

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 29.942, 350.095)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 29.942, 350.095)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 29.858, 349.860)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B37390
RGB	179, 115, 144
RGB Percent	70%, 45%, 56%
CMY	0.2974, 0.5485, 0.4347
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.20, 0.30
HSL	333°, 30%, 58%
HSV	333°, 36%, 70%
XYZ	29.8164, 23.9124, 29.4861
YIQ	137.4420, 28.8350, 22.5870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

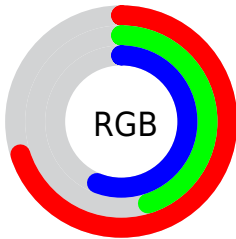
Format	Color
RYB	179, 115, 144
Decimal	11760528
CIELab	56.00, 29.39, -5.26
CIElCh	56, 29.858, 349.860
Yxy	23.9124, 0.3583, 0.2874
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289950608 (0xFFB37390)
YUV	137.4420, 3.2331, 36.4464
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, 23.2626, -1.5207

Details

The CIELCh color $56, 29.858, 349.860$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 996699 . A complement of this color would be $68, 28.276, 162.787$, and the grayscale version is $57, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $76, 29.855, 349.806$, and $36, 30.238, 349.460$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52, 38.101, 351.241$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $61, 21.399, 348.676$.

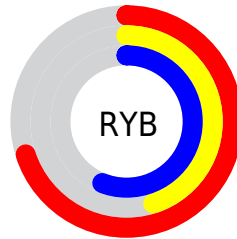
Distribution



Red (70%)

Green (45%)

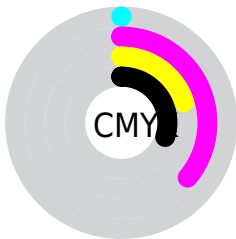
Blue (56%)



Red (70%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (56%)

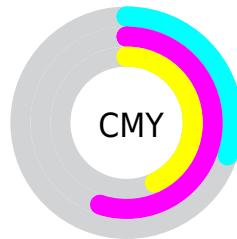


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (30%)


Magenta (55%)


Yellow (43%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 29.858, 349.860 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 29.858, 349.860 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 56, 29.858,
349.860


 56, 29.858,
349.860


 100, 29.858,
349.860


 46, 29.858,
349.860


 76, 29.858,
349.860

 36, 29.858,
349.860

 86, 29.858,
349.860

 26, 29.858,
349.860

 96, 29.858,
349.860

 16, 29.858,
349.860

 6, 29.858, 349.860

 0, 29.858, 349.860

56, 29.858,
349.860

56, 29.858,
349.860

52, 38.101,
351.241

61, 21.399,
348.676

48, 45.822,
352.885

65, 12.952,
347.632

45, 52.622,
354.896

70, 4.657, 346.661

42, 58.084,
357.406

75, 3.406, 166.034

40, 61.892, 0.582

80, 11.196,
165.206

39, 64.029, 4.571

85, 18.700,
164.506

38, 64.772, 6.396

90, 25.921,
163.870

94, 30.941,
164.817

■ 95, 28.097,
173.073

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 29.858, 349.860



68, 28.276, 162.787

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 29.858, 349.860



56, 29.858, 39.860



56, 29.858, 169.860



56, 29.858, 219.860

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 29.856, 349.862



85, 11.115, 347.190



54, 38.838, 311.901



45, 7.542, 347.319



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 29.856, 349.862



67, 44.272, 350.946



56, 26.544, 25.003



35, 4.612, 347.012



32, 57.665, 5.748



2, 10.341, 352.464

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 29.856, 349.862



67, 44.272, 350.946



68, 20.646, 201.050



35, 4.612, 347.012



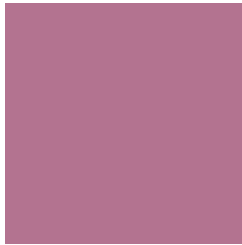
32, 57.665, 5.748



2, 10.341, 352.464

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 29.858, 349.860 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 56, 29.858, 349.860 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

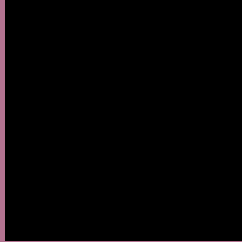
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 29.858, 349.860

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 29.858, 349.860.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 29.858, 349.860.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56, 29.858, 349.860

Protanopia

56, 12.613, 286.674

Deuteranopia

56, 7.954, 334.314



Tritanopia
56, 24.840, 10.634

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 29.858, 349.860

Protanomaly
56, 16.655, 321.900

Deuteranomaly
56, 15.910, 343.686

Tritanomaly
56, 26.250, 2.555

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 29.858, 349.860

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
57, 10.751, 348.627

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 29.858, 349.860 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 115, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 115, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 115, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 115, 144) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 29.858, 349.860 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 115, 144) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 115, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 115, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 115, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 115, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 115,  
144) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 29.858, 349.860 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 115, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
115, 144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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