

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 20.935, 105.278)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 20.935, 105.278)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 20.935, 105.278)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8A8863
RGB	138, 136, 99
RGB Percent	54%, 53%, 39%
CMY	0.4588, 0.4667, 0.6118
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.28, 0.46
HSL	57°, 16%, 46%
HSV	57°, 28%, 54%
XYZ	21.5375, 23.9124, 15.2846
YIQ	132.3800, 13.0690, -11.0830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

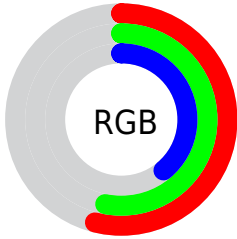
Format	Color
RYB	101, 138, 99
Decimal	9078883
CIELab	56.00, -5.52, 20.20
CIELCh	56, 20.935, 105.278
Yxy	23.9124, 0.3546, 0.3937
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287268963 (0xFF8A8863)
YUV	132.3800, -16.4563, 4.9287
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, -6.9577, 15.6982

Details

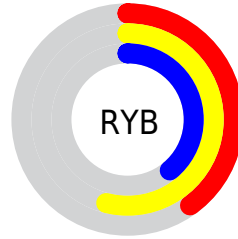
The CIELCh color $56, 20.935, 105.278$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999966 . A complement of this color would be $44, 22.198, 291.453$, and the grayscale version is $55, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $76, 20.845, 104.911$, and $36, 20.694, 105.361$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $56, 28.174, 104.300$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $56, 13.571, 106.269$.

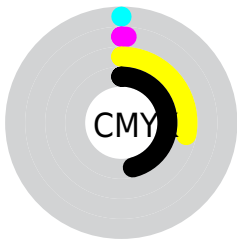
Distribution



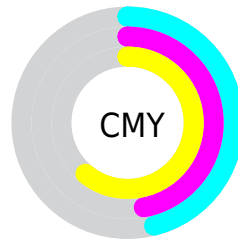
- Red (54%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Black (46%)





- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 20.935, 105.278 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 20.935, 105.278 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 56, 20.935,
105.278


 56, 20.935,
105.278


 100, 20.935,
105.278


 46, 20.935,
105.278


 76, 20.935,
105.278

 36, 20.935,
105.278

 86, 20.935,
105.278

 26, 20.935,
105.278

 96, 20.935,
105.278

 16, 20.935,
105.278

 6, 20.935, 105.278

 0, 20.935, 105.278

■ 56, 20.935,
105.278

■ 56, 20.935,
105.278

■ 56, 28.174,
104.300

■ 56, 13.571,
106.269

■ 55, 35.180,
103.340

■ 57, 6.144, 107.245

■ 58, 1.303, 288.268

■ 55, 41.792,
102.423

■ 58, 8.742, 289.163

■ 54, 47.768,
101.575

■ 59, 16.156,
290.063

■ 54, 52.779,
100.824

■ 60, 23.533,
290.929

■ 54, 56.448,
100.193

■ 60, 30.866,
291.756

■ 54, 58.788, 99.674

■ 61, 38.146,
292.542

■ 54, 59.185, 99.586

■ 62, 45.371,
293.287

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 20.935, 105.278



44, 22.198, 291.453

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 20.935, 105.278



56, 20.935, 155.278



56, 20.935, 285.278



56, 20.935, 335.278

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 20.936, 105.282



72, 7.341, 107.254



46, 16.871, 16.458



38, 5.197, 107.124



87, 0.010, 296.813



38, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 20.936, 105.282



71, 30.968, 104.645



55, 23.203, 125.373



29, 4.190, 107.159



52, 57.505, 99.599



1, 1.951, 108.050

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44, 22.198, 291.453



53, 33.372, 292.464



45, 24.241, 308.152



27, 4.269, 289.001



15, 79.674, 305.375



0, 1.952, 288.052

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 56, 20.935, 105.278 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 20.935, 105.278 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

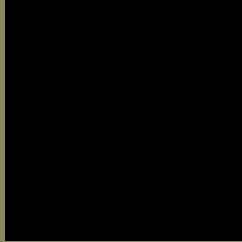
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 20.935, 105.278

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 20.935, 105.278.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 20.935, 105.278.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


56, 20.935, 105.278

Protanopia

56, 20.882, 95.652

Deuteranopia

56, 20.605, 70.114



Tritanopia
56, 7.433, 329.851

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 20.935, 105.278

Protanomaly
56, 21.166, 99.372

Deuteranomaly
56, 20.080, 83.544

Tritanomaly
56, 5.135, 70.460

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 20.935, 105.278

Achromatopsia
55, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
55, 7.432, 106.115

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 20.935, 105.278 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 136, 99)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 136, 99)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 136, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 136, 99) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 20.935, 105.278 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 136, 99) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 136, 99) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(138, 136, 99)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 136, 99); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 136, 99);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 136,  
99) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 20.935, 105.278 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 136, 99) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138,  
136, 99) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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