

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 29.576, 154.880)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 29.576, 154.880)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 29.271, 155.301)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	599270
RGB	89, 146, 112
RGB Percent	35%, 57%, 44%
CMY	0.6504, 0.4268, 0.5602
CMYK	0.39, 0.00, 0.23, 0.43
HSL	144°, 24%, 46%
HSV	144°, 39%, 57%
XYZ	17.3718, 23.9124, 19.0740
YIQ	125.0810, -23.0580, -22.6580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

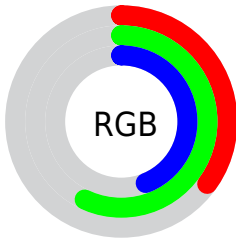
Format	Color
R _Y B	89, 130, 146
Decimal	5870192
CIE Lab	56.00, -26.59, 12.23
CIE LCh	56, 29.271, 155.301
Yxy	23.9124, 0.2878, 0.3962
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284060272 (0xFF599270)
YUV	125.0810, -6.4489, -31.6430
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, -22.1638, 11.1036

Details

The CIELCh color **56, 29.271, 155.301** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **45, 30.024, 342.059**, and the grayscale version is **53, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76, 29.079, 155.638**, and **36, 29.217, 155.054** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55, 36.335, 154.088**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57, 21.918, 156.367**.

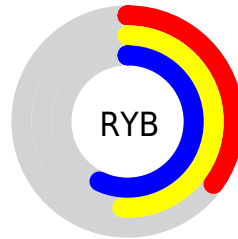
Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (57%)

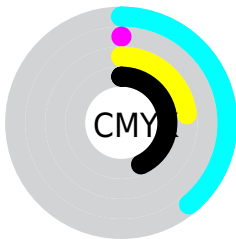
Blue (44%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (57%)

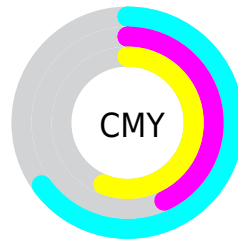


Cyan (39%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (23%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (65%)


Magenta (43%)


Yellow (56%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 29.271, 155.301 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 29.271, 155.301 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 56, 29.271,
155.301


 56, 29.271,
155.301


 100, 29.271,
155.301


 46, 29.271,
155.301


 76, 29.271,
155.301

 36, 29.271,
155.301

 86, 29.271,
155.301

 26, 29.271,
155.301

 96, 29.271,
155.301

 16, 29.271,
155.301

 6, 29.271, 155.301

 0, 29.271, 155.301

■ 56, 29.271,
155.301

■ 56, 29.271,
155.301

■ 55, 36.335,
154.088

■ 57, 21.918,
156.367

■ 54, 42.981,
152.708

■ 58, 14.395,
157.311

■ 54, 49.087,
151.142

■ 59, 6.807, 158.164

■ 53, 54.556,
149.382

■ 61, 0.757, 338.472

■ 62, 8.231, 339.491

■ 53, 59.330,
147.436

■ 64, 15.564,
340.111

■ 53, 63.495,
145.421

■ 66, 22.721,
340.667

■ 53, 63.897,
145.235

■ 67, 29.682,
341.175

■ 69, 36.434,
341.643

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 29.271, 155.301



45, 30.024, 342.059

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 29.271, 155.301



56, 29.271, 205.301



56, 29.271, 335.301



56, 29.271, 25.301

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 29.272, 155.300



75, 11.310, 157.893



58, 33.111, 123.580



40, 7.563, 157.796



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 29.272, 155.300



71, 43.458, 154.218



57, 20.287, 188.191



31, 4.313, 158.146



50, 61.009, 145.365



2, 3.769, 158.797

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45, 30.024, 342.059



55, 44.644, 343.019



44, 25.140, 15.457



29, 4.348, 339.428



29, 55.421, 352.374



1, 3.769, 338.789

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 29.271, 155.301 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 29.271, 155.301 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 29.271, 155.301

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 29.271, 155.301.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 29.271, 155.301.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
56, 29.271, 155.301

Protanopia
56, 15.849, 94.254

Deuteranopia
56, 12.624, 55.938



Tritanopia
56, 15.844, 221.744

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 29.271, 155.301

Protanomaly
56, 18.158, 128.111

Deuteranomaly
55, 11.591, 119.020

Tritanomaly
56, 17.513, 188.259

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 29.271, 155.301

Achromatopsia
52, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
54, 11.259, 156.589

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 29.271, 155.301 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 146, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 146, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 146, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 146, 112) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 29.271, 155.301 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 146, 112) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 146, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 146, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 146, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 146, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 146,  
112) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 29.271, 155.301 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 146, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 146,  
112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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