

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 19.902, 28.335)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 19.902, 28.335) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 19.646, 28.071)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A97B77
RGB	169, 123, 119
RGB Percent	66%, 48%, 47%
CMY	0.3375, 0.5178, 0.5335
CMYK	0.00, 0.27, 0.30, 0.34
HSL	5°, 23%, 56%
HSV	5°, 30%, 66%
XYZ	26.7533, 23.9124, 20.6421
YIQ	136.2980, 28.7000, 8.5080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

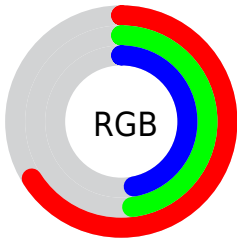
Format	Color
R_{YB}	169, 123, 119
Decimal	11107191
CIE _{Lab}	56.00, 17.33, 9.24
CIE _{LCh}	56, 19.646, 28.071
Yxy	23.9124, 0.3752, 0.3353
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289297271 (0xFFA97B77)
YUV	136.2980, -8.5279, 28.6797
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, 12.0815, 9.2024

Details

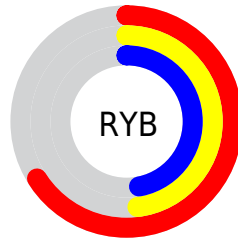
The CIELCh color **56, 19.646, 28.071** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **65, 15.993, 206.158**, and the grayscale version is **57, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76, 19.496, 28.803**, and **36, 19.745, 27.722** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52, 27.327, 28.996**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60, 12.493, 27.397**.

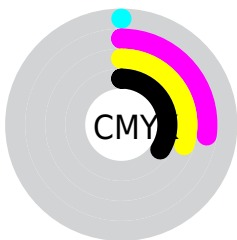
Distribution



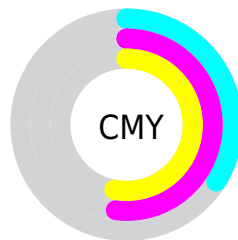
- Red (66%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (34%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 19.646, 28.071 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 19.646, 28.071 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56, 19.646, 28.071

■ 56, 19.646, 28.071

■ 100, 19.646,
28.071

■ 46, 19.646, 28.071

■ 76, 19.646, 28.071

■ 36, 19.646, 28.071

■ 86, 19.646, 28.071

■ 26, 19.646, 28.071

■ 96, 19.646, 28.071

■ 16, 19.646, 28.071

■ 6, 19.646, 28.071

■ 0, 19.646, 28.071

■ 56, 19.646, 28.071

■ 56, 19.646, 28.071

■ 52, 27.327, 28.996

■ 60, 12.493, 27.397

■ 48, 35.497, 30.227

■ 65, 5.874, 26.875

44, 44.050, 31.838

69, 0.240, 208.672

41, 52.792, 33.871

74, 5.888, 206.483

39, 61.390, 36.260

79, 11.119,
206.300

37, 69.173, 38.663

83, 15.977,
206.203

35, 75.329, 40.790

35, 75.567, 40.898

88, 20.509,
206.159

93, 24.753,
206.152

95, 27.038,
197.751

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 19.646, 28.071



65, 15.993, 206.158

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 19.646, 28.071



56, 19.646, 78.071



56, 19.646, 208.071



56, 19.646, 258.071

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 19.645, 28.077



82, 6.802, 26.854



56, 32.340, 327.933



43, 4.747, 26.923



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 19.645, 28.077



68, 30.378, 28.696



62, 18.350, 78.484



33, 3.450, 26.860



31, 67.940, 40.625



2, 6.146, 25.555

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65, 15.993, 206.158



81, 23.368, 206.159



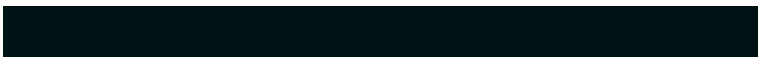
58, 17.494, 266.892



35, 3.253, 206.490



52, 30.287, 209.999



5, 5.928, 209.647

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 19.646, 28.071 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

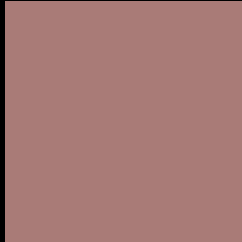
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 56, 19.646, 28.071 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

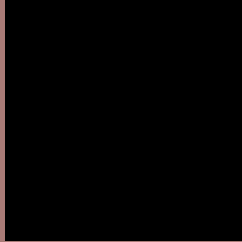
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 19.646, 28.071

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 19.646, 28.071.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 19.646, 28.071.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56, 19.646, 28.071

Protanopia

56, 5.505, 87.918

Deuteranopia

56, 12.247, 53.931



Tritanopia
56, 20.659, 7.595

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 19.646, 28.071

Protanomaly
56, 9.199, 45.728

Deuteranomaly
56, 14.519, 41.212

Tritanomaly
56, 20.011, 15.227

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 19.646, 28.071

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
56, 6.903, 24.780

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 19.646, 28.071 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 123, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 123, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 123, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 123, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 19.646, 28.071 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 123, 119) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 123, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 123, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 123, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 123, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 123,  
119) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 19.646, 28.071 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 123, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169,  
123, 119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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