

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 22.764, 251.362)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 22.764, 251.362)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 22.557, 250.869)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D8CAB
RGB	93, 140, 171
RGB Percent	36%, 55%, 67%
CMY	0.6364, 0.4521, 0.3306
CMYK	0.46, 0.18, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	204°, 32%, 52%
HSV	204°, 46%, 67%
XYZ	21.1422, 23.9124, 41.8797
YIQ	129.4810, -37.9630, -0.3230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

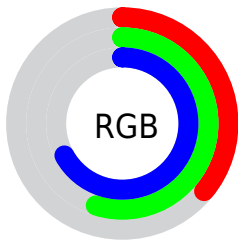
Format	Color
RYB	93, 122, 171
Decimal	6130859
CIELab	56.00, -7.39, -21.31
CIELCh	56, 22.557, 250.869
Yxy	23.9124, 0.2432, 0.2751
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284320939 (0xFF5D8CAB)
YUV	129.4810, 20.4689, -31.9938
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, -8.4004, -16.5475

Details

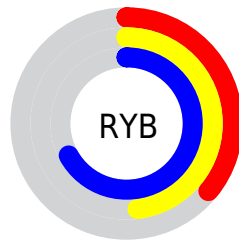
The CIELCh color `56, 22.557, 250.869` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `6699CC`. A complement of this color would be `56, 28.059, 59.204`, and the grayscale version is `54, 0.007, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `76, 22.281, 249.685`, and `36, 22.651, 251.454` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `53, 26.830, 253.521`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `59, 18.006, 248.682`.

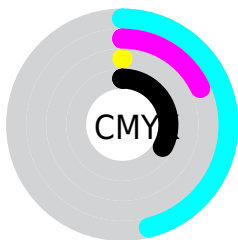
Distribution



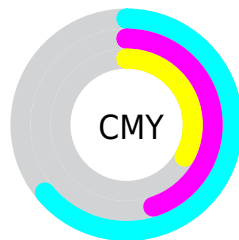
- Red (36%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (33%)





- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (33%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 22.557, 250.869 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 22.557, 250.869 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 56, 22.557,
250.869


 56, 22.557,
250.869


 100, 22.557,
250.869


 46, 22.557,
250.869


 76, 22.557,
250.869

 36, 22.557,
250.869

 86, 22.557,
250.869

 26, 22.557,
250.869

 96, 22.557,
250.869

 16, 22.557,
250.869

 6, 22.557, 250.869

 0, 22.557, 250.869

56, 22.557,
250.869

56, 22.557,
250.869

53, 26.830,
253.521

59, 18.006,
248.682

50, 30.823,
256.710

62, 13.208,
246.891

48, 34.563,
260.480

65, 8.197, 245.430

45, 38.123,
264.823

68, 3.016, 244.294

71, 2.299, 62.981

43, 41.621,
269.629

74, 7.711, 62.261

42, 43.180,
271.651

78, 13.192, 61.577

81, 18.716, 60.989

84, 24.263, 60.485

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 22.557, 250.869



56, 28.059, 59.204

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 22.557, 250.869



56, 22.557, 300.869



56, 22.557, 70.869



56, 22.557, 120.869

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 22.556, 250.868



83, 9.071, 245.244



64, 39.241, 153.558



44, 6.293, 245.517



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 22.556, 250.868



68, 32.770, 253.605



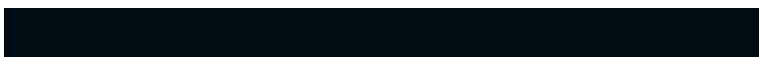
45, 41.018, 291.796



34, 2.949, 244.654



37, 38.506, 271.004



3, 5.666, 252.667

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 39.806, 342.504



60, 58.147, 343.726



66, 37.464, 100.090



33, 4.862, 339.153



32, 58.476, 352.077



2, 8.323, 342.323

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 22.557, 250.869 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

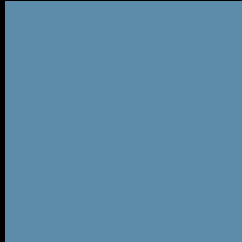
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 56, 22.557, 250.869 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 22.557, 250.869

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 22.557, 250.869.

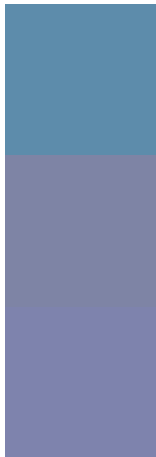


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 22.557, 250.869.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56, 22.557, 250.869

Protanopia

56, 18.984, 286.043

Deuteranopia

56, 24.100, 288.939



Tritanopia
56, 19.047, 217.298

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 22.557, 250.869

Protanomaly
56, 19.412, 270.766

Deuteranomaly
56, 22.523, 275.505

Tritanomaly
56, 19.449, 230.319

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 22.557, 250.869

Achromatopsia
54, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
55, 8.775, 245.341

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 22.557, 250.869 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 140, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 140, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 140, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 140, 171) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 22.557, 250.869 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 140, 171) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 140, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(93, 140, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 140, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 140, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 140,  
171) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 22.557, 250.869 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 140, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 140,  
171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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