

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 34.872, 190.665)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 34.872, 190.665)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 34.824, 190.526)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	019690
RGB	1, 150, 144
RGB Percent	0%, 59%, 56%
CMY	0.9966, 0.4109, 0.4344
CMYK	0.99, 0.00, 0.04, 0.41
HSL	178°, 99%, 30%
HSV	178°, 99%, 59%
XYZ	16.0052, 23.9124, 30.2481
YIQ	104.7650, -86.8780, -33.4540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

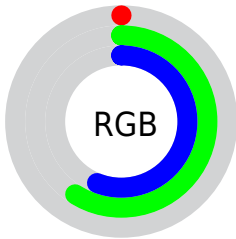
Format	Color
RYB	1, 77, 150
Decimal	104080
CIELab	56.00, -34.24, -6.36
CIElCh	56, 34.824, 190.526
Yxy	23.9124, 0.2281, 0.3408
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278294160 (0xFF019690)
YUV	104.7650, 19.3429, -91.0019
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, -27.1522, -2.4446

Details

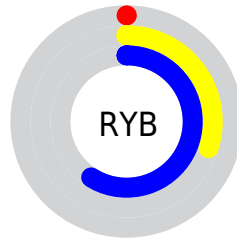
The CIELCh color **56, 34.824, 190.526** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **31, 68.166, 37.676**, and the grayscale version is **44, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76, 34.838, 190.602**, and **37, 25.647, 190.661** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56, 34.870, 190.495**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56, 33.980, 191.052**.

Distribution



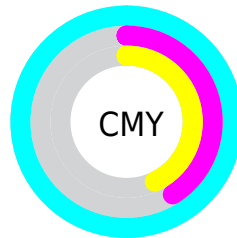
- Red (0%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (41%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (43%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 34.824, 190.526 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 34.824, 190.526 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 56, 34.824,
190.526


 56, 34.824,
190.526


 100, 34.824,
190.526


 46, 34.824,
190.526


 76, 34.824,
190.526

 36, 34.824,
190.526

 86, 34.824,
190.526

 26, 34.824,
190.526

 96, 34.824,
190.526

 16, 34.824,
190.526

 6, 34.824, 190.526

 0, 34.824, 190.526

■ 56, 34.824,
190.526

■ 56, 34.824,
190.526

■ 56, 34.870,
190.495

■ 56, 33.980,
191.052

■ 56, 32.627,
191.571

■ 57, 30.592,
192.087

■ 57, 27.855,
192.609

■ 58, 24.441,
193.145

■ 58, 20.402,
193.702

■ 59, 15.817,
194.283

■ 60, 10.772,

194.892

■ 61, 5.358, 195.549

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 34.824, 190.526



31, 68.166, 37.676

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 34.824, 190.526



56, 34.824, 240.526



56, 34.824, 10.526



56, 34.824, 60.526

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 34.824, 190.525



75, 19.978, 194.213



54, 80.270, 135.781



40, 13.544, 193.985



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 34.824, 190.525



72, 42.535, 190.378



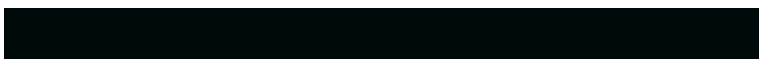
35, 43.088, 277.613



31, 3.174, 195.566



52, 32.716, 190.539



2, 2.835, 196.077

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31, 68.166, 37.676



41, 84.187, 38.507



39, 58.189, 57.398



29, 3.344, 16.633



28, 63.821, 37.321



1, 2.835, 16.061

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 34.824, 190.526 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 34.824, 190.526 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

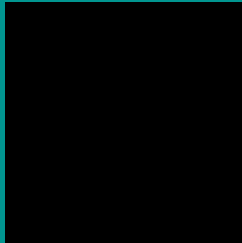
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 34.824, 190.526

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 34.824, 190.526.

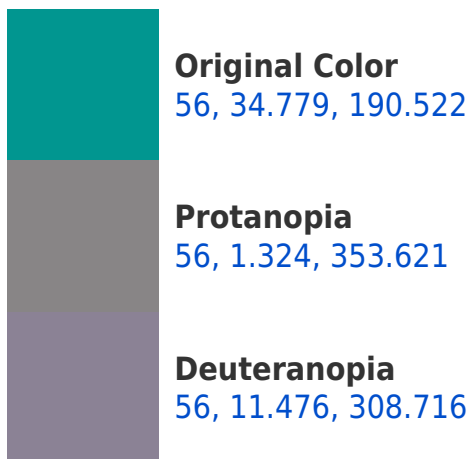



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 34.824, 190.526.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
56, 30.302, 210.099

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 34.779, 190.522

Protanomaly
54, 18.217, 195.820

Deuteranomaly
54, 17.100, 217.808

Tritanomaly
56, 31.848, 201.810

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 34.779, 190.522

Achromatopsia
44, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
47, 18.966, 193.768

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 34.824, 190.526 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 150, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 150, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 150, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 150, 144) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 34.824, 190.526 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 150, 144) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 150, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 150, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 150, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 150, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 150,  
144) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 34.824, 190.526 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 150, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 150,  
144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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