

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 18.766, 324.281)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 18.766, 324.281)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 18.411, 324.341)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	987E99
RGB	152, 126, 153
RGB Percent	60%, 49%, 60%
CMY	0.4038, 0.5057, 0.3998
CMYK	0.01, 0.18, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	298°, 12%, 55%
HSV	298°, 18%, 60%
XYZ	26.1755, 23.9124, 33.3906
YIQ	136.8520, 6.8290, 13.9090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

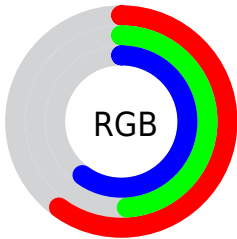
Format	Color
R_YB	152, 126, 153
Decimal	9993881
CIE _{Lab}	56.00, 14.96, -10.73
CIE _{LCh}	56, 18.411, 324.341
Y _{xy}	23.9124, 0.3136, 0.2864
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288183961 (0xFF987E99)
Y _{UV}	136.8520, 7.9610, 13.2848
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, 9.9726, -6.2547

Details

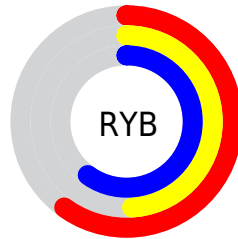
The CIELCh color $56, 18.411, 324.341$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996699 . A complement of this color would be $61, 18.372, 142.434$, and the grayscale version is $57, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $76, 18.031, 324.180$, and $36, 18.343, 324.557$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52, 28.875, 324.849$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $60, 7.933, 323.815$.

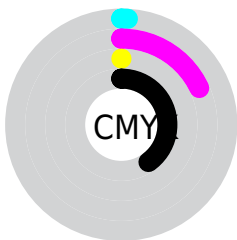
Distribution



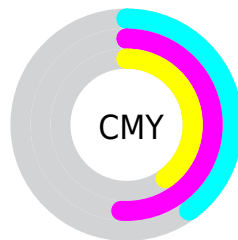
- Red (60%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)





- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (40%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 18.411, 324.341 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 18.411, 324.341 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 56, 18.411,
324.341


 56, 18.411,
324.341


 100, 18.411,
324.341


 46, 18.411,
324.341


 76, 18.411,
324.341

 36, 18.411,
324.341

 86, 18.411,
324.341

 26, 18.411,
324.341

 96, 18.411,
324.341

 16, 18.411,
324.341

 6, 18.411, 324.341

 0, 18.411, 324.341

56, 18.411,
324.341

56, 18.411,
324.341

52, 28.875,
324.849

60, 7.933, 323.815

48, 39.133,
325.333

64, 2.418, 143.419

45, 48.913,
325.778

68, 12.559,
142.855

42, 57.871,
326.164

73, 22.440,
142.372

39, 65.616,
326.474

77, 32.033,
141.915

38, 71.764,
326.687

82, 41.332,
141.485


36, 76.041,
326.793


86, 50.337,
141.082

35, 78.555,

90, 59.057,
140.705

326.799

 92, 62.629,
140.481

 35, 79.083,
326.797

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 18.411, 324.341



61, 18.372, 142.434

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 18.411, 324.341



56, 18.411, 14.341



56, 18.411, 144.341



56, 18.411, 194.341

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 18.409, 324.341



78, 6.417, 323.673



54, 14.800, 290.069



40, 4.369, 323.710



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 18.409, 324.341



70, 27.159, 324.535



56, 13.625, 342.449



30, 5.872, 323.901



32, 74.199, 326.808



1, 6.301, 323.319

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55, 11.071, 17.645



69, 16.537, 18.019



61, 13.395, 159.634



30, 3.440, 16.894



28, 64.881, 37.569



1, 3.603, 16.375

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 18.411, 324.341 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 18.411, 324.341 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

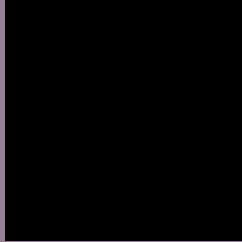
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 18.411, 324.341

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 18.411, 324.341.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 18.411, 324.341.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56, 18.411, 324.341

Protanopia

56, 14.338, 287.521

Deuteranopia

56, 12.457, 305.520



Tritanopia
56, 10.097, 346.112

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 18.411, 324.341

Protanomaly
56, 15.265, 303.088

Deuteranomaly
56, 14.422, 314.812

Tritanomaly
56, 12.848, 335.475

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 18.411, 324.341

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
57, 6.734, 322.016

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 18.411, 324.341 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 126, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 126, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 126, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 126, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 18.411, 324.341 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 126, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 126, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 126, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 126, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 126, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 126,  
153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 18.411, 324.341 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 126, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
126, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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