

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 14.596, 26.458)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 14.596, 26.458) contains.

CIELCh(56, 14.716, 27.542)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(56, 14.716, 27.542)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A17E7B
RGB	161, 126, 123
RGB Percent	63%, 49%, 48%
CMY	0.3688, 0.5060, 0.5178
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.24, 0.37
HSL	5°, 17%, 56%
HSV	5°, 24%, 63%
XYZ	25.7170, 23.9124, 21.9854
YIQ	136.1230, 21.8230, 6.4870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

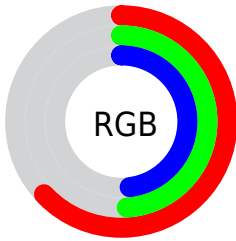
Format	Color
R_{YB}	161, 126, 123
Decimal	10583675
CIE _{Lab}	56.00, 13.05, 6.80
CIE _{LCh}	56, 14.716, 27.542
Yxy	23.9124, 0.3591, 0.3339
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288773755 (0xFFA17E7B)
YUV	136.1230, -6.4696, 21.8171
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, 8.2988, 7.5737

Details

The CIELCh color $56, 14.716, 27.542$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $63, 12.550, 206.094$, and the grayscale version is $57, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $76, 14.545, 28.965$, and $36, 14.890, 28.650$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52, 21.796, 28.317$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $60, 8.146, 26.975$.

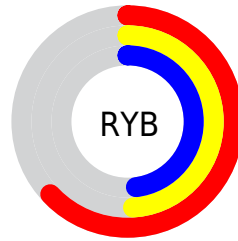
Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (49%)

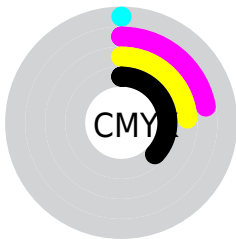
Blue (48%)



Red (63%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (48%)

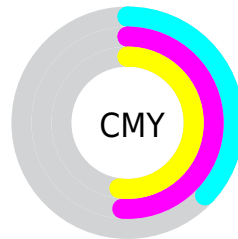


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (24%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (37%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 14.716, 27.542 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 14.716, 27.542 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56, 14.716, 27.542

■ 56, 14.716, 27.542

■ 100, 14.716,
27.542

■ 46, 14.716, 27.542

■ 76, 14.716, 27.542

■ 36, 14.716, 27.542

■ 86, 14.716, 27.542

■ 26, 14.716, 27.542

■ 96, 14.716, 27.542

■ 16, 14.716, 27.542

■ 6, 14.716, 27.542

■ 0, 14.716, 27.542

■ 56, 14.716, 27.542

■ 56, 14.716, 27.542

■ 52, 21.796, 28.317

■ 60, 8.146, 26.975

■ 48, 29.376, 29.350

■ 65, 2.074, 26.416

44, 37.390, 30.721

69, 3.535, 206.511

41, 45.710, 32.494

74, 8.725, 206.253

38, 54.110, 34.680

78, 13.541,
206.125

36, 62.185, 37.142

83, 18.026,
206.059

34, 69.079, 39.370

34, 72.753, 40.822

87, 22.221,
206.035

92, 26.161,
206.042

94, 29.144,
197.622

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 14.716, 27.542



63, 12.550, 206.094

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 14.716, 27.542



56, 14.716, 77.542



56, 14.716, 207.542



56, 14.716, 257.542

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 14.715, 27.549



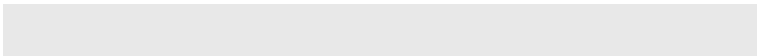
80, 5.053, 26.652



56, 24.827, 327.591



42, 3.283, 26.680



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 14.715, 27.549



69, 22.027, 27.898



61, 13.921, 79.279



32, 3.366, 26.761



30, 66.992, 40.546



1, 5.097, 25.811

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 12.550, 206.094



79, 18.098, 206.050



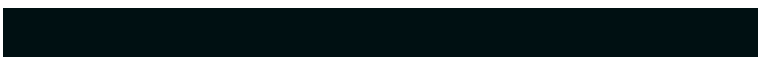
57, 13.415, 265.766



34, 3.174, 206.386



51, 29.938, 209.781



4, 4.958, 208.917

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 14.716, 27.542 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

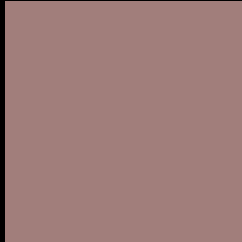
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 14.716, 27.542 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

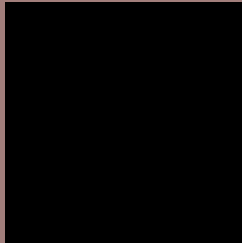
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 14.716, 27.542

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 14.716, 27.542.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 14.716, 27.542.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56, 14.716, 27.542

Protanopia

56, 4.459, 82.766

Deuteranopia

56, 10.239, 46.506



Tritanopia
56, 16.343, 0.975

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 14.716, 27.542

Protanomaly
56, 7.137, 43.433

Deuteranomaly
56, 11.572, 40.453

Tritanomaly
56, 15.373, 10.522

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 14.716, 27.542

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
56, 5.258, 26.073

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 14.716, 27.542 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 126, 123)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 126, 123)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 126, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 126, 123) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 14.716, 27.542 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

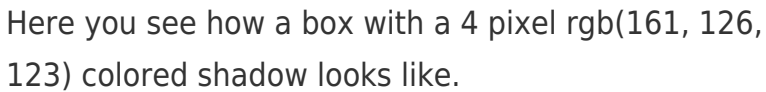
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 126, 123) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 126, 123) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 126, 123)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 126, 123); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 126, 123); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 126, 123) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 14.716, 27.542 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 126, 123) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
126, 123) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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