

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 38.221, 304.087)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 38.221, 304.087)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 37.918, 303.931)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8F7CBD
RGB	143, 124, 189
RGB Percent	56%, 49%, 74%
CMY	0.4394, 0.5139, 0.2590
CMYK	0.24, 0.34, 0.00, 0.26
HSL	258°, 33%, 61%
HSV	258°, 34%, 74%
XYZ	27.7026, 23.9124, 51.2731
YIQ	137.0910, -9.5410, 24.2430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

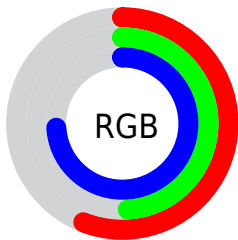
Format	Color
RYB	143, 124, 189
Decimal	9403581
CIELab	56.00, 21.17, -31.46
CIELCh	56, 37.918, 303.931
Yxy	23.9124, 0.2692, 0.2324
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287593661 (0xFF8F7CBD)
YUV	137.0910, 25.5911, 5.1822
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, 15.5466, -27.9367

Details

The CIELCh color $56, 37.918, 303.931$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666699 . A complement of this color would be $74, 35.334, 119.508$, and the grayscale version is $57, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $76, 37.976, 303.853$, and $36, 37.700, 303.924$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $50, 49.704, 304.818$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $62, 26.440, 303.122$.

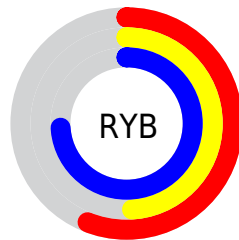
Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (49%)

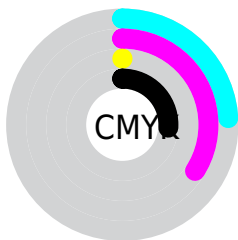
Blue (74%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (74%)

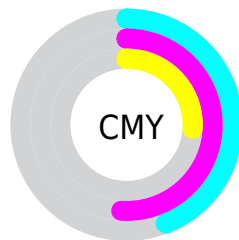


Cyan (24%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (44%)


Magenta (51%)


Yellow (26%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 37.918, 303.931 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 37.918, 303.931 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 56, 37.918,
303.931


 56, 37.918,
303.931


 100, 37.918,
303.931


 46, 37.918,
303.931


 76, 37.918,
303.931


 36, 37.918,
303.931

 86, 37.918,
303.931

 26, 37.918,
303.931

 96, 37.918,
303.931

 16, 37.918,
303.931

 6, 37.918, 303.931

 0, 37.918, 303.931

56, 37.918,
303.931

56, 37.918,
303.931

50, 49.704,
304.818

62, 26.440,
303.122

44, 61.658,
305.757

68, 15.331,
302.398

39, 73.482,
306.692

74, 4.605, 301.756

34, 84.613,
307.524

80, 5.744, 121.218

30, 94.145,
308.100

86, 15.731,
120.731

27, 100.940,
308.238

92, 25.376,
120.314

25, 103.810,
308.214

97, 34.028,
119.447

98, 33.296,
110.970

 99, 33.228,
107.648

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 37.918, 303.931



74, 35.334, 119.508

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 37.918, 303.931



56, 37.918, 353.931



56, 37.918, 123.931



56, 37.918, 173.931

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 37.917, 303.931



89, 13.045, 302.117



67, 18.102, 232.784



46, 8.918, 302.209



98, 0.011, 296.813



51, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 37.917, 303.931



66, 56.419, 304.568



59, 40.827, 319.802



37, 5.976, 302.065



20, 90.837, 308.334



1, 17.656, 298.725

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 35.202, 336.457



72, 51.472, 337.060



72, 40.148, 136.501



37, 5.760, 334.571



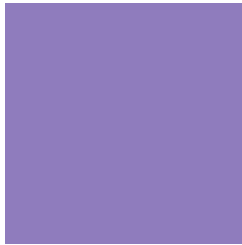
35, 65.044, 344.071



3, 16.188, 339.356

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 37.918, 303.931 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

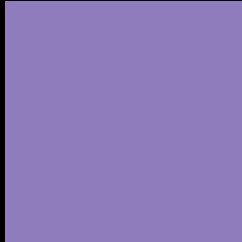
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 56, 37.918, 303.931 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

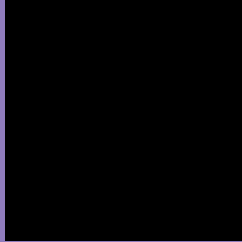
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 37.918, 303.931

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 37.918, 303.931.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 37.918, 303.931.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


56, 37.918, 303.931

Protanopia

56, 36.791, 285.792

Deuteranopia

56, 31.152, 283.773



Tritanopia
56, 6.363, 297.830

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 37.918, 303.931

Protanomaly
56, 36.645, 292.392

Deuteranomaly
56, 33.205, 291.761

Tritanomaly
56, 17.512, 301.775

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 37.918, 303.931

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
56, 14.032, 302.428

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 37.918, 303.931 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 124, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 124, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 124, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 124, 189) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 37.918, 303.931 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 124, 189) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 124, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(143, 124, 189)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 124, 189); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 124, 189);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 124,  
189) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 37.918, 303.931 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 124, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
124, 189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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