

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 14.856, 179.625)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 14.856, 179.625)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 14.942, 180.049)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	688E86
RGB	104, 142, 134
RGB Percent	41%, 56%, 53%
CMY	0.5931, 0.4441, 0.4755
CMYK	0.27, 0.00, 0.06, 0.44
HSL	167°, 15%, 48%
HSV	167°, 27%, 56%
XYZ	19.6007, 23.9124, 26.0446
YIQ	129.7260, -20.0800, -10.5440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

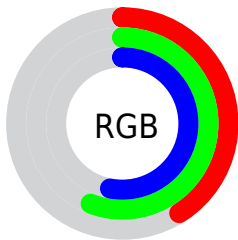
Format	Color
RYB	104, 125, 142
Decimal	6852230
CIELab	56.00, -14.94, -0.01
CIElCh	56, 14.942, 180.049
Yxy	23.9124, 0.2818, 0.3438
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285042310 (0xFF688E86)
YUV	129.7260, 2.1071, -22.5617
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, -14.0274, 2.6520

Details

The CIELCh color **56, 14.942, 180.049** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **48, 16.573, 5.243**, and the grayscale version is **54, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76, 15.106, 179.506**, and **36, 15.345, 178.418** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55, 20.041, 179.032**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57, 9.537, 181.007**.

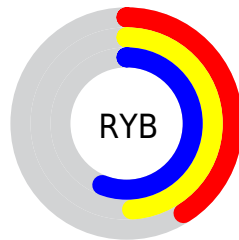
Distribution



Red (41%)

Green (56%)

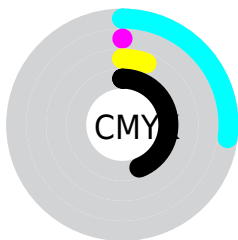
Blue (53%)



Red (41%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (56%)

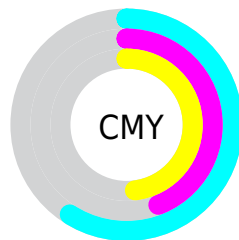


Cyan (27%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (59%)


Magenta (44%)


Yellow (48%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 14.942, 180.049 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 14.942, 180.049 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 56, 14.942,
180.049

 56, 14.942,
180.049


 100, 14.942,
180.049


 46, 14.942,
180.049


 76, 14.942,
180.049

 36, 14.942,
180.049

 86, 14.942,
180.049

 26, 14.942,
180.049

 96, 14.942,
180.049

 16, 14.942,
180.049

 6, 14.942, 180.049

 0, 14.942, 180.049

■ 56, 14.942,
180.049

■ 56, 14.942,
180.049

■ 55, 20.041,
179.032

■ 57, 9.537, 181.007

■ 54, 24.739,
177.946

■ 58, 3.910, 181.964

■ 54, 28.949,
176.770

■ 59, 1.859, 2.508

■ 53, 32.596,
175.481

■ 61, 7.704, 3.489

■ 53, 35.630,
174.059

■ 62, 13.570, 4.301

■ 53, 38.038,
172.484

■ 64, 19.416, 5.073

■ 52, 39.901,
170.767

■ 65, 25.210, 5.815

■ 52, 40.470,

■ 67, 30.927, 6.532

■ 69, 36.554, 7.225

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 14.942, 180.049



48, 16.573, 5.243

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 14.942, 180.049



56, 14.942, 230.049



56, 14.942, 0.049



56, 14.942, 50.049

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 14.943, 180.046



73, 5.671, 181.827



56, 24.788, 136.998



38, 4.010, 181.695



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 14.943, 180.046



70, 21.747, 179.459



53, 11.445, 231.744



30, 3.257, 181.728



50, 39.048, 170.321



2, 2.226, 182.463

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 16.573, 5.243



59, 24.724, 6.054



51, 13.417, 48.110



28, 3.370, 3.216



27, 56.865, 27.080



0, 2.227, 2.448

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 14.942, 180.049 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 14.942, 180.049 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

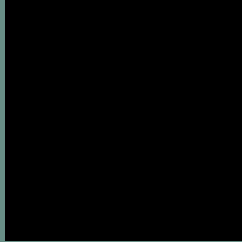
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

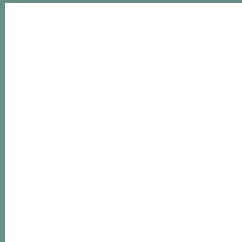
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 14.942, 180.049

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 14.942, 180.049.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 14.942, 180.049.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
56, 14.942, 180.049

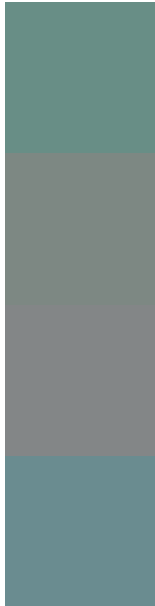
Protanopia
56, 2.776, 74.637

Deuteranopia
56, 7.237, 351.919



Tritanopia
56, 12.775, 228.207

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 14.942, 180.049

Protanomaly
56, 5.201, 165.565

Deuteranomaly
56, 1.297, 225.854

Tritanomaly
56, 12.410, 208.986

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 14.942, 180.049

Achromatopsia
54, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
55, 5.723, 181.325

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 14.942, 180.049 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 142, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 142, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 142, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 142, 134) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 14.942, 180.049 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 142, 134) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 142, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 142, 134)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 142, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 142, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 142,  
134) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 14.942, 180.049 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 142, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104,  
142, 134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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