

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 26.347, 236.554)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 26.347, 236.554)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 26.508, 237.041)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	448FAC
RGB	68, 143, 172
RGB Percent	27%, 56%, 67%
CMY	0.7326, 0.4386, 0.3248
CMYK	0.60, 0.17, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	197°, 43%, 47%
HSV	197°, 60%, 68%
XYZ	19.7046, 23.9124, 42.6887
YIQ	123.8810, -54.0090, -6.8810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

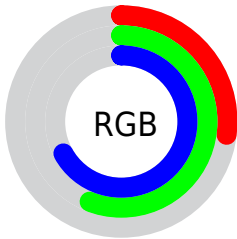
Format	Color
R _Y B	68, 112, 172
Decimal	4493228
CIE Lab	56.00, -14.42, -22.24
CIE LCh	56, 26.508, 237.041
Yxy	23.9124, 0.2283, 0.2771
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282683308 (0xFF448FAC)
YUV	123.8810, 23.7227, -49.0076
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, -13.6484, -17.5284

Details

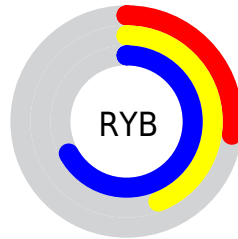
The CIELCh color **56, 26.508, 237.041** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**. A complement of this color would be **49, 40.451, 47.023**, and the grayscale version is **52, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76, 26.425, 236.165**, and **36, 25.417, 239.201** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54, 29.350, 239.847**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58, 23.152, 234.792**.

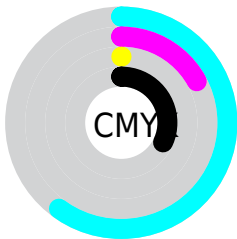
Distribution



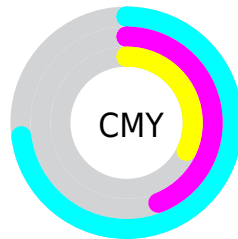
- Red (27%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (27%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (32%)





- Cyan (73%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (32%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 26.508, 237.041 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 26.508, 237.041 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 56, 26.508,
237.041


 56, 26.508,
237.041


 100, 26.508,
237.041


 46, 26.508,
237.041


 76, 26.508,
237.041

 36, 26.508,
237.041

 86, 26.508,
237.041

 26, 26.508,
237.041

 96, 26.508,
237.041

 16, 26.508,
237.041

 6, 26.508, 237.041

 0, 26.508, 237.041

■ 56, 26.508,
237.041

■ 56, 26.508,
237.041

■ 54, 29.350,
239.847

■ 58, 23.152,
234.792

■ 52, 31.698,
243.290

■ 60, 19.309,
233.011

■ 50, 33.624,
247.410

■ 63, 15.031,
231.615

■ 49, 35.278,
251.804

■ 65, 10.379,
230.533

■ 68, 5.419, 229.720

■ 70, 0.214, 231.134

■ 73, 5.183, 48.375

■ 76, 10.724, 48.030

■ 78, 16.369, 47.747

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 26.508, 237.041



49, 40.451, 47.023

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 26.508, 237.041



56, 26.508, 287.041



56, 26.508, 57.041



56, 26.508, 107.041

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 26.507, 237.040



84, 11.424, 230.342



63, 55.925, 147.009



43, 7.870, 230.605



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 26.507, 237.040



69, 36.657, 240.773



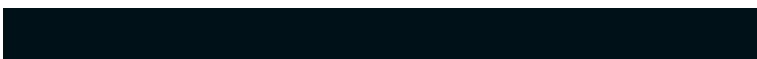
41, 48.284, 289.381



35, 2.976, 229.650



43, 31.815, 251.215



4, 6.417, 239.798

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46, 55.159, 338.115



55, 76.998, 339.466



62, 44.650, 90.906



34, 5.422, 334.028



33, 63.318, 343.047



2, 10.680, 337.096

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 26.508, 237.041 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

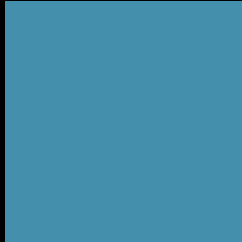
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 56, 26.508, 237.041 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 26.508, 237.041

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 26.508, 237.041.

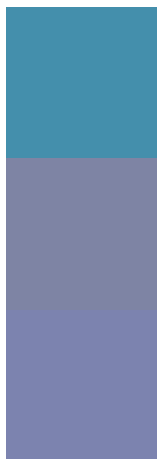


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 26.508, 237.041.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
56, 26.508, 237.041

Protanopia
56, 18.417, 285.759

Deuteranopia
56, 25.274, 287.772



Tritanopia
56, 25.605, 211.614

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 26.508, 237.041

Protanomaly
55, 20.138, 261.511

Deuteranomaly
55, 24.068, 268.247

Tritanomaly
56, 25.484, 221.543

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 26.508, 237.041

Achromatopsia
52, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
53, 11.445, 232.575

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 26.508, 237.041 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(68, 143, 172)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(68, 143, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(68, 143, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(68, 143, 172) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 26.508, 237.041 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(68, 143, 172) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(68, 143, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(68, 143, 172)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(68, 143, 172); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 143, 172);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 143,  
172) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 26.508, 237.041 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(68, 143, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(68, 143,  
172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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