141, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104,  
141, 143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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