

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 39.008, 24.210)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 39.008, 24.210) contains.

CIELCh(56, 39.008, 24.210)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(56, 39.008, 24.210)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C66C6C
RGB	198, 108, 108
RGB Percent	78%, 42%, 42%
CMY	0.2224, 0.5754, 0.5755
CMYK	0.00, 0.45, 0.45, 0.22
HSL	0°, 44%, 60%
HSV	0°, 45%, 78%
XYZ	31.4748, 23.9124, 17.2126
YIQ	134.9100, 53.6400, 19.0800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

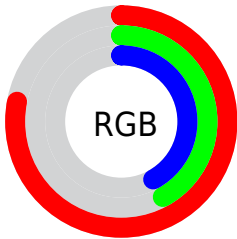
Format	Color
R_{YB}	198, 108, 108
Decimal	13003884
CIE Lab	56.00, 35.58, 16.00
CIE LCh	56, 39.008, 24.210
Yxy	23.9124, 0.4335, 0.3294
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291193964 (0xFFC66C6C)
YUV	134.9100, -13.2666, 55.3299
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, 29.3163, 13.3605

Details

The CIELCh color **56, 39.008, 24.210** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **75, 28.159, 197.344**, and the grayscale version is **56, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76, 38.045, 24.454**, and **36, 38.987, 24.212** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52, 48.925, 26.299**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61, 29.424, 22.611**.

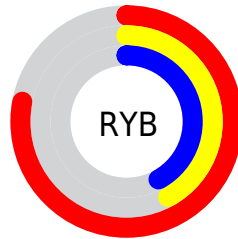
Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (42%)

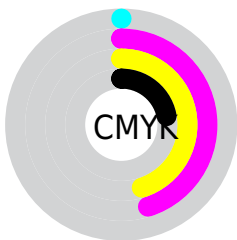
Blue (42%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (42%)

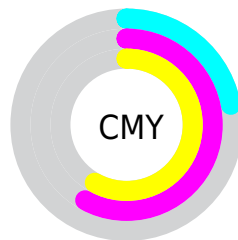


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (45%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 39.008, 24.210 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 39.008, 24.210 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56, 39.008, 24.210

■ 56, 39.008, 24.210

■ 100, 39.008,
24.210

■ 46, 39.008, 24.210

■ 76, 39.008, 24.210

■ 36, 39.008, 24.210

■ 86, 39.008, 24.210

■ 26, 39.008, 24.210

■ 96, 39.008, 24.210

■ 16, 39.008, 24.210

■ 6, 39.008, 24.210

■ 0, 39.008, 24.210

■ 56, 39.008, 24.210

■ 56, 39.008, 24.210

■ 52, 48.925, 26.299

■ 61, 29.424, 22.611

■ 48, 58.913, 28.964

■ 66, 20.353, 21.381

45, 68.597, 32.214

71, 11.874, 20.426

43, 77.385, 35.779

77, 4.008, 19.611

42, 84.003, 38.796

83, 3.268, 199.351

41, 86.530, 40.002

88, 9.999, 198.793

94, 16.241,
198.416

96, 18.621,
198.275

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 39.008, 24.210



75, 28.159, 197.344

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 39.008, 24.210



56, 39.008, 74.210



56, 39.008, 204.210



56, 39.008, 254.210

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 39.006, 24.213



90, 13.169, 20.325



59, 58.144, 326.823



47, 9.170, 20.511



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 39.006, 24.213



66, 58.395, 26.157



67, 32.051, 69.766



39, 4.278, 19.936



34, 74.642, 39.779



3, 15.883, 19.414

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75, 28.159, 197.344



93, 39.002, 197.049



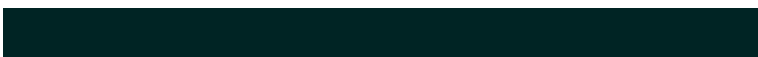
62, 28.127, 263.618



41, 4.034, 198.994



61, 35.880, 196.412



12, 12.981, 196.407

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 39.008, 24.210 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 56, 39.008, 24.210 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 39.008, 24.210

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 39.008, 24.210.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 39.008, 24.210.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56, 39.008, 24.210

Protanopia

56, 7.798, 90.854

Deuteranopia

56, 18.783, 66.354



Tritanopia
56, 39.124, 17.942

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 39.008, 24.210

Protanomaly
56, 16.218, 39.192

Deuteranomaly
56, 24.591, 41.690

Tritanomaly
56, 39.274, 19.571

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 39.008, 24.210

Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
55, 13.648, 20.875

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 39.008, 24.210 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 108, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 108, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 108, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 108, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 39.008, 24.210 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 108, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 108, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 108, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 108, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 108, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 108,  
108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 39.008, 24.210 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 108, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
108, 108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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