

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 24.205, 301.668)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 24.205, 301.668)
contains.

CIELCh(56, 24.496, 302.079)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(56, 24.496, 302.079)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8B80AA
RGB	139, 128, 170
RGB Percent	55%, 50%, 67%
CMY	0.4540, 0.4972, 0.3325
CMYK	0.18, 0.25, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	256°, 20%, 59%
HSV	256°, 25%, 67%
XYZ	25.7078, 23.9124, 41.4018
YIQ	136.0770, -6.9260, 15.3940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

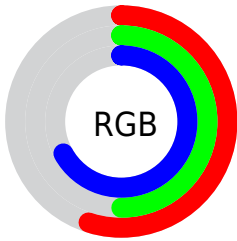
Format	Color
R_{YB}	139, 128, 170
Decimal	9142442
CIE _{Lab}	56.00, 13.01, -20.76
CIE _{LCh}	56, 24.496, 302.079
Yxy	23.9124, 0.2824, 0.2627
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287332522 (0xFF8B80AA)
YUV	136.0770, 16.7240, 2.5635
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, 8.2651, -15.9681

Details

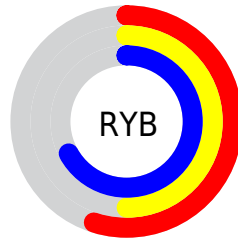
The CIELCh color $56, 24.496, 302.079$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `9999CC`. A complement of this color would be $68, 23.303, 118.868$, and the grayscale version is $57, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $76, 24.175, 302.085$, and $36, 24.564, 301.659$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $50, 35.029, 302.938$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $62, 14.310, 301.314$.

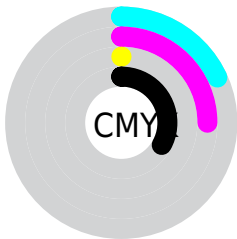
Distribution



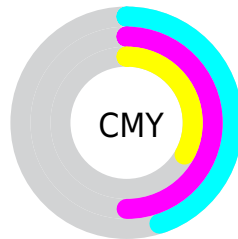
- Red (55%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 24.496, 302.079 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 24.496, 302.079 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56, 24.496,
302.079

■ 56, 24.496,
302.079

■ 100, 24.496,
302.079

■ 46, 24.496,
302.079

■ 76, 24.496,
302.079

■ 36, 24.496,
302.079

■ 86, 24.496,
302.079

■ 26, 24.496,
302.079

■ 96, 24.496,
302.079

■ 16, 24.496,
302.079

■ 6, 24.496, 302.079

■ 0, 24.496, 302.079

56, 24.496,
302.079

56, 24.496,
302.079

50, 35.029,
302.938

62, 14.310,
301.314

45, 45.868,
303.888

67, 4.485, 300.640

40, 56.893,
304.903

73, 4.992, 120.070

35, 67.845,
305.930

78, 14.134,
119.561

30, 78.221,
306.869

84, 22.962,
119.124

26, 87.184,
307.564

89, 31.494,
118.748


23, 93.655,
307.826

94, 39.748,
118.424

22, 96.461,

97, 42.878,
114.849

307.916

 98, 42.441,
108.363

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 24.496, 302.079



68, 23.303, 118.868

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 24.496, 302.079



56, 24.496, 352.079



56, 24.496, 122.079



56, 24.496, 172.079

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 24.495, 302.078



84, 8.355, 300.798



64, 12.348, 227.067



44, 5.478, 300.835



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 24.495, 302.078



68, 37.322, 302.571



58, 26.620, 318.341



33, 5.415, 300.940



18, 86.877, 308.013



1, 9.693, 298.970

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59, 23.731, 334.439



72, 35.770, 334.868



66, 26.233, 136.121



33, 5.354, 333.359



33, 63.264, 341.862



2, 9.218, 335.645

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 24.496, 302.079 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 24.496, 302.079 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

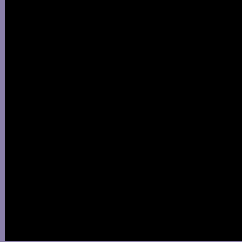
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 24.496, 302.079

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 24.496, 302.079.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 24.496, 302.079.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


56, 24.496, 302.079

Protanopia

56, 23.009, 285.204

Deuteranopia

56, 21.767, 289.976



Tritanopia
56, 6.363, 297.830

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 24.496, 302.079

Protanomaly
56, 23.497, 292.074

Deuteranomaly
56, 22.379, 294.567

Tritanomaly
56, 13.420, 301.285

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 24.496, 302.079

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
56, 8.747, 301.164

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 24.496, 302.079 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(139, 128, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 128, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 128, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 128, 170) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 24.496, 302.079 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 128, 170) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 128, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(139, 128, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 128, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 128, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 128,  
170) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 24.496, 302.079 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 128, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139,  
128, 170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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