

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 36.161, 283.545)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 36.161, 283.545)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 35.832, 283.036)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E85C3
RGB	110, 133, 195
RGB Percent	43%, 52%, 76%
CMY	0.5699, 0.4796, 0.2366
CMYK	0.44, 0.32, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	224°, 41%, 60%
HSV	224°, 44%, 76%
XYZ	24.5504, 23.9124, 54.7573
YIQ	133.1910, -33.6100, 14.4060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

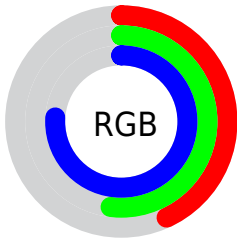
Format	Color
R_{YB}	110, 128, 195
Decimal	7243203
CIE Lab	56.00, 8.08, -34.91
CIE LCh	56, 35.832, 283.036
Yxy	23.9124, 0.2378, 0.2317
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285433283 (0xFF6E85C3)
YUV	133.1910, 30.4718, -20.3385
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, 4.0404, -32.1612

Details

The CIELCh color `56, 35.832, 283.036` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `6699CC`. A complement of this color would be `71, 34.885, 90.326`, and the grayscale version is `55, 0.007, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `76, 35.863, 283.095`, and `36, 35.723, 282.925` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `51, 44.629, 285.474`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `61, 27.281, 280.932`.

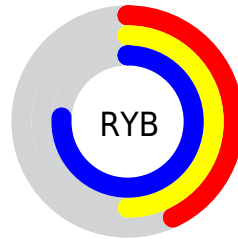
Distribution



Red (43%)

Green (52%)

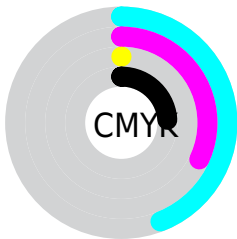
Blue (76%)



Red (43%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (76%)

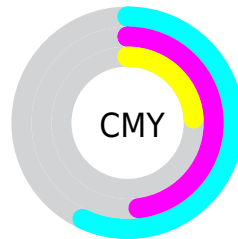


Cyan (44%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (57%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 35.832, 283.036 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 35.832, 283.036 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56, 35.832,
283.036

■ 56, 35.832,
283.036

■ 100, 35.832,
283.036

■ 46, 35.832,
283.036

■ 76, 35.832,
283.036

■ 36, 35.832,
283.036

■ 86, 35.832,
283.036

■ 26, 35.832,
283.036

■ 96, 35.832,
283.036

■ 16, 35.832,
283.036

■ 6, 35.832, 283.036

■ 0, 35.832, 283.036

56, 35.832,
283.036

56, 35.832,
283.036

51, 44.629,
285.474

61, 27.281,
280.932

46, 53.702,
288.255

66, 18.950,
279.128

41, 63.053,
291.343

72, 10.818,
277.589

37, 72.605,
294.631

77, 2.871, 276.312

82, 4.901, 95.060

33, 82.097,
297.926

87, 12.503, 94.093

31, 87.887,
299.838

92, 19.939, 93.234

97, 26.396,
100.890

99, 30.389,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 35.832, 283.036



71, 34.885, 90.326

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 35.832, 283.036



56, 35.832, 333.036



56, 35.832, 103.036



56, 35.832, 153.036

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 35.831, 283.036



91, 12.711, 277.525



73, 31.776, 172.602



48, 8.989, 277.848



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 35.831, 283.036



66, 53.350, 285.255



51, 49.849, 302.454



38, 4.454, 277.003



25, 75.155, 299.378



3, 15.859, 282.481

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 36.411, 3.545



67, 53.674, 5.410



76, 44.983, 115.783



38, 4.456, 358.839



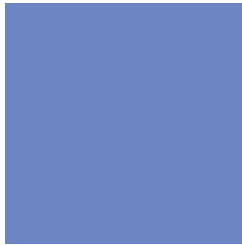
33, 62.750, 23.032



3, 14.507, 4.955

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 35.832, 283.036 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

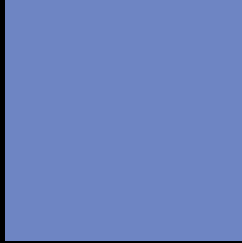
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 56, 35.832, 283.036 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

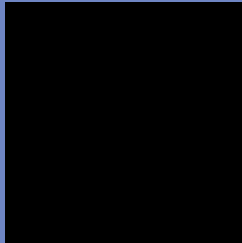
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

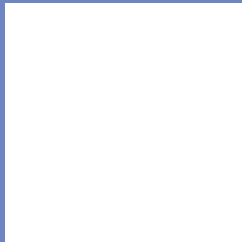
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 35.832, 283.036

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 35.832, 283.036.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 35.832, 283.036.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


56, 35.832, 283.036

Protanopia

56, 35.678, 285.338

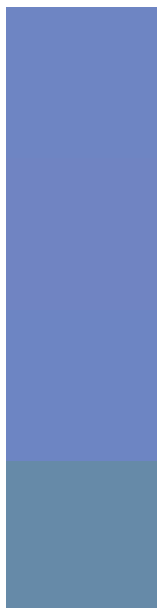
Deuteranopia

56, 35.877, 282.596



Tritanopia
56, 15.844, 221.744

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 35.832, 283.036

Protanomaly
56, 35.753, 284.425

Deuteranomaly
56, 35.877, 282.596

Tritanomaly
56, 20.394, 256.701

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 35.832, 283.036

Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
56, 12.870, 278.666

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 35.832, 283.036 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 133, 195)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 133, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 133, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 133, 195) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 35.832, 283.036 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 133, 195) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 133, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 133, 195)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 133, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 133, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 133,  
195) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 35.832, 283.036 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 133, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110,  
133, 195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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