

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 4.869, 249.084)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 4.869, 249.084) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 4.976, 253.081)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7F878E
RGB	127, 135, 142
RGB Percent	50%, 53%, 56%
CMY	0.5008, 0.4694, 0.4419
CMYK	0.11, 0.05, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	208°, 6%, 53%
HSV	208°, 11%, 56%
XYZ	22.4114, 23.9124, 29.1484
YIQ	133.4060, -7.0150, 0.4810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

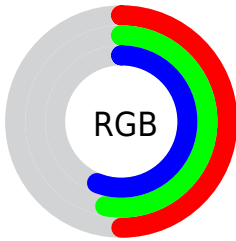
Format	Color
R_{YB}	127, 132, 142
Decimal	8357774
CIE _{Lab}	56.00, -1.45, -4.76
CIE _{LCh}	56, 4.976, 253.081
Yxy	23.9124, 0.2969, 0.3168
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286547854 (0xFF7F878E)
YUV	133.4060, 4.2368, -5.6181
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, -3.7678, -1.1112

Details

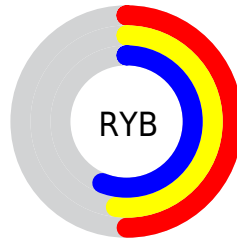
The CIELCh color $56, 4.976, 253.081$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $57, 5.126, 70.456$, and the grayscale version is $56, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $76, 5.135, 256.532$, and $36, 5.135, 257.364$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $53, 9.614, 254.499$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $59, 0.263, 252.935$.

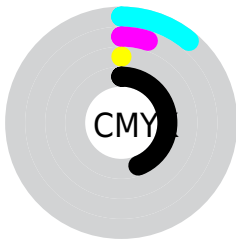
Distribution



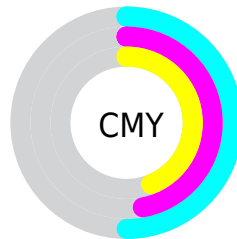
- Red (50%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 4.976, 253.081 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 4.976, 253.081 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56, 4.976, 253.081 ■ 56, 4.976, 253.081

■ 100, 4.976, 253.081 ■ 46, 4.976, 253.081

■ 76, 4.976, 253.081 ■ 36, 4.976, 253.081

■ 86, 4.976, 253.081 ■ 26, 4.976, 253.081

■ 96, 4.976, 253.081 ■ 16, 4.976, 253.081

■ 6, 4.976, 253.081

■ 0, 4.976, 253.081

■ 56, 4.976, 253.081 ■ 56, 4.976, 253.081

■ 53, 9.614, 254.499 ■ 59, 0.263, 252.935

■ 50, 14.157, ■ 62, 4.501, 70.653

256.232

65, 9.297, 69.793

47, 18.582,
258.305

68, 14.109, 69.034

44, 22.874,
260.777

71, 18.921, 68.371

42, 27.031,
263.703

74, 23.722, 67.791

39, 31.070,
267.124

80, 33.258, 66.826

37, 35.037,
271.037

83, 37.864, 66.597

34, 39.004,
275.375

32, 42.870,
279.506

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 4.976, 253.081



57, 5.126, 70.456

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 4.976, 253.081



56, 4.976, 303.081



56, 4.976, 73.081



56, 4.976, 123.081

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 4.975, 253.065



74, 1.776, 252.271



58, 7.540, 160.269



39, 1.355, 252.320



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 4.975, 253.065



71, 7.621, 253.429



54, 8.226, 289.210



29, 2.675, 252.894



30, 41.109, 279.259



1, 1.819, 251.719

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55, 7.536, 342.682



69, 11.602, 342.919



59, 8.051, 107.075



28, 4.041, 342.565



28, 53.425, 357.773



1, 2.702, 341.888

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 4.976, 253.081 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

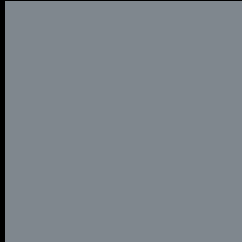
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 4.976, 253.081 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

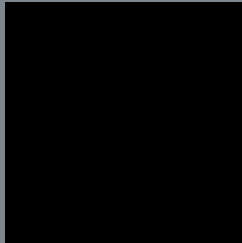
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

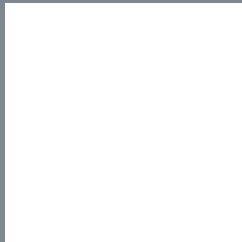
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 4.976, 253.081

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 4.976, 253.081.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 4.976, 253.081.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56, 4.976, 253.081

Protanopia

56, 4.610, 295.525

Deuteranopia

56, 9.040, 324.902



Tritanopia
56, 6.249, 265.916

Trichromacy



Original Color

56, 4.976, 253.081

Protanomaly

56, 4.071, 279.800

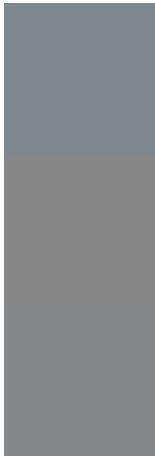
Deuteranomaly

56, 6.622, 307.800

Tritanomaly

56, 5.740, 263.371

Monochromacy



Original Color

56, 4.976, 253.081

Achromatopsia

56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

56, 1.878, 265.984

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 4.976, 253.081 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 135, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 135, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 135, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 135, 142) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 4.976, 253.081 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 135, 142) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 135, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 135, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 135, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 135, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 135,  
142) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 4.976, 253.081 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 135, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
135, 142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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