

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 37.416, 342.075)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 37.416, 342.075)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 37.227, 342.341)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B96F9B
RGB	185, 111, 155
RGB Percent	73%, 44%, 61%
CMY	0.2760, 0.5661, 0.3936
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.16, 0.28
HSL	324°, 34%, 58%
HSV	324°, 40%, 72%
XYZ	31.4463, 23.9124, 33.8082
YIQ	138.1420, 29.9800, 29.3720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

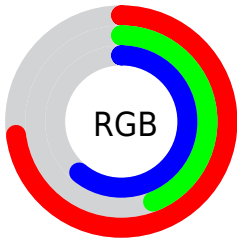
Format	Color
R_{YB}	185, 111, 155
Decimal	12152731
CIE _{Lab}	56.00, 35.47, -11.29
CIE _{LCh}	56, 37.227, 342.341
Y _{xy}	23.9124, 0.3527, 0.2682
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290342811 (0xFFB96F9B)
YUV	138.1420, 8.3110, 41.0945
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, 29.2124, -6.7611

Details

The CIELCh color $56, 37.227, 342.341$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `CC6699`. A complement of this color would be $69, 36.259, 155.178$, and the grayscale version is $57, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $76, 37.009, 342.514$, and $36, 37.095, 342.118$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52, 45.930, 343.469$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $60, 28.029, 341.343$.

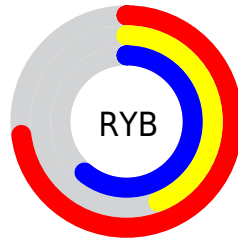
Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (44%)

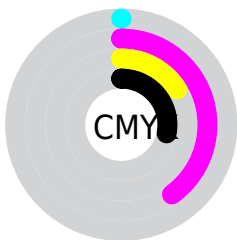
Blue (61%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (61%)

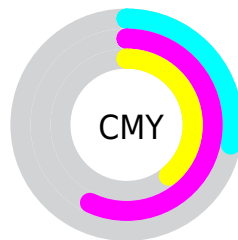


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (28%)


Magenta (57%)


Yellow (39%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 37.227, 342.341 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 37.227, 342.341 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 56, 37.227,
342.341


 56, 37.227,
342.341


 100, 37.227,
342.341


 46, 37.227,
342.341


 76, 37.227,
342.341

 36, 37.227,
342.341

 86, 37.227,
342.341

 26, 37.227,
342.341

 96, 37.227,
342.341

 16, 37.227,
342.341

 6, 37.227, 342.341

 0, 37.227, 342.341

56, 37.227,
342.341

56, 37.227,
342.341

52, 45.930,
343.469

60, 28.029,
341.343

48, 53.748,
344.772

65, 18.644,
340.440

45, 60.215,
346.319

70, 9.279, 339.603

43, 64.889,
348.205

75, 0.066, 333.521

80, 8.919, 158.230


41, 67.494,
350.548

85, 17.635,
157.563

40, 68.405,
353.353

90, 26.068,
156.953

95, 32.276,
157.370

 95, 29.703,
162.745

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 37.227, 342.341



69, 36.259, 155.178

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 37.227, 342.341



56, 37.227, 32.341



56, 37.227, 162.341



56, 37.227, 212.341

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 37.224, 342.342



87, 13.705, 339.778



52, 44.113, 307.850



45, 9.095, 339.884



97, 0.011, 296.813



50, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 37.224, 342.342



67, 54.566, 343.317



55, 31.382, 15.759



36, 5.196, 339.543



34, 60.412, 352.897



3, 12.963, 345.321

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 37.224, 342.342



67, 54.566, 343.317



70, 25.044, 188.047



36, 5.196, 339.543



34, 60.412, 352.897



3, 12.963, 345.321

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 37.227, 342.341 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

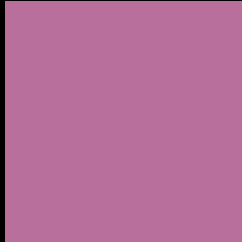
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 37.227, 342.341 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

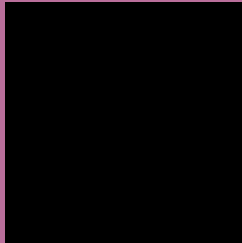
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 37.227, 342.341

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 37.227, 342.341.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 37.227, 342.341.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56, 37.227, 342.341

Protanopia

56, 21.251, 286.124

Deuteranopia

56, 12.006, 307.918



Tritanopia
56, 27.393, 12.121

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 37.227, 342.341

Protanomaly
56, 23.889, 312.315

Deuteranomaly
56, 20.196, 329.220

Tritanomaly
56, 29.830, 358.651

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 37.227, 342.341

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
57, 13.989, 340.296

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 37.227, 342.341 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(185, 111, 155)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(185, 111, 155)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(185, 111, 155) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(185, 111, 155) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 37.227, 342.341 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(185, 111, 155) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(185, 111, 155) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(185, 111, 155)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(185, 111, 155); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 111, 155);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 111,  
155) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 37.227, 342.341 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(185, 111, 155) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(185,  
111, 155) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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