

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 40.632, 28.287)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 40.632, 28.287) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 40.645, 28.150)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C86C67
RGB	200, 108, 103
RGB Percent	78%, 42%, 40%
CMY	0.2165, 0.5772, 0.5968
CMYK	0.00, 0.46, 0.49, 0.22
HSL	3°, 47%, 59%
HSV	3°, 49%, 78%
XYZ	31.5459, 23.9124, 15.7388
YIQ	134.9380, 56.4370, 17.9490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

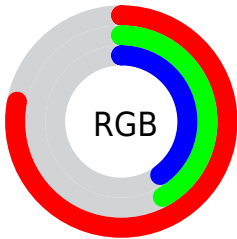
Format	Color
R_{YB}	200, 108, 103
Decimal	13134951
CIE _{Lab}	56.00, 35.84, 19.18
CIE _{LCh}	56, 40.645, 28.150
Yxy	23.9124, 0.4431, 0.3359
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291325031 (0xFFC86C67)
YUV	134.9380, -15.7454, 57.0594
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, 29.5757, 15.1475

Details

The CIELCh color **56, 40.645, 28.150** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **74, 28.229, 202.901**, and the grayscale version is **56, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76, 38.693, 28.282**, and **36, 40.411, 28.456** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52, 50.532, 30.001**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61, 31.149, 26.737**.

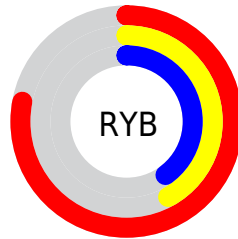
Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (42%)

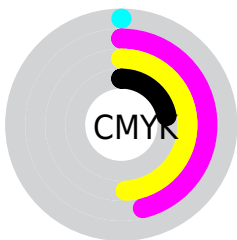
Blue (40%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (40%)

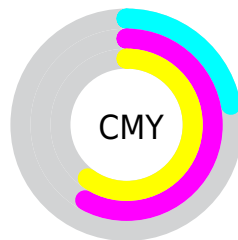


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (49%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 40.645, 28.150 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 40.645, 28.150 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56, 40.645, 28.150

■ 56, 40.645, 28.150

■ 100, 40.645,
28.150

■ 46, 40.645, 28.150

■ 76, 40.645, 28.150

■ 36, 40.645, 28.150

■ 86, 40.645, 28.150

■ 26, 40.645, 28.150

■ 96, 40.645, 28.150

■ 16, 40.645, 28.150

■ 6, 40.645, 28.150

■ 0, 40.645, 28.150

■ 56, 40.645, 28.150

■ 56, 40.645, 28.150

■ 52, 50.532, 30.001

■ 61, 31.149, 26.737

■ 48, 60.570, 32.337

■ 66, 22.196, 25.667

 45, 70.354, 35.101

 71, 13.852, 24.859

 43, 79.111, 37.923


 76, 6.125, 24.220


 42, 85.486, 40.104

 81, 1.011, 204.427

 42, 86.330, 40.492

 87, 7.602, 203.632

 92, 13.702,
203.369

 96, 18.165,
198.303

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 40.645, 28.150



74, 28.229, 202.901

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 40.645, 28.150



56, 40.645, 78.150



56, 40.645, 208.150



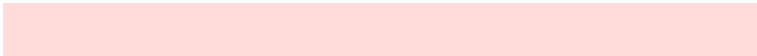
56, 40.645, 258.150

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 40.643, 28.154



90, 13.484, 24.634



58, 60.113, 328.460



47, 9.280, 24.777



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 40.643, 28.154



65, 61.090, 30.065



67, 35.356, 74.263



39, 4.069, 24.272



34, 73.942, 40.461



4, 15.383, 22.168

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74, 28.229, 202.901



90, 38.683, 202.989



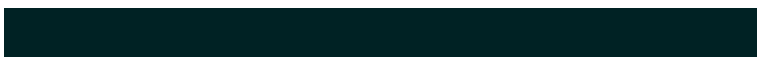
60, 32.147, 269.739



41, 3.832, 203.673



58, 33.538, 204.870



11, 12.300, 202.888

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 40.645, 28.150 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

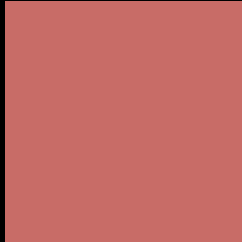
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 40.645, 28.150 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

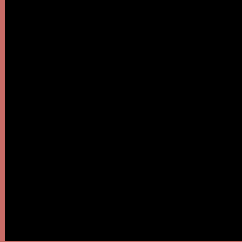
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 40.645, 28.150

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 40.645, 28.150.

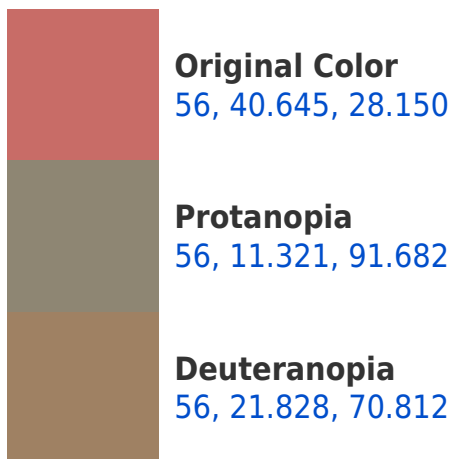


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 40.645, 28.150.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
56, 40.436, 18.366

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 40.645, 28.150

Protanomaly
55, 18.519, 44.359

Deuteranomaly
56, 26.812, 47.640

Tritanomaly
56, 40.418, 22.146

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 40.645, 28.150

Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
56, 14.211, 25.473

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 40.645, 28.150 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 108, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 108, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 108, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 108, 103) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 40.645, 28.150 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 108, 103) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 108, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 108, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 108, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 108, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 108,  
103) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 40.645, 28.150 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 108, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
108, 103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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