

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 21.850, 265.169)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 21.850, 265.169)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 22.038, 265.084)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6A89AC
RGB	106, 137, 172
RGB Percent	42%, 54%, 67%
CMY	0.5845, 0.4630, 0.3257
CMYK	0.38, 0.20, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	212°, 28%, 54%
HSV	212°, 38%, 67%
XYZ	22.3156, 23.9124, 42.4400
YIQ	131.7210, -29.7110, 4.3130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

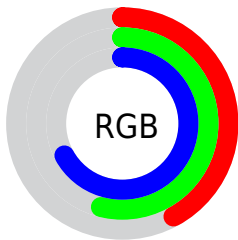
Format	Color
R _Y B	106, 127, 172
Decimal	6982060
CIE Lab	56.00, -1.89, -21.96
CIE LCh	56, 22.038, 265.084
Yxy	23.9124, 0.2517, 0.2697
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285172140 (0xFF6A89AC)
YUV	131.7210, 19.8575, -22.5573
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, -4.1172, -17.2268

Details

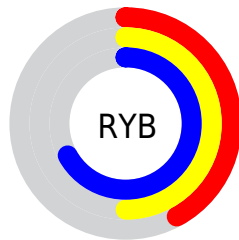
The CIELCh color `56, 22.038, 265.084` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `6699CC`. A complement of this color would be `61, 24.037, 73.759`, and the grayscale version is `55, 0.007, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `76, 21.955, 264.840`, and `36, 22.354, 266.259` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `52, 27.653, 267.549`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `60, 16.361, 262.996`.

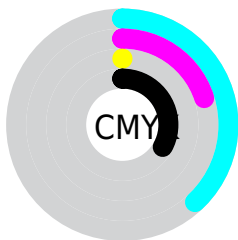
Distribution



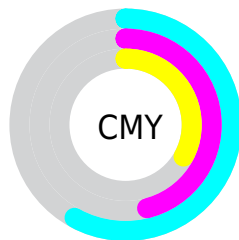
- Red (42%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (33%)





- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (33%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 22.038, 265.084 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 22.038, 265.084 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 56, 22.038,
265.084


 56, 22.038,
265.084


 100, 22.038,
265.084


 46, 22.038,
265.084


 76, 22.038,
265.084

 36, 22.038,
265.084

 86, 22.038,
265.084

 26, 22.038,
265.084

 96, 22.038,
265.084

 16, 22.038,
265.084

 6, 22.038, 265.084

 0, 22.038, 265.084

■ 56, 22.038,
265.084

■ 56, 22.038,
265.084

■ 52, 27.653,
267.549

■ 60, 16.361,
262.996

■ 49, 33.215,
270.443

■ 63, 10.631,
261.237

■ 45, 38.750,
273.793

■ 67, 4.861, 259.771

■ 42, 44.312,
277.586

■ 71, 0.930, 78.099

■ 75, 6.727, 77.289

■ 39, 49.969,
281.738

■ 79, 12.514, 76.366

■ 36, 55.794,
286.010

■ 82, 18.277, 75.553

■ 86, 24.005, 74.838

■ 36, 56.761,
286.654

■ 89, 28.413, 77.972

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 22.038, 265.084



61, 24.037, 73.759

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 22.038, 265.084



56, 22.038, 315.084



56, 22.038, 85.084



56, 22.038, 135.084

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 22.037, 265.083



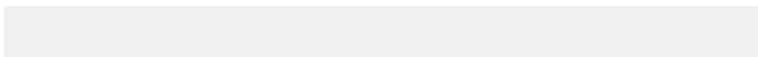
84, 8.632, 260.297



65, 30.008, 160.837



44, 5.716, 260.478



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 22.037, 265.083



68, 32.672, 267.138



47, 39.008, 295.664



35, 3.305, 259.894



31, 50.884, 286.145



3, 7.571, 266.895

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 31.298, 349.168



64, 46.372, 350.329



69, 35.420, 107.294



34, 4.551, 346.052



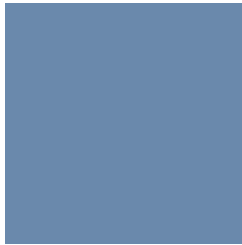
32, 57.017, 4.091



2, 8.985, 350.428

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 22.038, 265.084 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

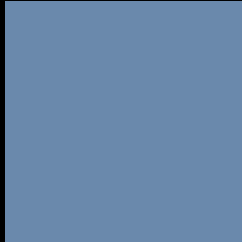
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 56, 22.038, 265.084 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

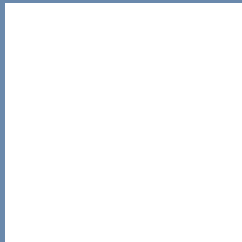
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 22.038, 265.084

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 22.038, 265.084.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 22.038, 265.084.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56, 22.038, 265.084

Protanopia

56, 21.279, 286.146

Deuteranopia

56, 23.520, 287.923



Tritanopia
56, 15.011, 223.204

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 22.038, 265.084

Protanomaly
56, 21.132, 277.714

Deuteranomaly
56, 22.712, 279.946

Tritanomaly
56, 16.281, 240.692

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 22.038, 265.084

Achromatopsia
55, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
55, 8.403, 262.054

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 22.038, 265.084 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(106, 137, 172)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(106, 137, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 137, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(106, 137, 172) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 22.038, 265.084 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(106, 137, 172) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(106, 137, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(106, 137, 172)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(106, 137, 172); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 137, 172);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 137,  
172) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 22.038, 265.084 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(106, 137, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(106,  
137, 172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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