

Converting Colors

CIELCh(56, 41.030, 137.943)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(56, 41.030, 137.943)
contains.

CIELCh(56, 40.841, 137.929)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(56, 40.841, 137.929)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5E9355
RGB	94, 147, 85
RGB Percent	37%, 58%, 33%
CMY	0.6313, 0.4234, 0.6666
CMYK	0.36, 0.00, 0.42, 0.42
HSL	111°, 27%, 46%
HSV	111°, 42%, 58%
XYZ	16.6968, 23.9124, 12.3346
YIQ	124.0850, -11.6860, -30.5180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

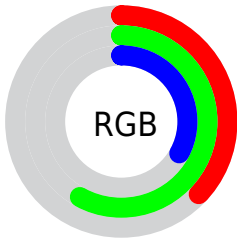
Format	Color
RYB	85, 147, 138
Decimal	6198101
CIELab	56.00, -30.32, 27.37
CIELCh	56, 40.841, 137.929
Yxy	23.9124, 0.3154, 0.4517
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284388181 (0xFF5E9355)
YUV	124.0850, -19.2689, -26.3845
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, -24.6276, 19.2750

Details

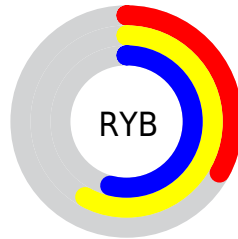
The CIELCh color $56, 40.841, 137.929$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669966 . A complement of this color would be $44, 41.298, 322.282$, and the grayscale version is $52, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $76, 40.312, 137.930$, and $36, 41.025, 138.018$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $55, 49.947, 137.179$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $57, 31.327, 138.637$.

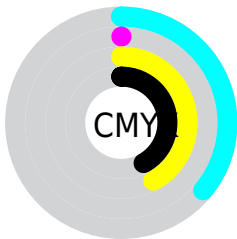
Distribution



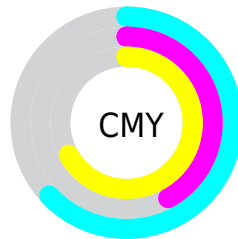
- Red (37%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (54%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Black (42%)





- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (67%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 40.841, 137.929 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 40.841, 137.929 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 56, 40.841,
137.929


 56, 40.841,
137.929


 100, 40.841,
137.929


 46, 40.841,
137.929


 76, 40.841,
137.929

 36, 40.841,
137.929

 86, 40.841,
137.929

 26, 40.841,
137.929

 96, 40.841,
137.929

 16, 40.841,
137.929

 6, 40.841, 137.929

 0, 40.841, 137.929

■ 56, 40.841,
137.929

■ 56, 40.841,
137.929

■ 55, 49.947,
137.179

■ 57, 31.327,
138.637

■ 54, 58.377,
136.431

■ 58, 21.603,
139.278

■ 54, 65.799,
135.766

■ 59, 11.820,
139.850

■ 53, 71.819,
135.297

■ 61, 2.090, 140.412

■ 62, 7.507, 320.728

■ 53, 76.073,
135.141

■ 64, 16.916,
321.106

■ 53, 78.447,
135.077

■ 65, 26.101,
321.421

■ 67, 35.042,
321.688

■ 69, 43.727,
321.914

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 40.841, 137.929



44, 41.298, 322.282

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 40.841, 137.929



56, 40.841, 187.929



56, 40.841, 317.929



56, 40.841, 7.929

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 40.842, 137.930



75, 15.652, 139.791



57, 29.793, 98.633



40, 11.049, 139.678



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 40.842, 137.930



70, 60.514, 137.188



56, 33.088, 152.646



31, 5.503, 140.008



50, 74.743, 135.029



2, 4.799, 140.426

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44, 41.298, 322.282



53, 61.195, 322.642



45, 33.671, 339.705



29, 5.526, 320.820



29, 73.909, 322.799



1, 4.799, 320.422

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 40.841, 137.929 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 56, 40.841, 137.929 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

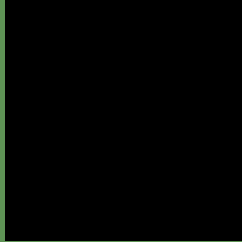
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 40.841, 137.929

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 40.841, 137.929.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 40.841, 137.929.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
56, 40.841, 137.929

Protanopia
56, 30.820, 96.352

Deuteranopia
56, 26.742, 74.863



Tritanopia
56, 13.287, 229.815

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 40.841, 137.929

Protanomaly
56, 32.211, 115.746

Deuteranomaly
55, 26.472, 105.984

Tritanomaly
56, 17.531, 168.330

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 40.841, 137.929

Achromatopsia
52, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
53, 14.888, 139.856

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 40.841, 137.929 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 147, 85)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 147, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 147, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 147, 85) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 40.841, 137.929 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 147, 85) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 147, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(94, 147, 85)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 147, 85); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 147, 85);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 147,  
85) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 40.841, 137.929 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 147, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 147,  
85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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