

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 25.597, 337.076)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 25.597, 337.076)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 25.617, 337.102)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A77898
RGB	167, 120, 152
RGB Percent	65%, 47%, 60%
CMY	0.3451, 0.5294, 0.4040
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.09, 0.35
HSL	319°, 21%, 56%
HSV	319°, 28%, 65%
XYZ	28.3169, 23.9124, 32.8252
YIQ	137.7010, 17.7400, 19.9160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

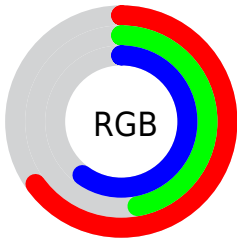
Format	Color
R_{YB}	167, 120, 152
Decimal	10975384
CIE Lab	56.00, 23.60, -9.97
CIE LCh	56, 25.617, 337.102
Yxy	23.9124, 0.3329, 0.2811
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289165464 (0xFFA77898)
YUV	137.7010, 7.0494, 25.6952
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, 17.7892, -5.5693

Details

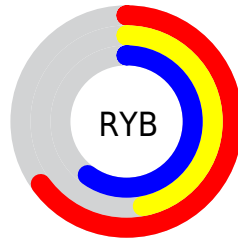
The CIELCh color $56, 25.617, 337.102$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996699 . A complement of this color would be $64, 25.316, 152.841$, and the grayscale version is $57, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $76, 25.434, 337.605$, and $36, 25.341, 337.033$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52, 34.591, 337.935$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $60, 16.469, 336.327$.

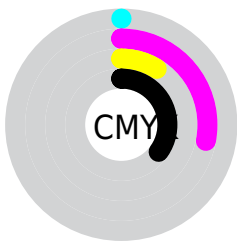
Distribution



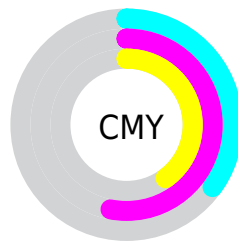
- Red (65%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (35%)





- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (40%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 25.617, 337.102 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 25.617, 337.102 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 56, 25.617,
337.102


 56, 25.617,
337.102


 100, 25.617,
337.102


 46, 25.617,
337.102


 76, 25.617,
337.102

 36, 25.617,
337.102

 86, 25.617,
337.102

 26, 25.617,
337.102

 96, 25.617,
337.102

 16, 25.617,
337.102

 6, 25.617, 337.102

 0, 25.617, 337.102

56, 25.617,
337.102

56, 25.617,
337.102

52, 34.591,
337.935

60, 16.469,
336.327

48, 43.130,
338.839

65, 7.341, 335.585

45, 50.876,
339.841

69, 1.649, 155.134

42, 57.407,
340.977

74, 10.430,
154.346

40, 62.301,
342.301

79, 18.965,
153.737

38, 65.247,
343.886

83, 27.238,
153.171

37, 66.371,
345.780

88, 35.248,
152.641

37, 66.533,

93, 43.005,
152.143

346.142

 93, 41.793,
154.388

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 25.617, 337.102



64, 25.316, 152.841

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 25.617, 337.102



56, 25.617, 27.102



56, 25.617, 157.102



56, 25.617, 207.102

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 25.615, 337.103



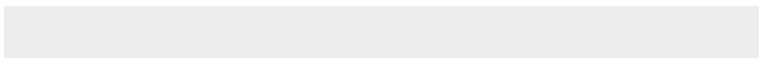
82, 8.918, 335.585



53, 27.816, 304.223



43, 6.396, 335.694



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 25.615, 337.103



68, 38.206, 337.634



55, 19.846, 7.521



33, 5.139, 335.670



32, 60.974, 345.904



2, 8.810, 338.415

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 25.615, 337.103



68, 38.206, 337.634



65, 17.595, 182.030



33, 5.139, 335.670



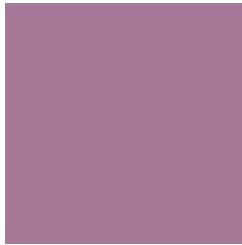
32, 60.974, 345.904



2, 8.810, 338.415

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 25.617, 337.102 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

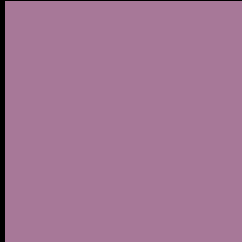
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 25.617, 337.102 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

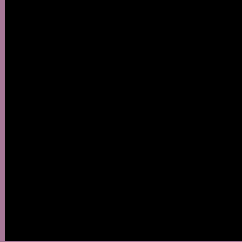
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 25.617, 337.102

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 25.617, 337.102.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 25.617, 337.102.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56, 25.617, 337.102

Protanopia

56, 16.067, 286.953

Deuteranopia

56, 11.460, 308.712



Tritanopia
56, 17.921, 3.062

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 25.617, 337.102

Protanomaly
56, 18.172, 309.930

Deuteranomaly
56, 16.372, 324.120

Tritanomaly
56, 20.225, 351.450

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 25.617, 337.102

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
57, 9.854, 336.473

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 25.617, 337.102 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(167, 120, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(167, 120, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 120, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(167, 120, 152) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 25.617, 337.102 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(167, 120, 152) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(167, 120, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(167, 120, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(167, 120, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 120, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 120,  
152) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 25.617, 337.102 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(167, 120, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(167,  
120, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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