

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 29.804, 205.525)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 29.804, 205.525)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 29.798, 205.750)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	26949C
RGB	38, 148, 156
RGB Percent	15%, 58%, 61%
CMY	0.8523, 0.4204, 0.3891
CMYK	0.76, 0.05, 0.00, 0.39
HSL	184°, 61%, 38%
HSV	184°, 76%, 61%
XYZ	17.3266, 23.9124, 35.0611
YIQ	116.0220, -68.1280, -20.8320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

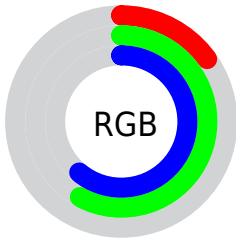
Format	Color
R_{YB}	38, 95, 156
Decimal	2528412
CIE _{Lab}	56.00, -26.84, -12.95
CIE _{LCh}	56, 29.798, 205.750
Yxy	23.9124, 0.2271, 0.3134
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280718492 (0xFF26949C)
YUV	116.0220, 19.7092, -68.4253
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, -22.3284, -8.2802




Details

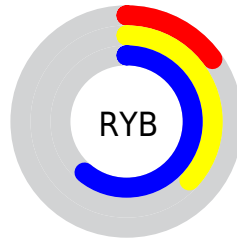
The CIELCh color **56, 29.798, 205.750** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **36, 54.779, 34.644**, and the grayscale version is **49, 0.007, 296.813**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76, 29.752, 205.732**, and **37, 23.826, 208.786** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55, 31.048, 206.446**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57, 27.840, 205.253**.

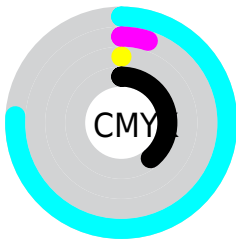
Distribution







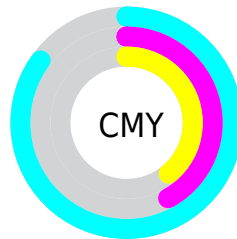
-  Red (15%)
-  Green (58%)
-  Blue (61%)






-  Red (15%)
-  Yellow (37%)
-  Blue (61%)



-  Cyan (76%)
-  Magenta (5%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (39%)





-  Cyan (85%)
-  Magenta (42%)
-  Yellow (39%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 29.798, 205.750 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 29.798, 205.750 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 56, 29.798,
205.750


 56, 29.798,
205.750


 100, 29.798,
205.750


 46, 29.798,
205.750


 76, 29.798,
205.750

 36, 29.798,
205.750

 86, 29.798,
205.750

 26, 29.798,
205.750

 96, 29.798,
205.750

 16, 29.798,
205.750

 6, 29.798, 205.750

 0, 29.798, 205.750

■ 56, 29.798,
205.750

■ 56, 29.798,
205.750

■ 55, 31.048,
206.446

■ 57, 27.840,
205.253

■ 55, 31.659,
207.355

■ 57, 25.173,
204.938

■ 55, 31.842,
207.758

■ 58, 21.832,
204.782

■ 59, 17.883,
204.762

■ 61, 13.404,
204.859

■ 62, 8.482, 205.062

■ 63, 3.203, 205.410

■ 65, 2.352, 25.387

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 29.798, 205.750



36, 54.779, 34.644

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 29.798, 205.750



56, 29.798, 255.750



56, 29.798, 25.750



56, 29.798, 75.750

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 29.797, 205.749



77, 14.844, 204.898



56, 70.959, 139.059



40, 10.233, 204.845



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 29.797, 205.749



70, 38.141, 207.056



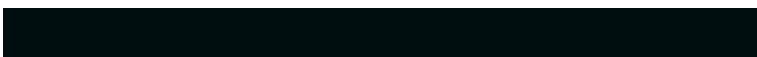
38, 42.006, 279.811



33, 3.124, 205.260



50, 29.893, 207.665



3, 4.131, 206.906

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39, 68.654, 330.230



48, 90.281, 330.845



49, 46.359, 71.931



31, 5.829, 326.803



33, 71.241, 331.061



1, 7.506, 326.752

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 56, 29.798, 205.750 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 29.798, 205.750 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

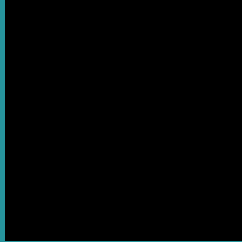
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 29.798, 205.750

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 29.798, 205.750.

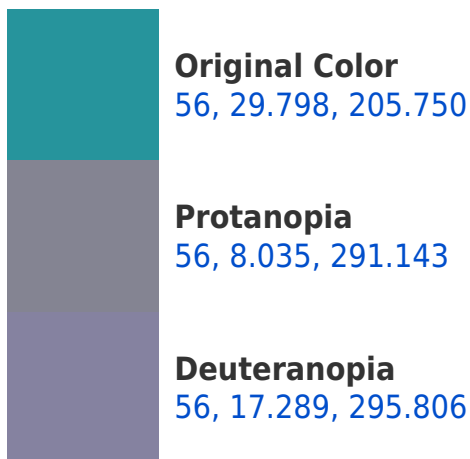


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 29.798, 205.750.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
56, 29.235, 210.683

Trichromacy



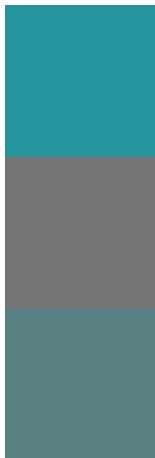
Original Color
56, 29.798, 205.750

Protanomaly
55, 15.213, 225.379

Deuteranomaly
55, 17.565, 244.969

Tritanomaly
56, 29.372, 209.426

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 29.798, 205.750

Achromatopsia
49, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
51, 14.418, 202.635

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 29.798, 205.750 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(38, 148, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(38, 148, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(38, 148, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(38, 148, 156) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 29.798, 205.750 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(38, 148, 156) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(38, 148, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(38, 148, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(38, 148, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 148, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 148,  
156) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 29.798, 205.750 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(38, 148, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(38, 148,  
156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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