

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 19.478, 118.089)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 19.478, 118.089)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 19.529, 117.813)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	828A68
RGB	130, 138, 104
RGB Percent	51%, 54%, 41%
CMY	0.4903, 0.4589, 0.5922
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.25, 0.46
HSL	74°, 14%, 47%
HSV	74°, 25%, 54%
XYZ	20.7843, 23.9124, 16.6103
YIQ	131.7320, 6.1460, -12.2700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

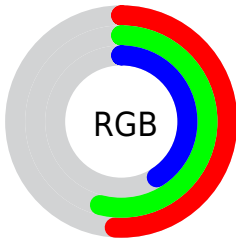
Format	Color
RYB	104, 138, 112
Decimal	8555112
CIELab	56.00, -9.11, 17.27
CIELCh	56, 19.529, 117.813
Yxy	23.9124, 0.3390, 0.3900
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286745192 (0xFF828A68)
YUV	131.7320, -13.6719, -1.5190
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, -9.7070, 14.0908

Details

The CIELCh color **56, 19.529, 117.813** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **46, 20.536, 301.116**, and the grayscale version is **55, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76, 19.481, 117.620**, and **36, 19.254, 118.206** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55, 27.296, 117.192**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57, 11.640, 118.448**.

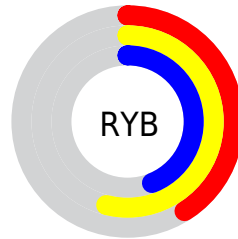
Distribution



Red (51%)

Green (54%)

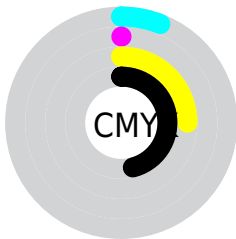
Blue (41%)



Red (41%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (44%)

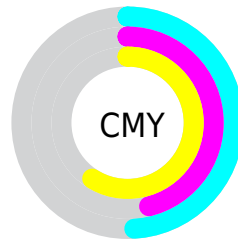


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (25%)

Black (46%)



Cyan (49%)


Magenta (46%)


Yellow (59%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 19.529, 117.813 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 19.529, 117.813 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 56, 19.529,
117.813


 56, 19.529,
117.813


 100, 19.529,
117.813


 46, 19.529,
117.813


 76, 19.529,
117.813

 36, 19.529,
117.813

 86, 19.529,
117.813

 26, 19.529,
117.813

 96, 19.529,
117.813

 16, 19.529,
117.813

 6, 19.529, 117.813

 0, 19.529, 117.813

■ 56, 19.529,
117.813

■ 56, 19.529,
117.813

■ 55, 27.296,
117.192

■ 57, 11.640,
118.448

■ 55, 34.841,
116.601

■ 57, 3.690, 119.073

■ 55, 42.023,
116.081

■ 58, 4.274, 299.666

■ 54, 48.634,
115.685

■ 59, 12.221,
300.243

■ 54, 54.386,
115.489

■ 59, 20.127,
300.787

■ 54, 58.939,
115.580

■ 60, 27.976,
301.297

■ 53, 62.034,
116.034

■ 61, 35.755,
301.774

■ 53, 63.460,

■ 62, 43.453,
302.217

116.318

■ 63, 51.064,
302.628

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 19.529, 117.813



46, 20.536, 301.116

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 19.529, 117.813



56, 19.529, 167.813



56, 19.529, 297.813



56, 19.529, 347.813

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 19.530, 117.816



72, 6.870, 118.917



49, 12.200, 42.700



38, 4.447, 118.888



87, 0.010, 296.813



38, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 19.530, 117.816



71, 29.248, 117.439



55, 21.954, 135.647



29, 4.481, 118.792



51, 61.643, 116.272



1, 2.087, 119.350

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 20.536, 301.116



55, 31.183, 301.638



47, 22.297, 317.799



27, 4.567, 299.937



15, 80.480, 307.800



0, 2.088, 299.349

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 19.529, 117.813 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 19.529, 117.813 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

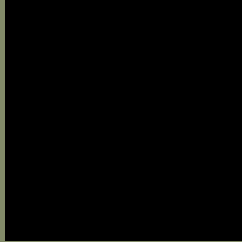
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 19.529, 117.813

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 19.529, 117.813.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 19.529, 117.813.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
56, 19.529, 117.813

Protanopia
56, 18.585, 95.906

Deuteranopia
56, 18.032, 66.275



Tritanopia
56, 5.795, 298.466

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 19.529, 117.813

Protanomaly
56, 18.191, 103.922

Deuteranomaly
56, 16.720, 85.572

Tritanomaly
56, 3.519, 122.832

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 19.529, 117.813

Achromatopsia
55, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
55, 6.967, 119.379

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 19.529, 117.813 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 138, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 138, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 138, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 138, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 19.529, 117.813 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 138, 104) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 138, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(130, 138, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 138, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 138, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 138,  
104) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 19.529, 117.813 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 138, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130,  
138, 104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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